Newport Mercury.

THE OLDEST PAPER IN AMERICA. ESTABLISHED BY FRANKLIN 1758.

VOLUME CXXXIV—No. 21. NEWPORT, R. I., OCTOBER 31, 1891. WHOLE NUMBER 6,937.

The Newport Mercury,

—PUBLISHED BY—

JOHN P. SANBORN,

182 THAMES STREET,

NEWPORT, R. I.

THE NEWPORT MERCURY was established in June, 1758, and is now in its one hundred and thirty-fourth year. It is the oldest newspaper in the Union, and, with less than half a dozen exceptions, the oldest printed in the English language. It is a large quarto weekly of fifty-six columns filled with interesting reading—editorial, State, local and general news, well selected miscellany and valuable farmers' and household departments.—Reaching so many households in this and other States, the limited space given to advertising is very valuable to tradesmen.

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Societies Occupying Mercury Hall.

GEN. NATHANIEL GREENE COUNCIL No. 8, Order United American Mechanics, R. C. Bachelier, Councillor; W. H. C. Johnson, Recording Secretary; meets 1st and 3d Monday evenings.

COGGESHALL COMMANDERY No. 79, People's Five Year Benefit Order, John J. Peckham, Commander, David Stevens, Secretary; meets 2d and 4th Monday evenings in each month.

EXCELSIOR LODGE No. 40, I. O. of O. F., A. B. Sayer, Noble Grand; Fred. Greene, Secretary; meets every Tuesday evening.

PLYMOUTH ROCK TENT No. 38, Helping Hand Order, Simeon Hazard, Guide; Joseph T. Perry, Secretary; meets 1st and 3d Wednesday evenings in each month.

THE NEWPORT HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY, A. K. McMahon, President; James Galvin, Secretary; meets 2d and 4th Wednesday evenings of each month.

MALBONE LODGE No 93, N. E. O. P., John J. Peckham, Warden; James H. Goddard, Secretary; meets 1st and 3d Thursday evenings in each month.

NEWPORT COUNCIL No. 65, American Fraternal Circle, James H. Comstock, Chancellor, Geo. A. Pritchard, Secretary; meets 2nd and 4th Thursday evenings in each month.

MERCURY LODGE No. 105, Mutual One Year Benefit Order, Geo. A. Pritchard, President; James H. Comstock, Secretary; meets 2d and 4th Thursday evenings in each month.

REDWOOD LODGE No 11, K. of P., Fred. W. Williamson, Chancellor Commander; Thomas Loudon, Keeper of Records and Seals; meets every Friday evening.

Local Matters.

New Engine House for No. 6 Co.

The new fire station for Hose Company No. 6 is rapidly nearing completion, and Captain Sullivan and his men are rejoicing over the prospect of so soon having a home of their own. Always having been hived up in a little "seven-by-nine" shed which the city leased for the purpose, they feel that they will be able to appreciate their new and commodious quarters

The new house is of brick with stone trimmings and will be fitted up with all the requirements of a modern engine house. On the first floor will be the engine room proper, 25x30 feet; a stable, 18x21 feet, with two stalls, and a work room, 8x12 feet. In the second story will be a hall or sitting room, 25x25 feet; two sleeping rooms, 8x11 feet each; a bath-room, 6x8 feet, and a hay loft, 8x18 feet.

There is a large octagon tower on the southeast corner of the building, and in this tower the fire alarm bell so long located on the Fountain lot, so called, on Holland street, has been placed. The bell weighs 2000 pounds, and was successfully moved from its old location to its new position by Capt. Logan.

Councilman McCormick, the contractor, has taken special interest in the work from the fact that the location is in his ward and the members of the company are his constituents, and the building is universally acknowledged to be the best engine house in the city.

It was a false alarm rung in from box 34 just before 3 o'clock Tuesday morning, there being no fire or evidence of fire. The firemen and citizens generally were considerably incensed at being called out at such an unseasonable hour, and chief engineer Cozzens and the police organized an investigation, and Thursday Charles E. Harris acknowledged having pulled the box and paid a fine of $10 and cost.

Yesterday was an important day with Mr. Clarke H. Burdick of the firm of Clark H. Burdick & Co and his many friends helped him to celebrate it. It was his 70th birthday and the 50th anniversary of his starting in the business which he has since followed.

The Young Men's Republican Club are going to have a combination pool-billiard table for amusement during the long winter evenings. The club will have the election returns Tuesday night.

Mr. D. W. Sheehan is going to put up a three-story building on his purchase at the rear of the City Hall. The work of tearing down the old building has already been begun.

Messrs. Caswell, Massey & Co. have closed their Casino store for the winter.

Miss Edith S. Whitehead, of Swansea, Mass., is visiting Miss Etta M. Arnold.

The Channing Statue.

Mr. W. Clark Noble, the sculptor, is formulating his ideas and plans for the Channing statue, but will not start the mechanical work before spring when he will give it his entire attention and hasten its completion. He wants to get the Burns monument and some other work which he has promised out of the way before he begins upon what is believed will be his master piece.—the reproduction of William Ellery Channing in bronze.

The location selected for this statue is especially appropriate, being upon our principal public park and almost directly opposite that other memorial to the distinguished divine, The Channing Memorial church.

The total height of the statue will be 10 feet. The figure itself will be eight feet, six inches in height and stand upon a four-inch bronze plinth, the whole resting upon a pedestal of blue Quincy granite 10 feet 2 inches in height. The sculptor's present idea is to represent the great preacher as standing erect with the right hand in the act of turning the leaves of a book held in the left hand.

Sheep Killing by Dogs.

The sheep pen in Middletown belonging to Messrs. Coggeshall Bros., of this city, has been twice entered by dogs within a week, and several sheep killed. Saturday night four were killed and ten maimed and Thursday night six were killed and twelve maimed. Just how the dogs got at the sheep is not known, as they are kept nights within an enclosure twelve or fourteen feet high and on top of this high fence are two courses of barbed wire. The only solution to the mystery is that either the man whose duty it is to see that these sheep are securely locked within the enclosure every night failed to secure the gate or else some miscreant loosened the gate afterwards, for neither the dogs nor the sheep could get over the fence.

The Chrysanthemum Show.

The Newport Horticultural Society will hold their annual chrysanthemum exhibition at Masonic Hall on the 10th, 11th and 12th of next month, and the indications are that it will be the finest exhibition of the kind ever given in this state. The list of premiums is large and includes several special prizes of good value. The entries do not close until next Tuesday, but enough have already been received to guarantee a fine display.

The estate just purchased by Mr. Hermann Oelrichs is less than one quarter of a tract of land purchased by the late George Bancroft in 1851. For the original tract, which comprised seventeen acres, Mr. Bancroft paid $8,886.56. Within about a year from the date of his purchase Mr. Bancroft had old about thirteen acres for $10,831.37, and the remaining four acres, or a little less, respresents Mr. Oelrichs' purchase which brought in the neighborhood of $150,000.

The Newport Water Works Company have filed a certificate in the Supreme Court condemning lands in Middletown for the proposed new reservoir. The land to be condemned is in various parcels, belonging to Hon. Melville Bull, the Henry Battey estate, the town, Mr. William Bailey, Mr. David Coggeshall, Mr. A. M. Kimber and the Island Savings Bank, and aggregate about 67½ acres. The official notice will be found on the 8th page of this paper.

About fifty of the naval apprentices stationed on the U. S. S. Portsmouth have been granted a ten days' leave of absence, as is customary after a long cruise, and a draft of seventy-five have been sent to New York for detail to the several cruisers now being fitted out for foreign cruising. The Portsmouth will receive her crew for the winter cruise from the Richmond.

Manager Stevens of the Newport County Creamery Company has called a meeting of the stockholders for next Tuesday afternoon at the creamery in Portsmouth. It is probable that a public meeting, to be addressed by prominent speakers from abroad, will be arranged for our farmers at an early day, when the subject of dairy work may be discussed in an interesting and profitable manner.

Rev. E. H. Porter, rector of Emmanuel church, and Messrs. Wm. P. Clarke, John M. Taylor, John Nicholas Brown, A. K. McMahon and W. H. Sherman attended the meeting of the Churchman's Club in Providence Tuesdry night.

Mr. G. H. Blakeslee, son of Rev. F. D. Blakeslee, D. D., of East Greenwich Academy, has been awarded one of the Seney scholarships, for the junior class, at Wesleyan University, Middletown, Conn.

As a result of the recent hearings before Major Livermore, U. S. E. C., upon the question, the government has decided to demand that the draw at the Stone bridge, in Tiverton, be widened to 100 feet.

A Prisoner of War.

We shall begin next week the publication in the MERCURY of a most thrilling narrative of the capture and escape from a rebel prison in the war of the rebellion. The story is told in a most graphic manner by a well-known writer. It describes his weeks of suffering and privation as well as many amusing scenes in his search for liberty. The thrilling adventures and hairbreadth escapes read more like fiction than the plain solid facts. Nevertheless, every word is vouched for as the truth, and the narrative will be read with increasing interest each week.

Complimentary.

The Lisbon, North Dakota, Star, speaking of a concert given in that city, says: "Prof. Mathers played a cornet solo in his fine style and the audience was so highly entertained that it refused to let the Prof. leave the stage, but kept on insisting for more solos until he was nearly tired out. Lisbon has musical talent second to no city in the state."

The fourteenth annual entertainment in aid of the charity fund of Boston Lodge of Benevolent Protective Order of Elks, will take place at the Boston Theatre on Thursday afternoon, Dec. 3. The attractions which have already been secured in that city and New York warrant the committee in announcing that the bill on this occasion will be the strongest ever offered at an Elk's benefit in Boston.

It is understood that Mr. Hermann Oelrichs, the purchaser of the Bancroft estate on the Cliffs, will, at an early date, replace the present buildings, which are old-fashioned, with a modern structure of the class of fine villas recently adopted as the standard for Newport.

The funeral of Mr. Michael Butler, of Perry street, whose death was announced in last week's MERCURY, was solemnized at St. Mary's church Monday morning. A solemn mass of requiem was sung by Rev. Dr. Grace, with Rev. Father Luby as deacon, and Rev. Father Tully as sub-deacon.

The Newport and Wickford Company will enter upon their winter arrangements next Monday, when the late trips out and early trips in of the Eolus will be discontinued. The boat will make her last 11:15 P. M. trip to-night. To-day is also the last of the 1:30 trip.

A large bird called a garnet has attracted considerable attention at Col. Rogers' music store this week. It was shot near Sachuest Point by Mr. W. H. Sherman and measured nearly six feet from tip to tip of its wings.

The pupils of the public schools have been given a vacation since Wednesday of this week to allow the teachers to attend the forty-seventh annual meeting of the Rhode Island Institute of Instruction in Providence.

As the time approaches when the new city government will take possession of affairs the number of candidates for each office increases rapidly. It looks now as if there would be at least a dozen applicants for each office to be filled.

The Woman's Relief Corps of Charles E. Lawton Post, No. 5, G. A. R., was inspected Monday night by State officers. A collation followed the inspection.

The first meeting for the winter of the Ministers' Union was held on Monday, with a good attendance. The topic of the meeting was a general discussion on methods of church work.

Grand Chancellor F. W. Taylor and his board of grand officers of the Grand Lodge, Knights of Pythias, made an official visitation to Redwood Lodge last night.

Col. Wm. A. Stedman, superintendent of the consolidated gas companies of St. Louis, Mo., has been in town this week. Mrs. Stedman will continue her visit here for a while longer.

It is estimated that Thames street can be widened fifteen feet from Commercial wharf to Long wharf for less than $200,000.

The patrons of the Old Colony road will remember that the train formerly leaving here at 10:20 A. M., now leaves at 10:15 A. M. instead.

Mr. James Gordon Bennett, of the New York Herald, is again at his New York office after an absence in Europe of about three years.

In the absence of Rev. Mr. Emerson last Sunday, the pulpit of the United Congregational Church was occupied by Rev. Richard Arnold Greene.

The marriage of Mr. Leander K. Carr, of the Observer, and Miss Abbie, daughter of City Sergeant W. H. Westcott, is fixed for the 15th proximo.

A High School class has been organized in connection with the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium, which will meet afternoons.

The 24th of next month will be the fiftieth anniversary of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. T. Downing, and as such will be appropriately observed.

Street Car Changes.

Patrons of the Newport Street Railroad will notice that there are some changes in the time table that goes into effect next Monday. The cars will leave the One Mile corner for the postoffice every twenty minutes the same as now. But the car that leaves the Mile Corner at 8:40, 9:40, 10:40 and so on up to 8:40 P. M. will run to the Beach or to Cliff avenue instead of the even hour as now. This same car will leave the postoffice on the even hour for Cliff avenue up to 8 P. M. The even hour trip to Morton Park will be omitted from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M. The cars will return from Morton Park at 10 minutes before the hour and thirty minutes past the hour. That is to say, there will be three trips every hour each way on the Broadway portion of the route the same as now. There will be two trips every hour each way on the Morton Park end, and one trip each way on the Beach route.

The election in Ohio attracts national attention. In 1888 Harrison received 416,054 votes, and Cleveland 396,455. In 1889 Foraker, Republican candidate for governor, had 368,551, and Campbell, the present governor, had 379,423 or 17,000 less than Cleveland in 1888. Last year the Republican candidate for Secretary of State received 363,548 votes to 352,579 for his Democratic competitor, and 23,837 for a Prohibition candidate. This year McKinley will have substantially the full Republican vote, while Campbell is not solid with his party, and the alliance men are drawing mainly from the Democrats, whatever may be their strength. Indications favor a substantial Republican victory in the election of McKinley for governor and John Sherman for Senator.

Many of our readers will remember a "blind" organ grinder that was around here considerable time this last summer. He was a large, able bodied looking man, but he ground away on his organ industriously day after day with his glassy eyes turned upon the crowd. Evidently the climate of Newport must have agreed with him, for when he went from Newport he took the train and was discovered in the smoker by some one who knew him diligently reading a daily paper.

Major William R. Livermore, the government engineer in charge of the work being done in this vicinity, has been relieved, and Capt. William H. Bixby has been ordered from Wilmington, N. C., to succeed him. Major Livermore has been transferred to the department having headquarters in Boston. Capt. Bixby is described as one of the brightest men in the engineer department. Major Livermore has made many friends during his stay here.

The funeral of Mr. John Hopkins, who died at his residence on Aquidneck street Sunday, was solemnized Wednesday afternoon. Rev. W. A. Luce, of the First M. E. church, officiated, the choir of the church rendering several appropriate selections, and Mayor Coggeshall, Col. J. W. Horton, Mr. Parker H. Thurston and Mr. Henry C. Bachelier were the pall bearers.

A meeting of the Home Mission societies of the Providence district of the New England Southern Conference of the Methodist Episcopal church will be held at the First Church in this city on Tuesday, Nov. 10. Services of interest will be held both afternoon and evening.

The Old Homestead at the Boston Theatre is having a phenomenal run. The house is crowded every night, people coming from all parts of New England. It is a play that merits success. It will remain one month longer, and then go to New York for the winter.

It seems that several of the famous brood mares sold at the recent Belmont sale were bought for Mr. August Belmont, Jr., who, it is understood, will start a new breeding stud on the same plan as that of his late father.

The Boys' Club in the Fifth ward was opened for the winter Monday night. The members will have hot coffee when they desire it, a lady friend of the institution having donated $100 for that purpose.

Some half-dozen horses have died here within the past week. The rumor that they had been poisoned was frequently heard on the street Thursday, but it was without foundation as the deaths were from natural causes.

Mrs. E. G. Hartshorn has rented her stone cottage on Wellington avenue for next season to Mr. Theo. T. Moran, of New York. Mr. Moran occupied the cottage last season.

The government tug Triana, recently lost off Cuttyhunk, has been replaced at the Torpedo station by the steam tug Fortune, late of the Brooklyn navy yard.

The base ball championship pennants, offered by Mr. J. H. Martin, will be awarded this evening. The Mutuals are the winners.

Mr. James B. Townsend, of New York, has been at the Gilbert cottage on Bellevue avenue this week.

Real Estate Sales and Rentals.

Clark H. Burdick and others have sold 4000 square feet of land on Houston avenue to James J. and Joanna Donovan for $1, etc.

The heirs of the late George Bancroft have sold the estate on the Cliffs known as Rose Cliff, including buildings and about 112,000 square feet of land, to Hermann Oelrich, of New York.

A. P. Baker has sold for the estate of the late Chas. H. Russell 5900 square feet of land on the north side of Webster street, being lot No 61 on the plat, to James H. Sharkey for $750.

Michael and Kate Whiley have sold about 1900 square feet of land with buildings on Bachelder's court to Owen and Ann Greelish for $1200.

S. W. Pomeroy and wife have quitclaimed their interest in the estate at the corner of Parker avenue and Lefroy place to David King.

A. Prescott Baker has sold for John Feeney a lot of land, measuring 35x60 feet, and the cottage thereon, situated at No 22 Connection street, to Patrick J. and Ellen Kelleher.

Messrs. Whipple & Derby have sold for Mr. Anson Phelps Stokes the property generally known as Tammany Hill, to Mr. H. E. Hartwell, of New York. The property comprises over thirty acres of land and is the highest point of land in Newport.

Judge Geo. M. Carpenter in the U. S. Circuit Court on Monday, in the case of John N. A. Griswold vs. Rowland G. Hazard et al., ordered decree entered ordering that the respondents and each of them be and they are perpetually enjoined and restrained from prosecuting any such action or proceeding against the complainant, on the bonds executed by him on the 24th day of August, 1868, as one of the sureties of Thomas C. Durant, and that the said complainant recover of said respondents the costs of this suit in said Supreme Court, and in this court. Samuel R. Honey for complainant; Walter F. Angell for respondents.

The first entertainment of the Pastime Entertainment Course was given Monday evening and was a decided success. Mr. Macy's selections, especially those of the dialect order, were exceptionally well rendered, as were also Master Cormier's selections on the cornet. Miss Capen's whistling solos were the feature of the concert and were rendered in a manner that showed marked musical ability, as were also Miss Low's executions on the piano. The next entertainment in the course will be Rev. O. P. Gifford's lecture on "The Problem of Life," on November 9.

Mr. Wm. B. Groff, one of our best known boat builders, has been put to a great deal of trouble and expense first and last by disreputable persons. During the past summer he had several boats stolen, and last Saturday night the sails of his boats lying at his dock on Long wharf were cut to pieces and completely ruined. It is to be hoped that the miscreants will be caught and made an example of.

Arrangements for the official trials of the Howell torpedo are being made. The non-official tests of this implement have been such as to almost insure success at the official trials and there is little doubt that both the Howell and the Patrick torpedoes will be accepted by the government.

The funeral of Mr. Edward Kerley, who died Tuesday, took place at the Union Congregational church Wednesday and was attended by the Star of the East Lodge, of which the deceased was a member, in a body. Rev. M. Van Horne, pastor of the church, officiated.

The marriage of Mr. Elisha Dyer, Jr. of Providence, and Mrs. S. T. Swan of Baltimore, will be celebrated at All Saints' Memorial chapel in this city next Thursday, Rt. Rev. Thomas M. Clark, bishop of the diocese, performing the ceremony.

Charles H. Burdick & Co. are making further improvements to some of the farm buildings at Oakland, Mr. Cornelius Vanderbilt's farm in Portsmouth.

Manager I. B. Bergman of the Newport One Price Clothing Company has been housed this week with a severe cold which had settled on his lungs.

Schooner Geo. E. Vernon is now at Savannah loading lumber for Spain. The schooner weathered the storm of two weeks ago in good shape.

E. R. Short, late station agent for the Old Colony Company at Tiverton, has made the shortage in his accounts good and will not be prosecuted.

Commander Longnecker, U. S. N., has been detached from the schoolship Richmond and placed on waiting orders.

Mr. D. T. Pinniger is making improvements to his recent purchase, the Geo. Mumford Hazard cottage, on Broadway.

Mr. C. E. Spooner is having an addition built to his cottage on Bay View avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Hitchcock, Jr., nee Eustis, have gone abroad.

THE HEART FIRE CLUB.

Extracts from Their Records.

Presented by JAMES C. SWAN.

(Continued.)

1828. Dec. 27th. At the annual meeting held at the house of Miss Betsey Perry (Washington Square), George Turner, moderator. The Treasurer, Mr. John Stevens, made his report of amount in his hands, which together with what was collected at this time, amounted to $12.11, which was deducted from the amount of the bills of the day. The club then partook of an excellent dinner, and paid eighty-five cents each and broke up in harmony.

NATHANIEL SWEET, Sec'y.

1831. Jan 1st. At the annual meeting held at the house of Miss Betsey Perry, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Jonathan T. Almy, captain; George Knowles, Lieutenant; Geo. W. Ellery, Treasurer; James Atkinson, Secretary, Pro Tem: The committee appointed to inspect the Buckets and flags, reported they were all in good order. Three Bags were sold at the following prices, 20c, 37½ cents and 25 cents, total 82½ cents—and went towards paying for the dinner.

James Horswell tendered his resignation, which was granted. The captain gave the Watchword for the ensuing year—The word was Winter: The club on this occasion partook of an excellent dinner, and according to the best recollection of the pro tem Secretary, broke up well—gratified with the proceedings of the day.

JAMES ATKINSON, Sec. pro tem.

1831. Sep. 10th. At a meeting held at the house of Jonathan T. Almy, captain of this club, at half past 7 o'clock, Wm. James Tilley, moderator. The roll was then called, and the following members were fined for absence, viz. Dutee J. Pearce, Thomas G. Brown, George Turner, Benjamin Marshall, Wm. Ennis, and Thomas R. Miles: Capt. Peleg Eldred was propounded.

Each member present paid 10 cents towards settling arrearages incurred at the annual dinner in January last, which was handed over to Mr. Almy. The amount collected was ninety cents. —Mr. John J. Allan did not contribute (by consent and wish of the club.)

Mr. John J. Allan addressed the moderator in substance as follows: "He rose for the purpose of mentioning *one thing* to the society. He had frequently heard his father (our late venerable captain) say, that "he was sorry to see the society dwindling away as it appeared to be. He was willing to do all that *he* could to keep the society up, and would contribute as much as any one towards it; he considered it one of the most respectable and useful societies he ever belonged to, and thought it ought to be more encouraged. But he was afraid the club had become too much of a frolicking society, Mr. Allan was *also* of the opinion that we frolicked too much, We meet at the members' houses, he observed, and frequently put them to considerable expense. We have met twice, of late, at Mr. Almy's and have been treated very liberally: This frolicking so much, he thought, was expensive, and injurious to the prospects of the society".

Our aged brother, Thomas Coggeshall, observed, "shall we not have the privilege of laughing and joking, and enjoying ourselves in a social way? He liked to see a little frolicking as Mr. Allan called it. This treating was a voluntary thing altogether, and for his part, he never had any disposition to complain about that—it was always very agreeable to him, for he liked to see the members enjoy themselves. He had belonged to the club a great many years and was convinced that it was one of the best and most useful societies he knew of—was sorry as any other member that it had dwindled away to so few, but could not believe that frolicking was the cause of it. He was the oldest member now living, and should stick to the last."

Mr. Tilley (the moderator) said, "the society never ought to be given up—he never would quit it as long as there was a man left—he considered it a very useful society indeed. When he was away from home, he had often thought of the benefits he should derive from this club in case of fire—he felt in a great measure, secure, knowing in whose hands his property would be deposited should his house take fire in his absence."

Mr. Ellery was ready to do anything to keep the club together—"He was even, willing to dissolve and begin again if that would do any good.—As for frolicking, he thought a little now and then, rather tended to cement it more firmly together."

Mr. Knowles "thought one large fire would convince every one of the utility of the club."

The members generally took part in the debate, all evincing a disposition to promote the future welfare of the club.

Notwithstanding the good and wholesome advice we received from brother Allan, with regard to frolicking, he very generously invited the club to come to his house on Saturday evening next; and also requested brother Geo. Wanton Ellery to be on the alert on the morning of that day, and procure from 10 to 15 lbs. of good fresh Bass, (of the naval ent,) for the purpose of pickeling for the evening's entertainment. The meeting soon after adjourned by passing a unanimous vote to appear accordingly at Mr. Allan's on Saturday evening next, at half past 6 o'clock.

JAMES ATKINSON, Sec.

1831. Sept. 17th, Saturday evening. The club met at the house of Mr. Allan according to the invitation given at Mr. Almy's, and fared well. The secretary was not present, but understood that nothing was wanting except the Bass.

JAMES ATKINSON, Sec.

1831. Dec. 24th. Saturday evening. The club met at the house of Wm. James Tilley, Capt. Geo. Knowles was appointed chairman. A committe was appointed to provide the annual dinner to be held on Saturday, Dec. 31, at 1 o'clock, at Miss Elizabeth Perry's; At this meeting Mr. Tilley gave a handsome and acceptable treat to the club, and the members passed a very pleasant and agreeable evening.

JAMES ATKINSON, Sec.

1831. Dec. 31st. At the annual meeting held at the house of Miss Betsey Perry, (Washington Square) for the choice of officers, and in pursuance of a vote passed at a previous meeting, to partake of a dinner to be expressly prepared for this occasion, William Ennis, Esq., was chosen chairman for the day: Lieut. Horatio N. Tracy, of the U. S. revenue cutter Vigilant, was propounded by Geo. W. Ellery, and admitted: Wm. Ennis paid 50 cents for fines. Samuel Brown paid 25 cents and asked for a dismission: left his Bag for the benefit of the club, which was afterwards sold for 50 cents: The following persons were elected officers for the year ensuing, viz. Jonathan T. Almy, captain; Geo. Knowles, Lieutenant; Geo. W. Ellery, Treasurer; James Atkinson, Secretary: The watchword given by the captain for the next year was "Poland." No further business appearing before the club, the members, at 2 o'clock, partook of a most excellent dinner. A number of toasts were drunk; and the club, although somewhat diminished, enjoyed themselves as well as on any former occasion.

JAMES ATKINSON, Sec.

1832. Jan. 12th. At the annual meeting held at the house of Miss Betsey Perry, at 12 o'clock. Wm. Ennis was chosen moderator. Edward F. Newton and Erastus P. Allan were admitted to membership. The business being disposed of, the members partook of a sumptuous dinner, and adjourned at the usual hour.

JAMES ATKINSON, Sec.

1833. Dec. 28th. At a meeting held at the house of Wm. James Tilley, Wm. Ennis, moderator. It was voted to have the annual dinner. Jonathan T. Almy and Geo. W. Ellery were appointed a committee to see to the dinner; also to invite Mr. George M. Friend and Mr. William Wall, vocalists, to dine with the club on that occasion: The club having disposed of their business, partook of an excellent colation prepared by Mr. Tilley, and afterwards broke up in their usual good order and at a seasonable hour.

JAMES ATKINSON, Sec.

1833. Dec. 31st. At the annual meeting held at the house of Miss Betsey Perry, George Knowles, moderator. "Temperance," was the watchword for the ensuing year: The club dined at 2 o'clock. This dinner was worthy of the highest praise—the acknowledged enviable reputation of the good Landlady was well sustained: The club also took supper at the usual hour in the evening and then adjourned with all imaginable *good feeling*.

JAMES ATKINSON, Sec.

1834. Dec. 22d. At a special meeting held at the house of Capt. Jonathan T. Almy, George W. Ellery, moderator. The reading of the back minutes was then called for, and just as the Secretary had commenced, the cry of "Fire" was heard, and the club in great confusion left the house. The fire proving to be nothing more than the burning of Rev. Ephraim K. Avery's effigy, the members soon reassembled and proceeded to business. On motion, it was voted to have the annual dinner: The captain treated the company in good style, and the business having been disposed of the club adjourned.

JAMES ATKINSON, Sec.

1834. Jan. 3d. At the annual meeting held at the house of Miss Betsey Perry, David M. Coggeshall, moderator. The following gentlemen were elected officers for the year ensuing. George Knowles, Captain; William Vars, Lieutenant; Wm. James Tilley, Treasurer; Erastus P. Allan, Secretary. At this stage of the proceedings, dinner was announced, and the members immediately obeyed the summons, and acted well their part as on all former occasions. The dinner being over, the club shortly returned to the chamber and held their usual *sitting*.

JAMES ATKINSON, Ex Sec.

(To be continued.)

CITY BRIEFS.

Jottings of Newport and Newporters.

All Halloween to-night.

Mr. Philip Rider is convalescent.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Leavitt have gone to Europe.

Mr. O. K. Johnson will spend the winter in the South.

Councilman James Obenshaw has been in Tuxedo this week.

Mr. David King has been at his Bellevue avenue cottage this week.

Hon. T. Mumford Seabury has returned from his European trip.

Mr. J. M. Brooks, the East Boston ship builder, was in town Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Sidney B. Gladding have returned from their Southern trip.

The City Council will hold its regular monthly meeting next Tuesday evening.

The annual Halloween ball of Clan McGregor took place at Odd Fellows' Hall last evening.

Mr. Geo. Babcock Hazard, it is said, now contemplates building a church for Rev. Father Coyle.

Mr. Achilles Stevens is building a small two-story addition to his cottage on Bay View avenue.

Mr. O. H. P. Belmont has been in town this week. He sails for Europe today from New York.

Newport had a touch of cold weather this week, ice of considerable thickness forming Wednesday night.

Miss Kate D. Knowles, the newly appointed deputy at the postoffice, has returned from her vacation.

Successful raids on several kitchen bar-rooms, so called, on Long wharf, were made by the police Tuesday.

Capt. F. J. Higginson, U. S. N. formerly in command at the naval training station, has been in town this week.

The Bible readings given by Miss Tobey, the Evangelist, this week have been well attended and highly interesting.

Col. and Madame Jerome N. Bonaparte are back at their Washington residence after an absence of several years abroad.

Poetry.

An Astronomical Wooing.

BY CORNELIA W. NOOLBARY.

The Sun, one evening, wrote the Moon:
"If you could only know
How longingly I've gazed upon
Your loveliness! and so
I write to ask if you would like
To meet me some fair day,
Or evening, as you may suggest,
Beside the Milky Way;
There I would tell you of my love,
How great is my respect.
May I not hope for some return?
Oh, dear Miss Moon, reflect!
(Should your reply be mailed at noon,
By two o'clock, or one,
I'd get it here to-morrow night.)
Devotedly, your
Sun."

Next evening, after twilight, he
Received a dainty note,
With silver crest. 'Twas from the Moon,
And this is what she wrote:
"Dear Sir, your favor's just received,
I've read it through with care;
Indeed, I willingly accept,
And yet, I do not dare
Beside the starry Milky Way
To meet you all alone,
Unless I can, 'twixt now and then,
Provide a chaperon.
Perhaps our friend, kind Mrs. Earth,
Would go with me. If you
Think best to write to her (for this
I hardly like to do);
And if you hear that she consents,
We'll meet you very soon.
Till then, believe me, Mr. Sun,
Your faithful
Honey Moon."

The Sun agreed to this. Next day
He wrote the Earth, and said:
"For many years I've loved Miss Moon,
And now I would be wed.
I want a chance to plead my suit,
And there is, let me say,
A most convenient place for this
Quite near the Milky Way.
I've written, telling her my wish,
But I am in despair,
For she will not consent to come
Unless you will be there.
Dear Mother Earth, this favor I
Would ask of you to-day;
Please call for her and meet me there;
Now, do say 'yes,' I pray!
On any evening you may set,
I'll be there, just at nine.
So do not fail, for much depends
On this. Your friend,
Sun Shine."

"Dear Mr. Sun I write to say—
Although you surely know—
How pleased I'd be to help you, and
How gladly would I go
To chaperon my friend, Miss Moon;
But would suggest that you
Decide upon another place
To have the interview.
The Milky Way is too far off,
Let's meet this side of Mars.
For otherwise we both might lose
Our way among the stars.)
So, promptly at the hour of nine
This evening, I'll agree
To be there with Miss Honey Moon.
Your old friend,
Mother E."

The Moon was fifty minutes late,
And twilight had begun,
When she, escorted by the Earth,
Set out to join the Sun.
They had not travelled far before
They met him face to face.
(The Earth, beside the radiant pair,
Felt sadly out of place.)
"Allow me, friends," she said to them,
And quickly stepped between,
"To introduce you." But the Moon
Was nowhere to be seen.

They waited patiently for years;
And though the Earth had said
The Sun would see the Moon again,
They had no chance to wed.
For every time they planned to meet,
The Earth would interfere;
And suddenly, without a word,
The Moon would disappear!

But when, one day, the smiling Sun
Shone overhead, the Moon
Was walking, with the Earth, that way,
And saw him there at noon.
Ah! here was just the chance they sought;
As she was going past,
The Moon stepped slyly in between,
And met the Sun at last.
—In Harper's Young People.

Selected Tale.

THE CURATE'S BETROTHED.

The Rev. Wilfred Bishop, Curate of St. Peter's, Northborough, sat over his untasted breakfast, with a very miserable, anxious expression on his face. He held in his hand a letter, which had reached him by that morning's post, and which caused him considerable agitation. It was a very short one, dated from an address in Northborough, and signed with a feminine name; the gist of it was a request to him to call on the writer of the note "at his earliest convenience." In fact there was nothing else whatever in it; and anyone not acquainted with the full circumstances would have been at a loss to understand the Reverend Wilfrid's perturbation. But the following explanation will make the reason of it more clear. The note came from a young woman, by name Amy Snook, who a few years since, when the Rev. Wilfrid was living at home, had been his mother's maid. At that time she was blessed with a pretty face and taking manners, and the young man, leading a very quiet life at home, and seeing very few girls of his own station, had entertained a boyish passion for her. To do him justice, there was nothing wrong in his intentions. He would never have wronged a young woman, even had she permitted him; and this she would certainly not have done, for though a trifle "flighty," she was, on the whole, a respectable and well-behaved girl. Before this love affair had lasted long enough for the young man to tire of it, Amy Snook had quitted his mother's service; and after she was gone, the young man had been imprudent enough, in the heat of his youthful passion, to write her several endearing letters. These were merely boyish effusions, stuffed with such extravagant nonsense as might be expected of a good-hearted youth of twenty-two who was foolish enough to fall in love with a lady's maid. But, though they contained nothing exactly of a compromising nature, the recollection of having written such sentimental stuff was quite enough to make the author of them blush with shame when he reached the years of discretion. Indeed, the Rev. Wilfrid had, for some time after writing them, been decidedly uneasy about those letters, lest they should ever crop up against him in the future. But when a couple of years passed, and he neither heard nor saw anything of his quondam love, he had persuaded himself that she had forgotten all about him, and that to fear annoyance from her was quite unreasonable.

The apparently harmless note, then, showing not merely that she had not forgotten him, but that she was actually present in Northborough, gave him a great shock. What was the woman's object in having followed him there? The riddle was easy to read. Doubtless she had retained those letters and meant to make capital out of them. Certainly—so far as his memory served him—there was nothing in them to give her an actual hold upon him. Still he shrank with a sense of tingling shame from the prospect of their being shown to any of his Northborough acquaintances, among whom he had won himself the reputation of being unusually pious and "proper." Besides, there was one person especially through whom she might strike at him, namely, Miss Isabel Harding, his rector's daughter, to whom he was just engaged. And the very thought of his former flirtation with a servant maid being ruthlessly laid bare before the eyes of his simple-hearted, refined fiance, sent a cold shudder right down the luckless curate's back.

The woman, Snook, would probably demand money. His resources were not large, but he would willingly give her all he had at his disposal, if she would only hand over those six—he knew the exact number well—fatal letters.

His chief fear was that she would make a demand beyond his means. For, in that case, he would be at his wits' end. However, it was useless speculating on her intentions. His best course was to go and see her at once—that very morning—and discover exactly what she wanted. True, he shrank from the interview. But he must face it some time, and the sooner the better.

Acting on this resolve, he took his hat and umbrella directly after breakfast and started off, with a pale face and troubled mind to call upon Amy Snook. Just as he rang the bell of the house where the woman was lodging, somebody came hastily out of the door, ran right into the curate, and nearly knocked him backwards. Recovering from his momentary astonishment, the Rev. Wilfrid at once recognized the man who had come in collision with him. It was Charley Deverill, a young solicitor in town, whom he knew very well indeed. They had not always been very good friends, owing to the fact that they had both been aspirants to Isabel Harding's hand. But when the young lady had finally decided in favor of the curate, Deverill had accepted his defeat with good grace, and had ever since been very affable toward his successful rival. Just now, however, he seemed a trifle embarrassed by the meeting and apologized profusely for his awkwardness in causing the collision. Then he hurried away, saying that he had very pressing business to attend to.

"I wonder what he has been here for?" thought the curate. "It cannot have anything to do with—pshaw! what foolish thoughts do get into one's head when one is nervous. I—"

But here his reflections were cut short by the appearance of the landlady, of whom he inquired for Miss Amy Snook, and by whom he was at once shown up to that young woman's apartment. It was a regular lodging-house room of the commonest type; tawdrily furnished, with black horse-hair chairs and sofa and flaring wall paper. A few cheap prints hung about the walls and on the mantel-piece stood a frame or two containing some decidedly vulgar photographs. But the curate had little attention to spare for the furniture of the room, being chiefly taken up with its occupant, who came forward to greet him in a very empresso manner. He took mechanically the hand which she extended to him, ignoring with a half-suppressed shudder, the warmer method of greeting that her languishing glance seemed to invite. Her appearance filled him with ineffable disgust. He could see, by the look of her, that she had drifted into very rugged paths since the time of their previous acquaintance. Not a trace of her former modest demeanor, and scarcely a trace of her former charms, now remained; while the ruthless glare of daylight showed up the paint upon her cheeks with sickening clearness. And to think that a woman like this held him at her mercy!

"How are you, Wilfrid?" she said. "It is such a long time since we last met, is it not?"

"Oh, I am very well, thank you," he answered.

There had been a time when the sound of his Christian name, uttered by Miss Amy's lips, had caused him a thrill of delight; now it only roused in him a supreme disgust, which, however, he dared not show.

"You do not seem very pleased to see me after our long separation," she continued with a hard little laugh.

"Oh, you're quite mistaken!" rejoined the curate with nervous haste "I'm very pleased—very pleased indeed."

For a man who was by way of being "very pleased," the Reverend Wilfrid looked as uncomfortable as might be. And when Amy Snook drew up a black horse-hair chair for him, and asked him to be seated, he deposited his person on the extreme edge, nervously rubbing the nap of his hat with his sleeve.

"Now," she began, when she herself had taken a seat much nearer to him than he at all appreciated, "how long do you think I have been in Northborough, Wilfrid?"

"I do not know at all," he answered.

"Your note this morning was the first intimation that I had of your presence here. I concluded from that you had only just come."

"Oh, I have been here for more than a week," she replied. "And during that time I have heard such a lot about you, Wilfrid."

"Indeed!" he said, darting an anxious, uneasy glance at her face. "Well, I trust that you have heard nothing to my disadvantage?"

"I have heard," she said, with incisive slowness, while she fixed her haggard eyes full upon him, "that you are engaged to be married!"

"You have heard the truth," he returned, trying to speak with an easy indifference, and failing signally. "Have your I congratulations?"

She sprang up suddenly from her seat, and stood before him with clenched hands, flashing eyes, and heaving breast.

"My congratulations!" she cried. "You sit there and quietly ask me—me—whether you have my congratulations!"

Of course she was acting. This righteous indignation could not be real; for he was bound to the woman by no ties whatever, either moral or legal, as she must be very well aware. Still her words showed the uncompromising line of action which she intended to adopt, and made the unhappy curate turn several shades paler than before.

"I—I do not see how my—my projected marriage affects you," he managed to stammer out.

"Don't you?" she retorted fiercely. "It affects me very much indeed; and I have summoned you hither today to request you to break off your engagement with Miss Harding at once!"

The supreme audacity of the demand, surpassing as it did all belief, goaded him into giving a fairly emphatic refusal.

"You ask what is entirely unreasonable and impossible," he said. "I cannot and will not do it."

"Will you not?" she ejaculated, threateningly. "I think I have that about me which will induce you to reconsider your determination. How, I ask you, would you like your lady-love to see these!"

As she spoke she drew a bundle of letters, with a theatrical flourish from the bosom of her dress. But something else which she had not intended to produce, came out with them. This was a strip of blue paper, which fluttered down, and fell close by the curate's feet.

She made a dash forward at it, but the Reverend Wilfrid was beforehand with her in picking it up. A glance at it showed him that it was a cheque upon the Old Bank, Northborough; and he recognized with a sudden start, Charlie Deverell's signature at the foot of it. The momentary suspicion which his meeting with Deverell on the door step had aroused returned in full force, and he saw who was at the bottom of his attempt to sever him from his betrothed.

"I see you are not acting on your own account," he said, as he handed her the cheque. "The reason for your demand is now explained to me."

She seemed a trifle mortified at the discovery which her thoughtless clumsiness had occasioned, but soon recovered her composure and said, with a shrug of her shoulders, "It matters not on whose account I am acting, the fact remains that, if you refuse to break off your engagement, I shall go and show these letters to your betrothed at once." There was a vicious spite in her tones which implied that she would be as good as her word, and which added to the alarm of the Reverend Wilfrid.

"But do you not see," he urged quickly, "that even if you show Miss Harding these letters, the breaking off of my engagement is the worst that can happen? Can you suppose, then, that I shall be so foolish as to do voluntarily what is by no means certain you will be able to bring about at all?"

She laughed scornfully, and shrugged her shoulders again.

"Very well," she said, "if that argument convinces you, pray be guided by it! It does not matter to me. I merely offer you the chance of terminating your engagement without exposure and disgrace for your own sake. Should you refuse it, it is your lookout!"

This reply of hers still further dismayed the Reverend Wilfrid. He was of a timid disposition, and prone to exaggerate the formidable nature of what he dreaded. Indeed, so much did he shrink from the prospect of Isabel Harding seeing those letters, and discovering his previous relations with this woman (whom she would never suppose, judging from her present repulsive looks, to have been once respectable), that instead of boldly persisting in his refusal he tried to temporize.

"Will you not give me time," he said, uncertainly, "in which to consider my reply?"

"No," she retorted with emphasis. "I must have your answer here and now! If it is an acceptance of my demand, I shall then require you to write a letter to Miss Harding, terminating your engagement, on the spot. If it is a refusal—why, then we may consider our interview at an end, and I shall go and show your lady love these letters to-day. Which is it to be?"

From the uncompromising tone which Miss Amy Snook adopted, it was evident that she meant to force the game, and bring matters to speedy issue either one way or the other. It is probable, also, that she calculated too much on the Reverend Wilfrid's timidity and nervous dread of exposure. For when, after a short hesitation, he gave her to understand that he finally refused her demand, she appeared considerably astonished.

"You know the consequences?" she exclaimed, in a tone of menace.

"I have no course but to accept them!" he answered, with the calmness of desperate resolve.

"Then our interview is over," she replied viciously, pointing as she spoke to the door. "But I think you will soon regret your determination."

The Reverend Wilfrid walked from the room in silence; but on the threshold he stopped, hesitated, and seemed about to speak. Apparently, however, he changed his mind, for he proceeded downstairs, after a momentary pause, without having made any remark. Out in the street he again stopped and hesitated, nay, actually went a few paces back, as though he repented what he had done, and wished to retrieve it. But again his pride got the better of his pusillanimity, and he pursued his course to his own lodgings without another check. It is not to be supposed, however, that he was not in a state of extreme agitation and fear. On the contrary, as the day advanced, and he had leisure to brood over his predicament, his terror at the thought of Isabel's seeing those letters became so overwhelming, that he actually made up his mind to return post haste to Amy Snook's, retract his refusal of her demand, and promise to do anything she wished, if only she would not expose him to Miss Harding's eyes.

He had just taken up his hat preparatory to carrying out this humiliating resolve, when there came a knock at his door, and his landlady entered with a note. A glance at the writing on the envelope showed that it came from Isabel. With trembling fingers he tore it open, and acquainted himself with its contents. They comprised a few hasty lines from his fiance, desiring him to call upon her at once, and adding that she had an imperative reason for making this sudden request. There could be no doubt what the "imperative reason" was, and it was with tokens of great mental perturbation that the Reverend Wilfrid prepared to obey the summons. For he had enough sense to see that to shirk the interview would be futile, and that, since it had to be faced, he had better get it over as soon as possible.

The house where Isabel and her father lived—(she was an only child, and her mother was dead)—was scarcely a quarter of a mile distant from the curate's lodging; so it did not take him many minutes to reach it. But when he had rung the bell, his courage deserted him, and he felt very much disposed to emulate the example of Kicklebury Brown, and run away down the street. Indeed, he would probably have done so, had not the footman departed, for once, from the habit of his class, and answered the bell with great promptitude. The man evidently expected him, for, without asking any questions, he showed him straight into the small room leading out of the hall, which Miss Harding reserved for her private use. On entering it, the curate saw that his worst forebodings were realized. There, in an arm chair by the fire, looking very pale and agitated, sat Isabel; while upon the hearth-rug, close to her, an expression of malicious triumph resting on her repulsive face, stood Amy Snook! It is no wonder that he turned white, even to his lips, and had to grasp the back of a chair in order to steady himself. In Isabel's lap lay the fatal letters. She picked them up one by one, before addressing him. All six were there. The curate counted them. And a tingling sense of shame thrilled through his whole body as he saw, by the look on his fiancee's face, that she had already mastered their contents.

"Wilfrid," she began, in a curious, strained voice, very unlike her usually gentle tones, "You see this woman, and you see these letters! She has brought them to me to read and I have read them. I am afraid the handwriting tells its tale too plainly. But I give you a chance of clearing yourself. Can you deny that the letters are yours?"

"No, he cannot! you see he cannot!" cried Amy Snook, as she advanced a few steps towards the curate, and stared with malicious triumph into his blanched face.

This movement caused her to turn her back upon Miss Harding, who, without Amy's being aware of it, quickly dropped the six letters into the blazing fire, and watched them rapidly consume in the flames. Then she rose from her chair, and with a tender light of pardon in her expressive eyes, said gently to her wondering lover:

"Do not look so troubled, Wilfrid. Every doubt in my heart, which this woman tried to raise there by means of those foolish letters, is as effectually annihilated as the letters themselves!"

Amy Snook turned sharply around at the words. The disappearance of the letters from Isabel's lap, and the blackened scraps of paper floating lightly up the chimney, told her at a glance what had occurred.

"What have you done?" she exclaimed angrily, no less mortified at her own simplicity in allowing the letters to be taken from her and burned than enraged with Miss Harding for destroying them. "The letters were mine, my own property, and I wished to keep them!"

"I have no doubt you did!" answered Isabel coldly. "And for that very reason I have burned them. I had no intentions that they should remain in your possession to be a future source of annoyance."

Seeing that she had been outwitted in the most simple manner, Amy Snook evinced her vexation by stamping on the floor and darting vicious glances at the other two.

"At any rate," she hissed out spitefully, turning as she spoke to the Reverend Wilfrid, "the letters have already done this much—they have shown you up in your true character to your intended bride. And if she possesses a grain of self-respect, she will certainly now have no more to say to you!"

"On the contrary, woman," retorted Miss Harding, her eyes flashing with noble scorn, "I am not quite so contemptibly weak that my allegiance to my betrothed can be shaken by the exposure of a mere folly—a folly, moreover which is long past and gone; for"—going up to the curate and drawing her hand gently through his arm—"I have no cause to be jealous of her now, have I, Wilfrid?"

She turned, as she spoke, a mocking glance toward Amy Snook's haggard, repulsive face, now doubly forbidding from its expression of futile malice and impotent rage. The latter's lips moved and she seemed about to speak, probably to pour out a torrent of venomous abuse; but the curate quickly interposed.

"Your game is played out," he said, "so you had better depart quietly. Remember that the law concerns itself with conspiracies, as your friend, Mr. Charles Deverill, will inform you. By-the-way, give him my compliments when you see him, and congratulate him for me on the result of his little scheme!"

Conscious that it was all up, Amy Snook slunk out of the room in silence, darting, however, many Parthian glances of baffled wrath at Miss Harding and her lover. When she was gone and the door had closed behind her, the curate folded his betrothed in his arms and pressed her warmly to him.

"Isabel, my darling!" he murmured "you are an angel."

"Nay," she answered, laughing, as she freed herself from him. "But I flatter myself that I am something which is more useful and perhaps equally rare; namely, a young woman of—common sense.'

Lincoln and the Portrait Painter.

The question of looks depended in Lincoln's case very much upon his moods. The large frame-work of his features was greatly modified by the emotions which controlled them. The most delicate touch of the painter often changes the expression of a portrait; his inability to find that one needed master touch causes the over-recurring wreck of an artist's fondest hopes. In a countenance of strong lines and rugged masses like Lincoln's, the lift of an eye brow, the curve of a lip, the flash of an eye, the movements of prominent muscles created a much wider facial play than in rounded immobile countenances. Lincoln's features were the despair of every artist who undertook his portrait. The writer saw nearly a dozen, one after another, soon after the first nomination to the Presidency, attempt the task. They put into their pictures the large rugged features and strong prominent lines; they made measurements to obtain exact proportions; they "petrified" some single look, but the picture remained hard and cold. Even before these paintings were finished it was plain to see that they were unsatisfactory to the artists themselves, and much more so to the intimate friends of the man; this was not he who smiled, spoke, laughed, charmed. The picture was to the man as the grain of sand to the mountain, as the dead to the living. Graphic art was powerless before a face that moved through a thousand delicate gradations of line and contour light and shade, sparkle of the eye and curve of the lip, in the long gamut of expression from grave to gay, and back again from the rollicking jolity of laughter to that serious far-away look that with prophetic intuitions beheld the awful panorama of war, and heard the cry of oppression and suffering. There are many pictures of Lincoln; there is no portrait of him. In his case there was such a difference between the hard literal shell of the physical man and the fine ideal fiber, temper and aspiration of his spirit; the extremes were so far apart that no photograph or painting of the former could render even an approximate representation of the latter.—"Lincoln's Personal Appearance," by J. G. Nicolay, in the October Century.

An Eye to Business.

A visitor to a western Ontario village had the misfortune to trip upon a loose plank in the sidewalk, thereby seriously damaging a pair of city-made trousers. In his wrath he penned the following terse note to the village reeve: "Sir—A loose plank in your damned old sidewalk caused me to fall last evening. My trousers are ruined. I want to know what you are going to do about it?" The rural dignity thus addressed was reeve, postmaster, general store-keeper, United States Consul, etc., all in one. Although his orthography and calligraphy were not of the most approved style, he had nevertheless, a keen eye to business. His reply ran this way: "deer sir; if yore pants is past mendin come right down to Joshua Slingsby & sons on the mane street and git a new pare, they can make you a pare of first-class spring botoms in Canadian tweed from 3 dolers up to 4 dolers ½, also beaves, tobako, salt pork and chease kep in stock. Am sorey about yore pants. Joshua Slingsby."—[Monetary Times.

The Great Trouble.

He—I would like to be at your side in the beautiful moonlight like this forever.

She—Well, George, you can marry me.

He—That's true; but, you see, it's impossible to make sure of always having the moonlight.

Within a Hair.

Wool—How about Jimson's wife leaving him?

Van Pelt—That was a mistake, but she came within a hair of it.

Wool—How was that?

Van Pelt—The one she picked off his coat matched her own.

A great event is about to occur in New Orleans—the erection of a new hotel in the modern magnificent style. It is over thirty years since any hotel has been built there of any particular account.

"A Long Time Between Drinks."

Every man in the United States is supposed to know what the "Governor of North Carolina said to the Governor of South Carolina," but possibly some do not know when and under what circumstances the famous remark was made.

Nearly a century ago a man prominent in political affairs in North Carolina moved across the border and settled in South Carolina. He had been there only a short time when he committed some small crime or misdemeanor, for which he was indicted. To escape arrest he returned to his old home in North Carolina. In due course of time the Governor of South Carolina issued his requisition on the Governor of North Carolina for the fugitive criminal.

The fugitive had rich and influential friends in his native State, and they interceded with the Governor until he refused to grant the requisition. A long official correspondence followed. Prominent men in South Carolina told the Governor that he had not been treated with proper official courtesy by the Governor of North Carolina. The result was that the South Carolina Governor, accompanied by a large party of friends and advisers, journeyed by stage to Raleigh, the capital of North Carolina, for a conference with the Governor about the matter of giving up the criminal. The Governor of North Carolina, with a large party of distinguished friends, met the Governor of South Carolina and his party several miles from town, and escorted them to the Governor's mansion with all the ceremony due such distinguished visitors. Before the object of the visit was stated the entire assemblage sat down to an elaborate dinner. After dinner wine was served, and after wine came brandy—the apple-jack for which the Old North State is famous.

After many rounds of drinks the decanters and glasses were removed, and the Governor of South Carolina stated the object of his visit. He demanded the surrender of the fugitive criminal. The Governor of North Carolina refused. Then followed a long and heated discussion, in which the Attorneys-General of the two States took an active part. Finally the Governor of South Carolina grew angry, and, rising to his feet, said—

"Sir, you have refused my just demand and offended the dignity of my office and my State. Unless you at once surrender the prisoner I will return to my capital, call out the militia of the State, and returning with my army I will take the fugitive by force of arms. Governor, what do you say?"

All eyes were turned on the Governor of North Carolina, and his answer was awaited with breathless interest. The Governor rose slowly to his feet, and beckoned to a servant who stood some distance away. His beckoning was firm and dignified, as became his position. He was slow about answering, and again the Governor of South Carolina demanded, "What do you say?"

"I say, Governor, that it's a long time between drinks."

The reply restored good humor. Decanters and glasses were brought out again, and, while the visitors remained, if any one attempted to refer to the diplomatic object of the visit he was cut short by the remark that it was a long time between drinks. When the visiting Governor was ready to return home he was escorted to the State line by the Governor of North Carolina, and they parted the best of friends.

The fugitive was never surrendered.

No Place to Spend Money.

The pay aboard the South Shoal lightship is somewhat higher than on other lightships. The captain receives $1000, the mate $700 and the crew $600. These sums may not seem large, but it must be borne in mind that even the prodigal son would have found it impossible to make away with his patrimony on the South Shoal lightship, especially as the government furnishes all supplies. Opportunities for extravagance are absolutely wanting. Occasionally a member of the crew may remark in a sadly jocose tone that he is going around the corner to order a case of champagne or to be measured for a dress suit; but there is no corner.—[Gustav Kibbe in Century.

The World's Population.

Estimates of the world's population are necessarily somewhat uncertain, as only the most civilized communities taking an accurate enumeration. By the figures of the Royal Geographical Society the present population of the world is given as 1,487,000,000, an increase of 8 per cent. in the last ten years. The average density is 31 to the square mile in Australasia. Asia has the largest population, 850,000,000 and the lowest rate of increase; while North America has 89,250,000 inhabitants, or about 14 to the square mile, and has shown the most rapid growth, increasing 20 per cent. in the last ten years.

A newspaper man, who evidently believes in telling things just as they are, says: "Do not swear. There is no occasion to swear outside of a printing office. It is useful in proof reading, and indispensable in getting forms to press, and has been known to assist in looking over the paper when it is printed, but otherwise it is a very disgusting habit."

The total school enrollment for the United States on July 1st this year was about 14,220,000. The total public school enrollment, including about 65,000 in universities, etc., was 12,730,000; in private and parochial schools not far from 750,000 each.

"It's all over town!" "What?" "The cold wind, this morning." "So it is, but Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is all over town too, but you can buy it everywhere for 25 cents a bottle."

SCROFULA

Is that impurity of the blood which produces unsightly lumps or swellings in the neck; which causes running sores on the arms, legs, or feet; which develops ulcers in the eyes, ears, or nose, often causing blindness or deafness; which is the origin of pimples, cancerous growths, or "humors;" which, fastening upon the lungs, causes consumption and death. It is the most ancient of all diseases, and very few persons are entirely free from it.

How Can It Be CURED

By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by the remarkable cures it has accomplished, has proven itself to be a potent and peculiar medicine for this disease. If you suffer from scrofula, try Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"Every spring my wife and children have been troubled with scrofula, my little boy, three years old, being a terrible sufferer. Last spring he was one mass of sores from head to feet. We all took Hood's Sarsaparilla, and all have been cured of the scrofula. My little boy is entirely free from sores, and all four of my children look bright and healthy." W. B. Atherton, Passaic City, N. J.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 D[illegible] Dollar

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. Archer, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." Carlos Martyn, D.D., New York City. Late Pastor Bloomingdale Reformed Church.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." Edwin F. Pardee, M. D., "The Winthrop," 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York.

Southern Pine Wood for Kindlings,

Camp Creek Cannel Coal for Open Grates, Old Company's Lehigh Coal for Furnace Use, Cumberland Coal for blacksmiths, etc.

Pinniger & Manchester

PERRY MILL WHARF, 341 THAMES STREET.

COAL!

GARDINER B. REYNOLDS & Co.

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

Dealers in the best varieties of

FAMILY AND STEAM COAL

always on hand.

OAK, HICKORY, PINE AND SOUTHERN PINE WOOD

carefully prepared and delivered.

Green Mountain Farm Butter,

J. & J. Darlington's Butter,

Pinnacle Farm Butter (of Walpole, N. H.,) to be had at the

SEASIDE MARKET,

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W. S. LAWTON, - - - Proprietor.

REPAIRING,

Refinishing, Upholstering, Mattress Making, Chair Seating, etc.

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FRANKLIN COAL of Lykens' Valley,

Very handsome and large size.

White Ash Coal

In all Varieties and Sizes.

Also all kinds of WOOD Sawed and Split as Desired.

PERRY BROTHERS,

187 THAMES STREET.

"The Laundry,"

Entirely Remodeled under a New Management.

Shirts, Collars and Cuffs,

A Special Feature.

Family washing by the week or month. Feather Beds and Mattresses renovated and made over.

Carpets,

Rugs,

Draperies,

Furniture,

Cleansed and Disinfected in NAPHTHA.

Blankets scoured without shrinking. Hot, cold and steam baths. Everything first-class. Satisfaction guaranteed. CAPACITY UNLIMITED. Send for Price list.

Office and Works corner Pond avenue and Warner street.

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6-6

The Best is the Cheapest

"The Diamond C"

HAMS,

SHOULDERS,

AND

BACON

Are cured from R. I. Pork and Corn Cob Smoked, and are the Best

For Sale at

COGGESHALL'S MARKET,

2 & 4 Washington Square, and 130 Thames Street.

WILLIAM SHEPLEY

Practical Tinsmith

and AGENT for the

CYCLONE Furnaces,

Fifteen of these Furnaces set here last season, always with a guarantee. All kinds of tin work done and estimates cheerfully given.

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PIANOS

TO RENT

For the Season.

A Large Stock to Select from.

FINE STATIONERY,

FINE LINEN PAPER,

CREAM WOVE AND LAID, AT

30c. PER LB.

Agency for the Mason & Hamlin Organs.

John Rogers,

210 THAMES ST

Old Solace

Whiskey,

Sold in bulk, also in white flint glass bottles holding full quarts.

Windmill

HOLLAND GIN,

Sold in bulk, also in imported white glass bottles holding 1 qt. and ½ pt. (imperial measure

For sale by

Dennis W. Sheehan,

Sole Agent for Newport.

11-23

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REAR OF POST OFFICE,

31 CUSTOM HOUSE ST., PROVIDENCE

Blank Books, Wholesale or retail, on hand or made to any desired pattern. Book Binding, Paper Ruling, Edge Gilding, Gilt Lettering, Machine Perforating and Paper cutting.

H. M. COOMBS & CO., Binders to the State.

NEW BOOKS.

THE CHIEF JUSTICE, by Karl Emil Franzos.

THE NIGHT OF THE THIRD HIT., by H. F. Wood.

PART OF THE PROPERTY, by Beatrice Whitby, author of The Awakening of Mary Fenwick.

GEO. H. CARR'S,

173 Thames Street.

Traveler's Directory.

Only $2.00
TO NEW YORK
(for first class limited tickets)
VIA

Fall River Line.

Steamers PLYMOUTH and PROVIDENCE in commission. Leave Newport week days, at 9 P. M.; Sundays, at 10.00 P. M., due in New York at 7.30 A. M. Connection by Annex boat for Brooklyn and Jersey City on arrival.

Returning, steamers leave New York, from Pier 28, N. R., foot of Murray street, at 5.00 P. M., daily, Sundays included. Annex connection from Brooklyn, 4.30, Jersey City, 4 P. M. Eastward steamers touch at Newport at about 3.30 A. M.

For tickets and staterooms apply at the New York and Boston Despatch Express office, 272 Thames street, J. J. Greene, ticket agent.

J. R. KENDRICK, Gen'l Manager, Boston.
GEO. L. CONNOR, Gen. Pass'r Agt., Boston.
J. H. JORDAN, Agent, Newport, R. I.

Newport & Wickford

Railroad & Steamboat Co.

TIME TABLE.

Between Newport, Boston, Providence and New York,

In Effect MONDAY, NOV., 2, 1891

via Newport and Wickford R. R. and Steamboat Co. and New York, Boston and Providence R. R.

Leave Newport at 7.20, A. M., arrive at New York 3.30 P. M.; New Haven 1.20 P. M.; New London 10.16 A. M.; Providence 9.05 A. M., and Boston 11.05 A. M.

Leave Newport at 10.20 A. M., arrive at New York 4.30 P. M.; New Haven 2.25 P. M.; New London 12.57 P. M.; Providence, 12.25 P. M.; Boston, 1.55 P. M.

Leave Newport at 4.30 P. M., arrive at New York at 11.00 P. M.; New Haven 9.05 P. M.; New London 7.49 P. M.; Providence 6.13 P. M.; Boston 7.13 P. M.

Leave New London 7.10 A. M.; Boston 7.00 A. M.; Providence 8.16 A. M.; arrive at Newport at 9.55 A. M.

Leave New York at 5.00 A. M.; New Haven 7.26 A. M.; New London 10.25 A. M.; Boston 10.00 A. M.; Providence 11.10 A. M.; arrive at Newport at 1.00 P. M.

Leave New York at 1.00 P. M.; New Haven 3.05 P. M.; New London 4.32 P. M.; Boston 5.00 P. M.; Providence 6.00 P. M.; arrive at Newport at 7.00 P. M.

Connection with Steamer to and from Block Island.

Drawing Room Cars to and from Wickford Junction.

Tickets sold and baggage checked at steamer Eolus, Commercial Wharf; at Transfer Co.'s office, No. 50 Fludder's Block, Bellevue avenue, Cor. Catherine st.

Drawing Room chairs can be secured at company's office, Commercial wharf.

J. B. GARDINER, Supt., Providence.
C. U. COFFIN, Agent, Newport.

Old Colony Railroad.

Time tables showing local and through train service between all stations, may be obtained at all ticket offices of this company.

ON and after Monday, Oct. 26, 1891, trains will leave Newport, for Boston, week days 1.35, 10.15 A. M., a12.50, 3.00, 5.00 P. M. Return 6.15, 8.28, a9.30, 11.15 A. M., 3.10, 4.17, 6.6, P. M. Middletown, c7.35, c10.15. A. M., c3.00, c5.00, c9.15e P. M. Portsmouth Grove, c7.35, c10.15, A. M., c3.00, c5.00, c9.15e P. M. Coal Mines, 7.35, 10.15 A. M., 3.00, 5.00, 9.15e P. M. Bristol Ferry, 7.35, 10.15 A. M., 3.00, 5.00, 9.15e P. M. Tiverton, 7.35, 10.15 A. M., 12.50, 3.00, 5.00, 9.15e P. M. Fall River, 7.35, 10.15 A. M., 12.50, 3.00, 5.00, 9.15e P. M. Taunton, 7.35, 10.15 A. M., 12.50, 3.00, 5.00 P. M. Middleboro, 7.35, 10.15 A. M., 3.00, 5.00 P. M. Cape Cod, Division, 7.35 A. M., 3.00 P. M. Plymouth, 7.35, 10.15 A. M., 3.00 P. M. New Bedford, 7.35, 10.15 A. M., 3.00, 5.00 P. M. Fitchburg, and stations on Northern Division, 7.35, 10.15 A. M., 3.00 P. M. Lowell, 7.35 A. M., 3.00 P. M. Cottage City, Oak Bluffs, 10.15 A. M. Nantucket, 7.35 A. M. Providence, 7.35, 10.15 A. M., 3.00, 5.00 P. M. Return 7.45, 9.55 A. M., 12.40, 4.15, d6.35 P. M.

Sunday trains for Boston, 6.00 P. M. Return 4.30 A. M., 5.00 P. M. For Tiverton, Fall River, Taunton, North Easton, Stoughton, Randolph, So. Braintree, Quincy, New Bedford, 6.00 P. M.

aPark Square Station.
bPark Square Station, boat from Fall River.
cWill stop to leave passengers or when flagged.
dBoat from Fall River.
eFrom steamer landing, Long Wharf.
J. R. KENDRICK, Gen'l Manager, Boston.
GEO. L. CONNOR, Gen'l Pass. Ag't, Boston.
E. G. ALLEN, Sup't, Boston.
J. H. JORDAN, Ag't, Newport, R. I.

CONTINENTAL STEAMBOAT COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after Monday, Sept. 28,

LEAVE NEWPORT FOR

PROVIDENCE,

Week days, 8 a. m. Leave Providence for Newport week days, 4 p. m. Stop at Prudence Tuesdays and Fridays only. Stop at Conanicut Park Fridays only.

EXCURSION TICKETS ONLY 90 CENTS.

All freight must be delivered at the Wharf 30 minutes before steamer leaves to insure shipment.

A. LIVINGSTON MASON,
Gen'l Manager.

JAMESTOWN FERRY.

Beginning Thurday, October 1, 1891, steamer will run as follows:

STEAMER CONANICUT

Between Newport and Jamestown.

Leave Newport, 6.45, 9.30 A. M., 12 M., 2.45, 4.15, 6.00* P. M. Sundays, 10.15, A. M., 4.30 P. M.

Leave Jamestown, 6.15, 8.15, 10.45 A. M., 1.30, 3.30, 5.30 P. M. Sundays, 9.45 A. M., 4.00 P. M.

*Or on arrival of Providence boat Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Souvenir Spoons

OF NEWPORT.

OLD STONE MILL,
LIME ROCKS, Home of Ida Lewis,
FORT DUMPLINGS, Jamestown,
CASINO, Narragansett Pier,

Our own Special Patterns. They are works of art and of historic interest.

H. A. Heath & Co.,

JEWELERS,

163, THAMES STREET.

Chinese Sacred Lily.

Hyacinths, Red, White and Blue, Freesias, Tulips, Calla Bulbs, Carnations, Plants or Flowers, red and white, Potting Soil and Plants.

WILSON'S GREENHOUSES, 346 B'WAY.

White Star Line

Royal and United States Mail Steamers,

Sailing every Wednesday from New York and Liverpool.

MAJESTIC and TEUTONIC,

The two longest, finest and fastest vessels afloat.

Steerage, $20. Second cabin, $40 and $45. Saloon, $50 and upward.

Proposed Sailings from New York:

Teutonic	Aug. 26, 11 a. m
Britannic	Sept. 2, a. m
Majestic	Sept. 9, 9:30 a. m
Germanic	Sept. 16, 3:30 p. m
Teutonic	Sept. 23, 9:30 a. m
Britannic	Sept. 30, 3:30 p. m
Majestic	Oct. 7, 8:30 a. m

For further information apply to

M. S. HOLM, Agent, 186 Thames St. Also Anchor Line Agent.

Druggists.

Charles M. Cole,

PHARMACIST,

302 Thames St.,

TWO DOORS NORTH OF POST OFFICE,

NEWPORT, R. I.

PURCHASE

—OF—

PRESCRIPTIONS.

I have purchased all the prescriptions to date from the pharmacy of James H. Taylor, and am prepared to fill them carefully and with best drugs.

JAMES T. WRIGHT,

PHARMACIST,

22 Washington Square.

MICHAEL F. MURPHY,

CONTRACTOR

—AND—

BUILDER

OF MASON WORK,

NEWPORT, R. I.

Tilling, Draining and all kinds of Jobbing promptly attended to. Orders left at

16 Callendar Avenue

Now is the time to have your

Furnaces

looked after, and either have the old ones repaired or new ones put in, and

WM. K. COVELL, Jr.,

is the man to take charge of the matter.

THE

WINTHROP FURNACE

is the best.

SILVER WARE.

The price of silver has been declining for some years back, but it looks now as if there would be a reaction and silver will be higher. If you are in want of silverware for the table, now is the time to purchase while the price is low. We have a large stock on hand at the low prices. Call and see,

—AT—

DENHAM'S.

FINE

Florida Oranges

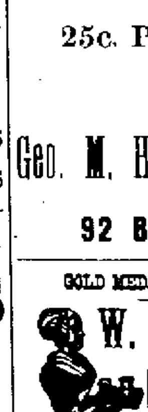
25c. Per Dozen

—AT—

Geo. M. Hazard's Market,

92 BROADWAY.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.



W. BAKER & Co.'s

Breakfast Cocoa

from which the excess of oil has been removed, is

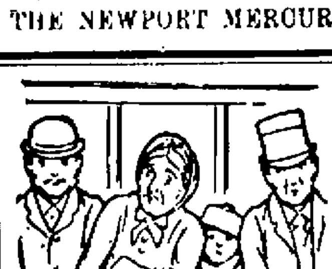
Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.

No Chemicals

are used in its preparation. It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.



A sense of fullness and other troubles after eating? Then you need a "Pellet." Not one of the ordinary, griping, tearing pills—it's a sickness in itself to take them. But one of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets—the original Liver Pill, the smallest and the easiest to take. The easiest in the way they work, too—they're mild and gentle, but thorough and effective. Every part of the system feels their healthful influence. They cleanse and regulate the liver, stomach and bowels. *Regulate*, mind you. They *prevent* disease as well as *cure* it. They're purely vegetable and perfectly harmless. Sick Headache, Bilious Headache, Constipation, Indigestion, and all derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels are promptly relieved and permanently cured.

They're the *cheapest* pill you can buy, for they're *guaranteed* to give satisfaction, or your money is returned.

You pay only for the *good* you get.

This is true only of Dr. Pierce's medicines.

THE BAY STATE FRANKLIN.

An Elegant Russia Iron Open Stove or Portable Fireplace.

Light, and Easily Moved! Suitable for any Room! Invaluable for Sick Chambers! Especially desirable for the cool mornings and evenings of this season of the year, as well as in the winter months. *Fine for country and seashore houses.* Can be fitted for wood, coal or gas. Send for circular.

BARSTOW STOVE CO.

Bay State Furnaces, Ranges and Stoves,

BOSTON. PROVIDENCE. NEW YORK.

LEAVITT'S

Photograph Gallery,

126

BELLEVUE AVENUE.

SULPHUR BITTERS

THE GREAT

German Remedy.

TRUTHS FOR THE SICK.

For those deathly bilious Spells depend on SULPHUR BITTERS; it will cure you.

$1,000 will be paid for a case where SULPHUR BITTERS will not assist or cure. It never fails.

Do you suffer with that tired and all-gone feeling? If so, use SULPHUR BITTERS; it will cure you.

Cleanse the vitiated blood when you see its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Blotches, and Sores. Rely on SULPHUR BITTERS, and health will follow.

Operatives who are closely confined in the mills and workshops; clerks, who do not procure sufficient exercise, and all who are confined in-doors, should use SULPHUR BITTERS. They will not then be weak and sickly.

SULPHUR BITTERS will cure Liver Complaint. Don't be discouraged; it will cure you.

If you do not wish to suffer from Rheumatism, use a bottle of SULPHUR BITTERS; it never fails to cure.

SULPHUR BITTERS will build you up and make you strong and healthy.

Don't be without a bottle. Try it; you will not regret it.

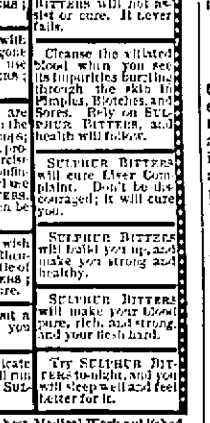
SULPHUR BITTERS will make your blood pure, rich, and strong, and your flesh hard.

Ladies in delicate health, who are all run down, should use SULPHUR BITTERS.

Try SULPHUR BITTERS to-night, and you will sleep well and feel better for it.

Do you want the best Medical Work published? Send 3 2-cent stamps to A. P. ORDWAY & Co., Boston, Mass. and receive a copy, free.

ELY'S CREAM BALM



CATARRH

Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.

TRY THE CURE. HAY-FEVER

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cts. at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cts. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

Printing

OF EVERY

KIND

Done at shortest notice, in the best manner and at the lowest prices, at the

Mercury Office,

182 THAMES St.

REMOVAL.

I desire to inform my patrons and friends that on and after [illegible] 1891, my place of business will be No. 13 Market Square, [illegible] call [illegible].

I shall have larger premises and will buy and sell second hand furniture and antiquities.

[illegible] BARON [illegible] Kingsley's Wharf

The City of the Province of the Gods.

A Japanese paper called The Chief City of the Province of the Gods is contributed to the November Atlantic by Lafcadio Hearn. Here is one of the sketches:

Here comes a band of pilgrims, with yellow straw overcoats, "rain-coats" (*mino*), and enormous yellow straw hats, mushroom-shaped, of which the down-curving rim partly hides the face. All carry staffs, and wear their robes well girded up so as to leave free the lower limbs, which are inclosed in white cotton leggings of peculiar and indescribable kind. Precisely the same sort of costume was worn by the same class of travelers many centuries ago; and just as you now see them trooping by—whole families wandering together, the pilgrim child clinging to the father's hand—so may you see them pass in quaint procession across the faded pages of Japanese picture-books many hundred years old.

At intervals they halt before some shop-front to look at the many curious things which they greatly enjoy seeing, but which they have no money to buy.

I myself have become so accustomed to surprises, to interesting or extraordinary sights, that when a day happens to pass during which nothing remarkable has been heard or seen I feel vaguely discontented. But such blank days are rare; they occur in my own case only when the weather is too detestable to permit of going out-of-doors. For with ever so little money one can always obtain the pleasure of looking at curious things. And this has been one of the chief pleasures of the people in Japan for centuries and centuries, for the nation has passed its generations of lives in making or seeking such things. To divert one's self seems, indeed, the main purpose of Japanese existence, beginning with the opening of the baby's pretty oblique eyes. The faces of the people have an indescribable look of patient expectancy—the air of waiting for something interesting to make its appearance. If it fail to appear, they will travel to find it; they are astonishing pedestrians and tireless pilgrims, and I think they make pilgrimages not more for the sake of pleasing the gods than of pleasing themselves by the sight of rare and pretty things. For every temple is a museum, and every hill and valley throughout the land has its temple and its wonders.

Even the poorest farmer, one so poor that he cannot afford to eat a grain of his own rice, can afford to make a pilgrimage of a month's duration; and during that season when the growing rice needs least attention hundreds of thousands of the poorest go on pilgrimages. This is possible, because from ancient times it has been the custom for everybody to help pilgrims a little; and they can always find rest and shelter at particular inns (*kichingyado*) which receive pilgrims only, and where they are charged merely the cost of the wood used to cook their food.

But multitudes of the poor undertake pilgrimages requiring much more than a month to perform, such as the pilgrimage to the thirty-three great temples of Kwannon, or that to the eighty-eight temples of Kōbōdaishi; and these, though years be needed to accomplish them, are as nothing compared to the enormous *Sengaji*, the pilgrimage to the thousand temples of the Nichiren sect. The time of a generation may pass ere this can be made. One may begin it in early youth, and complete it only when youth 's long past. Yet there are several in Matsue, men and women, who have made this tremendous pilgrimage, seeing all Japan, and supporting themselves not merely by begging, but by some kinds of itinerant peddling.

The pilgrim who desires to perform this pilgrimage carries on his shoulders a small box, shaped like a Buddhist shrine, in which he keeps his spare clothes and food. He also carries a little brazen gong, which he constantly sounds while passing through a city or village, at the same time chanting the Namu-myō hō ren-ge-kyō; and he always bears with him a little blank book, in which the priest of every temple visited stamps the temple seal in red ink. The pilgrimage over, this book with its one thousand seal impressions becomes an heirloom in the family of the pilgrim.

The Ladies' Home Journal.

Decked in a new and unusually artistic Thanksgiving cover, the November Ladies' Home Journal comes as the first reminder that the holidays are approaching. Everything about this issue of the Journal seems of the best, and a higher standard has never been reached in any previous number. Whether one reads Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher's second reminiscent paper of "Mr. Beecher as I Knew Him," or listens to Delmonico, the great caterer, as he tells how to set a table and arrange a dinner; or to Russell Sage, the New York financier, as he describes, for mothers, "The Boy That Is Wanted" in business to-day—each feature is as good as the next. A whole page most timely illustrates "A Group of Pretty Dolls," and tells how to make them; "New Ideas For Church Sociables" will interest thousands of church women; Max O'Rell's wife is sketched in the capital series of "Unknown Wives of Well-Known Men," while Rachel Sherman, the pretty daughter of the late General Sherman, opens the new series of "Clever Daughters of Clever Men"; Palmer Cox's "Brownies" are irresistible in their fun; Ella Wheeler Wilcox tells of "Mistakes We Make With Men"; Dr. Talmage has a whole page on Thanksgiving, and, likewise, has Maria Parloa; "Miss French, of the State Department," is an excellent story by Mary Bradley, as is also another short story called, "The Flowing Shoestring.'. In fact, there is no end to the good things in this, by far the best, number of the Journal ever made. Ten cents is the price of this number, or One dollar a year the subscription price. The Curtis Publishing Company, Philadelphia.

The habitation of danger is on the borders of security.

Pronounced Hopeless, Yet Saved.

From a letter written by Mrs. Ada E. Hurd of Groton, S. D., we quote: "Was taken with a bad cold which settled on my lungs, cough set in which terminated in Consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Saviour, determined that if I could not stay with my loved ones on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles, it has cured me, and thank God I am now a well and hearty woman." Trial bottles free at C. M. Cole's Drug store. Regular sizes, 50c. and $1.00.

It doesn't make a small man any bigger to lift him up.

Confusing.

Pipkin—There is one thing I want to explain about these dynamite bombs.

Potts—What is that?

Pipkin—When they fire one in America they expect a rain to set in; when they fire one in Russia, they expect a reign to end.

In God's service the man who does nothing gets nothing.

Cabinet of the Rhode Island Historical Society.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 31, 1891.

MR. EDITOR: In the hope of enlisting through your agency general co-operation in securing to this Society a very important means of carrying forward the work to which it is devoted, I hereby enclose the following statement. The Newport MERCURY is not only the oldest newspaper in the State; but as a record of history, its value can hardly be computed. All contributions for the completion of our set of the MERCURY will be gratefully acknowledged. All copies of this periodical are soon to be arranged in chronological order with the view of being readily consulted by students of our local history.

Very respectfully yours,
AMOS PERRY,
Secretary and Librarian.

NEWPORT MERCURY.

Volumes and Numbers Wanted.

Of 1758 there is only a reprint of Nov. 27 and Dec. 10. With this exception there is nothing prior to 1772. In this year the numbers previous to April 27 are missing, except an imperfect copy of April 20. The rest of the year is complete. The volume for the year 1773 lacks the last two numbers of December. The years 1774-1795, inclusive, are wanting. For 1796 the missing numbers are as follows: Jan. 5, 12, March 22; July 12; Oct. 18. 1797, missing numbers, June 20; Oct. 10, 24, 31; Nov. 14, 21, 28; Dec. 19, 26. 1798, Jan. 2, 9, 16; April 17, 24; May 1, 8, 15, 22, 29; June 5, 12, 19, 26; July 3. 1799, Jan. 15, 22, 29; Feb. 5; July 2.

The volumes for 1800, 1801 and 1802 are wanting. 1803, missing numbers, Jan. 4, 11, 18. 1804, Jan. 6; March 24; April 7; May 5, 12; June 9, 23; July 7, 11; Aug. 4, 18; Dec. 8. 1805, Jan 19; March 30; Nov. 30. 1806, Feb. 22; March 22; Nov. 22; Dec. 6, 13, 20. 1807, Jan. 17; April 18; June 27; Dec. 26. 1808, Sept. 3, 10, 17; Oct. 22, 29; Nov. 5, 12; Dec. 17. 1809, Jan. 14; Sept. 16. 1811, July 27, Nov. 2. 1812, Jan. 11, 18, 25; June 27. 1813, July 24. 1814, Jan. 8; Feb. 26. March 26; June 11; Sept. 17. 1815. Aug. 26; Sept. 16; Dec. 23, 30. 1816. Jan. 6; Sept. 28; Nov. 9. 1818. May 30. 1820, Jan. 22, 29; Feb. 5, 26; March 4, 11, 18; July 1; Aug. 19; Dec. 2. 1821. Jan. 13, 20; June 30; July 14, 21, 28; Oct. 6, 13; Dec. 15. 1822, Jan. 26; March 16; May 4; June 1; July 20. 1823, May 3; Nov. 15. 1824, Oct. 9, 16; Nov. 27; Dec. 4, 11, 25. 1825, May 21; Nov. 12; Dec. 17.

The volumes for the years 1826-1838, are very incomplete, some of them almost entirely wanting. 1839, missing numbers, Jan. 5, 12, 26; Feb. 2; March 16; April 13; May 4, 11; July 13; Aug. 17. 1840, April 4, 25. 1841, March 13; April 3; May 29, Sept. 11; Nov. 6 1842, April 16. 1844, June 1; Aug. 3; Nov. 30; Dec. 7, 14, 21, 28. The volume for 1845 is almost entirely wanting. 1846, missing numbers, Jan. 17; March 28; April 25; Aug. 29; Sept. 5, 12, 19; Oct. 3, 10, 17, 24; Nov. 28.

Subsequent volumes, as well as those not mentioned in this list, are very complete.

Something Without Charge.

If you are suffering from some lingering or long-standing complaint which refuses to yield to treatment, why do you not consult the skillful and eminent Dr. Greene, of 34 Temple Place, Boston, Mass., by letter? He is the discoverer of the wonderful remedy, Dr. Greene's Nervura, and is a specialist in the cure of all forms of nervous and chronic diseases. He devotes special attention to the treatment of patients at a distance through letter correspondence, and his success in restoring even the worst and apparently incurable cases to health with his harmless vegetable remedies is marvelous.

Write him a description of your case and he will return a carefully considered answer fully explaining your disease, and giving you a perfect understanding of all its symptoms, free of expense. It will, therefore, cost you nothing to consult him, and there is almost a positive assurance of being cured as thousands of others have been. Send for his symptom blank to fill out.

Telling Secrets to Men.

It is the mistake of a lifetime to give a man any liberty which you would not want known, and to expect him to keep the matter a secret, says Ella Wheeler Wilcox in The Ladies Home Journal. The exceptional man will sometimes hide the indiscretion of a young girl whom he believes spoke or acted from ignorance; but the average man, in the highest the same as in the lowest walks of life, boasts of his successes with foolish woman, and the rendezvous, the letter, the embrace, or the souvenir which she had giving him, thinking it will never be known to others than themselves, is shortly the matter of gossip among a dozen people.

Women hide their secrets far better than men do. They fear the censure of the world too much to share their errors or indiscretions with confidantes. But men are almost invariably vain and proud of their conquests, and relate achievements with the fair sex to one or two admiring friends. They may not use names, but let the incidents once be told, it is an easy matter to discover the personages if one is at all curious to do so.

The only way to keep men from betraying our indiscretions is not to commit them. I once made these remarks in the presence of several ladies, and one of them replied, "that she was glad she had never been acquainted with the class of men I knew." At the same time that lady's name had been used lightly in a club room not a week previous, and her indiscreet actions had been commented on by "the class of men" she did know.

Washington Society

Rosalie—I suppose you have your partner for Mrs. Duton's german?

Grace—No. I don't think I'll go. I'd like to very much, but considering the unsettled state of European politics and the attentions of that French attache, it would be policy to stay at home.'

Eupepsy.

This is what you ought to have, in fact, you must have it to fully enjoy life. Thousands are searching for it daily, and mourning because they find it not. Thousands upon thousands of dollars are spent annually by our people in the hope that they may attain this boon. And yet it may be had by all. We guarantee that Electric Bitters, if used according to directions and the use persisted in, will bring you good digestion and oust the demon dyspepsia and install instead Eupepsy. We recommend Electric Bitters for Dyspepsia and all diseases of the liver, kidneys and stomach. Sold at 50c. and $1 per bottle by Chas. M. Cole, druggist.

Culture cannot destroy sin. All it can do is to hide it.

Smythe—I tell you, we Americans beat the world.

Tompkins—What occasions this outburst?

Smythe—Why, the other races have to go to the uttermost parts of the earth to establish colonies, but we've got the genius to do it right here in New York.

A Song of the Year.

BY LEWIS MORRIS.

Spring smiles through her tears, and the crocus
And primroses shy petals unfold,
Summer leans on the glad earth, and straightway
The meads are a carpet of gold.
Spring is gay with sweet song and fair promise,
The lamb, and the flower, and the bee,
And each young soul exulting rejoices,
The world is for me, is for me.

Not a voice on the midsummer hedgerows
N thrill w th bloom in a grass
But is rich in the fugitive rapture
Of pleasures which quicken and pass.
When June along hillside and streamside
Trips lightly on virginal feet,
And the woodlands re-echo with voices,
Proclaiming that summer is sweet.

Yes, sweet are the opulent Summer,
And statelier Autumn to come;
Royal Autumn, in gold and in purple,
Tho' all the gay song-tide be dumb.
But we know with a mournful prevision
'Mid the wealth and the glare and the heat,
That the sweet of the year has departed
Far, far upon vanishing feet.

Autumn fades into passionless Winter,
Dead grasses and skeleton trees,
Dark mists and chill rains of December,
Black snow clouds and waters that freeze
Yet through all the world's ruin and sadness
Our hearts leap within us and sing,
Knowing, hid in no distant To-Morrow
Once more a sure presage of Spring.
—The English Illustrated Magazine.

November.

BY LEE C. HARBY.

Like some fair woman who hath lost youth's charm,
Yet holds within her heart all goodly gifts,
November comes—worn pale by storm's alarm,
Borne down by clouds, yet showing thro' their rifts
Some hint of heaven's blue and sunshine's glow
Ere falls to earth her mantle soft of snow.

What matters then tho' hill and vale are bare?
She clothes them in a dainty garb of white;
Hangs every shrub with icy jewels rare,
And fills the land with echoes of delight
From merry sleigh-bells, and the rythmic beat,
Upon the frozen road, of flying feet.

So comes Thanksgiving Day—as it should come—
With cheerfulness and joy, and ringing bells;
With dear ones gathered round the hearth of home,
While thro' the land a happy chorus swells
Which speaks a Nation's praise to God above,
In thankfulness for His protecting love!
—[Ladies' Home Journal.

Every tissue of the body, every bone, muscle and organ, is made stronger and more healthful by the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The King is the man who can,

Not one in twenty are free from some little ailment caused by inaction of the liver. Use Carter's Little Liver Pills. The result will be a pleasant surprise. They give positive relief.

Bad temper is its own scourge.

Have no equal as a prompt and positive cure for sick headache, biliousness, constipation, pain in the side and all liver troubles. Carter's Little Liver Pills. Try them.

He hath no leisure who useth it not.

A man's wife should always be the same, especially to her husband, but if she is weak and nervous, and uses Carter's Iron Pills, she cannot be, for they make her "feel like a different person," so they all say, and their husbands say so too!

Keep cool and you command everybody.

If you are tired taking the large old-fashioned, griping pills, and are satisfied that purging yourself till you are weak and sick is not good common sense, then try Carter's Little Liver Pills and learn what it is to be free from biliousness, headache, constipation, and all liver troubles. These little pills are smaller, easier to take and give quicker relief than any pill in use. One a dose. Price 25c.

The man who has no trials has no fellowship with Christ.

The careful mother always keeps Salvation Oil handy. Twenty five cents a bottle.

Sincere contradictions are often but two sides of the truth.

"There are millions in it," said a druggist when asked about Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Price 25 cents.

Obstinacy is ever most positive when it is most in the wrong.

For some time past I've been a rheumatic. I recently tried Salvation Oil which gave me almost instant relief. I sincerely recommend it as it has entirely cured me. JAMES GORDON, B lto., Md.

He who knows men is clever; he who knows himself is wise.

The children's health must not be neglected. Cold in the head causes catarrh. Ely's Cream Balm cures at once. It is perfectly safe and is easily applied into the nostrils. The worst cases yielding to it. Price 50c.

The needy man, while affecting to imitate the powerful, comes to ruin.

One of my children had a very bad discharge from her nose. Two physicians prescribed, but without benefit. We tried Ely's Cream Balm, and, much to our surprise, there was a marked improvement. We continued using the Balm and in a short time the discharge was cured.—O. A. Cary, Corning N. Y.

The first step in debt is like the first step in falsehood.

"I remember Johnson's Anodyne Liniment" said an old man, "when I was a boy." Fame now.

Thanks-giving means thanks-living.

To avoid a cold and lameness from wetting, rub the chest with Johnson's Anodyne Liniment.

He who knows how to lead well is sure to be well followed.

Buckler's Arnica Salve

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Chas. M. Cole.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. If disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures Diarrhea, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP."

The Word "Sozodont,"

Which has already become a household word, is derived from the Greek, and composed of two words, Sozo and Odontes. "Sozo" translated means to preserve, and "Odontes" the teeth—"SOZODONT" a preserver of the teeth. And it is true to its name. It beautifies and preserves the teeth, hardens and invigorates the gums, and corrects all impurities of the breath. The odor of this pure preparation is so delightful that it is a luxury to apply it. It is harmless as water. Sold by druggists and perfumers.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

BLAINE

The International City,
Gateway of 2 Great Nations,
Where Commerce Moves with Tide and Rail.

Send to the undersigned for maps and pamphlets which will inform you about Blaine, Puget Sound and the new State of Washington, Blaine the future Metropolis. Population 1889, 75; 1890, 2100. Complete system of electric lights; water works; ten miles 16 foot sidewalks; six miles graded streets; best land-locked harbor on Puget Sound. Four greatest trans-continental Railways. The Canadian Pacific and Great Northern Railways are just completed here. The Northern Pacific is only 15 miles away and the Union Pacific is coming as fast as men and money can build. Now is the time to buy lots and blocks and realize on the great rise in values.

We are the largest owners. Lots range from $75 to $1500. Lots five and ten blocks from water front, $75 and $100; choice, $150 to $300. Terms, one-third down; balance, one year, in equal monthly payments. You get exactly the same terms as given at our office here and in Blaine. By remitting $10 by draft, registered letter or by telegraph, we will select for you the best unsold lots.

References—Every bank and business firm in Seattle; Washington National Bank; Hon. E. O. Graves, President and Ex-Assistant U. S. Treasurer; L. H. Griffith, Realty and Banking Co. and Ex-Governor Eugene Semple, Seattle; First National Bank, Blaine National Bank and Chamber of Commerce, Blaine Washington. Address

New England Land and Harbor Improvement Co.,
OCCIDENTAL BLOCK, SEATTLE, WASH.
4-18-1yr

Banking and Insurance.

INSURANCE NOTICE!

AGENCY OF A. S. SHERMAN

MERCHANTS' BANK

THE FOLLOWING COMPANIES heretofore represented in Newport by Mr. Job T. Langley, deceased, having been transferred to me, policies and renewals in the same will be written at this office, where transfers and endorsements can be made:—

Phenix Ins. Co. of Brooklyn.
Queen Ins. Co. of London.
Lancashire Ins. Co. of Manchester.
Scottish Union & National of Edinburgh and London.
Northern Assurance Co., of London.

The above companies in addition to those already represented by me, enable me to write for any amount desired, at the lowest rates, and the high standing and character of the companies offer the strongest indemnity against fire.

Niagara Ins. Co. of N. Y.	$2,066,295
American Ins. Co. of Philadelphia	2,361,558
Fire Association of Philadelphia	4,250,146
Phenix Ins. Co. of Hartford	5,709,128
Imperial Ins. Co. of London	8,735,098
Guardian Ins. Co. of London	7,997,136
Providence Washington Ins. Co. of Providence	396,424
British American Ins. Co. of Toronto	962,443
Phenix Ins. Co. of Brooklyn	5,383,171
Queen Ins. Co. of London	7,278,491
Lancashire Ins. Co. of Manchester	3,460,181
Scottish Union & Nat'l Ins. Co of Edinburgh	5,322,374
Northern Assurance Co. of London	5,386,670
Phenix Assurance Co. of London	7,387,179

A. S. SHERMAN,
7-2 Office Merchants' Bank.

H. BULL, JR. WM. G. WARD,

For your insurance on building, stock trade or other property, call on

BULL & WARD,

197 Thames Street,

Who represent the best English and American Companies. Then if your property is damaged by

Fire or Lightning,

Or your plate glass broken, your losses will be promptly met and settled. In all losses which have occurred at this agency, have always given satisfactory and

Liberal Settlement.

Telephone No. 6556. 5-2

PROVIDENCE MUTUAL

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

(Incorporated A. D. 1800.)

CASH ASSETS - $220,000.

This Company has paid the people of Rhode Island more than $500,000 in losses promptly in and satisfactory settlements.

It insures against both fire and lightning, has a liberal form of policy and furnishes the best insurance at the least cost.

H. R. BARKER, President.
H. C. WATERS, Secretary.

Home Office: 45 WESTMINSTER ST., PROVIDENCE R. I.

Agent at

NEWPORT, R. I. - HENRY BULL, JR.

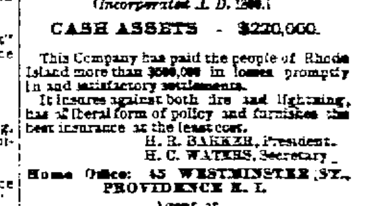
CHASE'S RENOVATING COMPOUND FOR DISEASES OF POULTRY.

AT the solicitation of many people who have used this remedy for their poultry the discoverer has put it in the market.

JOHN H. CHASE, Proprietor,
General Agency at Taylor's Pharmacy, Broadway.

THE GLORY OF MAN
STRENGTH VITALITY

How Lost! How Regained.



KNOW THYSELF.
THE SCIENCE OF LIFE

A Scientific and Standard Popular Medical Treatise on the Errors of Youth, Premature Decline, [illegible] Impurities [illegible]

EXHAUSTED VITALITY
UNTOLD MISERIES

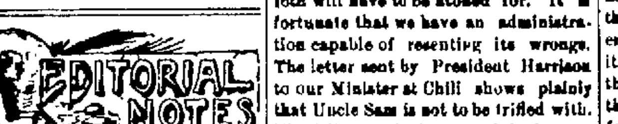
[illegible] Wm. H. Parker, M. D. [illegible] GOLD AND JEWELLED MEDAL [illegible] National Medical Association [illegible] PRIZE ESSAY on NERVOUS and PHYSICAL DEBILITY. Dr. Parker and a corps of Assistant Physicians may be consulted, [illegible] by mail or in person, at the office of THE PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass., to whom [illegible] be directed as above.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The Mercury.

JOHN P. SANBORN, Editor and Proprietor

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1891.



The New York Court of Appeals has decided that the Tilden will is void and the property will now go to the legal heirs.

Next Tuesday will be an important day in some of our biggest states, for on that day occurs the state elections in New York, Massachusetts, Ohio and Pennsylvania.

According to an eminent London physician, the grip epidemic is likely to recur at any time, and having had it once is no protection against having it again. There isn't much comfort in this.

Woonsocket it is claimed will have four candidates for mayor in the field this fall. The youngest city in the State does not propose to be behind her older sisters in the matter of applicants for office.

It is now given out that Jay Gould will return to Wall Street, but will not be as active as formerly. Still, it will undoubtedly be quite lively for the parties who get on the opposite side of the market.

Mayor Pond will without doubt be renominated for mayor of Woonsocket, and Mayor Smith, of Providence, will receive similar honor at the hands of his party. It is quite probable that both will be successful.

Last year Gov. Russell was elected in Massachusetts because 25,000 Republican voters stayed at home and 10,000 voted for the present governor. It will require 155,000 Republican votes this year to elect Colonel Allen. So says the Salem Register.

The political canvass in Pawtucket is getting red hot. It is said by those who ought to know that the Sherman or citizen's ticket will draw but few votes for the Democratic nominee, and hence the chances of Carroll's election are very much improved.

French flour merchants say that American flour is displacing the native manufacture in the favor of bakers, and can be laid down at such rates that it does not pay to import wheat for milling. That is the legitimate evolution of American trade. We should not pay freight to the seaboard and across the ocean on bulky wheat when we can send it condensed in flour, besides encouraging our own millers.

Mr. Blaine's health and the personality of the man of the iron mask appear to be alike interesting from the pains taken to make them so.—[Providence Journal.

Please show us any one if you can who is manifesting more sleepless anxiety into "Mr. Blaine's health" than this same Journal editor. His chief trouble seems to arise from the fact that his saying that Blaine is a sick man does not necessarily make him one.

In addition to his new electric street car motor, which will do away with overhead wires and storage batteries, Mr. Edison, it is announced, has perfected a motor for use on steam railroads with which he expects to attain a speed of one hundred miles an hour. It begins to look as if the time was rapidly approaching when steam, as a motive power on railways, would be superseded almost entirely by this wonderful new force, the adaptabilities of which seem unlimited.

The startling growth of the debt of Canada, which has increased from $78,-209,742 in 1870 to $238,000,000 in 1890, with a population about at a standstill and a stagnant trade, is stirring that country to its depth. Free comment is made about these matters, and attention is now drawn to the fact that while the United States government has reduced its debt from $50 to $16.50 per head in twenty years, Canada has run up hers from $21 to $47, and the results or returns do not compensate for the vastness of the new debt, with its oppressive load of interest.

Let the agitation for the widening of Thames street be carried on in earnest. If the street is not widened business will be rapidly driven to other sections of the town, particularly to Bellevue avenue, where the stores are nearly all in the hands of foreign dealers. The number of these kind of stores on Bellevue avenue has increased in twenty years from about half a dozen to over one hundred, and more are being added every year. Now all the business carried to that section of the town is so much out of the pockets of our merchants who remain here the year round and who pay the taxes. If Thames street is not protected by widening it, the time is not far distant when it will be of as little importance as Spring street.

Hospital Steward J. H. Sanborn, formerly for several years stationed at Fort Adams, but at present at Jefferson Barracks, contemplates making Newport his home upon his retirement from the service which will be very soon.

St. Mary's Church, South Portsmouth, will be reopened on Sunday, (to-morrow), All Saints Day, with the usual service at 11 A. M. Sunday School at 10 A. M.

The United States cruiser Petrel, of which Past Assistant Paymaster T. J. Cowie, late of the Torpedo Station, is one of the officers, is expected to sail from New York for China to-morrow.

Chili Must Settle.

Our government does not propose to stand any more nonsense with Chili. The outrage committed upon our sailors in the city of Valparaiso on October 16th will have to be atoned for. It is fortunate that we have an administration capable of resenting its wrongs. The letter sent by President Harrison to our Minister at Chili shows plainly that Uncle Sam is not to be trifled with. The following is the text of the letter:

To EGAN, American Minister, Sant'ago, Chili:—

Immediately upon receipt of information of the assaults made on the 16th instant in the streets of Valparaiso upon a number of American sailors belonging to the United States man-of-war Baltimore, now in that harbor, the commander of that vessel, Captain W. S. Schley, was directed to cause an immediate and thorough inquiry to be made into the origin and incidents of that tragic affair and communicate the results simultaneously to this government and to you. His report, under date or yesterday, has just been transmitted to this department by the Secretary of the Navy, who advises me that a copy of the report was forwarded by Captain Schley to you.

You will observe that the Board of Officers selected by Captain Schley to investigate this affair report that our sailors were unarmed and gave no provocation; that the assaults upon them were by armed men, greatly superior in numbers, and, as we must conclude, animated in their bloody work by hostility to these men as sailors of the United States. You will also notice that the character of some of the wounds indicates that the public police, or some of them, took part in the attack, and will also observe that other American sailors were without any apparent fault arrested and for some time held by the authorities.

The friendly efforts of a few of the public officers to give succor to our men furnish the only redeeming incident of this affair. This cruel work, so injurious to the United States, took place on the 16th inst., and yet no expression of regret or of a purpose to make searching inquiry with a view to the institution of proper proceedings for the punishment of the guilty parties has been, so far as I am advised, offered to this government.

You will at once bring to the attention of the government of Chili the facts as reported to you by Captain Schley, and will inquire whether there are any qualifying facts in the possession of that government or any explanation to be offered of an event that has deeply pained the people of the United States, not only by reason of the resulting death of one of our sailors and the pitiless wounding of others, but even more as an apparent expression of an unfriendliness toward this government, which might put in peril the amicable relations between the two countries.

If the facts are as reported by Captain Schley this government cannot doubt that the government of Chili will offer prompt and full reparation. You will furnish the Foreign Office a full paraphrase of this despatch and report promptly to this government.

Woman Suffrage in Illinois.

The Illinois law with reference to woman suffrage must be a peculiar one, if we may judge by the various constructions that are put upon it. There is a Superintendent of Schools to be chosen on the first Tuesday in November, and many women desire to participate in the election, claiming that they have a right to do so under an act of the Legislature.

It is claimed in some quarters that the act is unconstitutional, but this contention is hooted at by others as absurd. The chief difficulty, however, seems to be to determine what the act means.

The Election Commissioners have attempted to construe the law in their instructions to judges and clerks in reference to the registration. In these instructions they say.

"Only such women as have received a certificate of naturalization from some court of record in this State prior to January 1, 1870, are entitled to register."

This ruling excludes from registration all native-born women, and a very large percentage of those born abroad. Assuming that this construction is correct, the object of the Legislature in passing the law is something of a puzzle to outsiders. One of the Commissioners, however, objected to having his name attached to these instructions and contended that all women having the qualifications of age, residence and citizenship required of males in article 7 of the Constitution were entitled to register. The result was that the registration officers in some instances refused to put the names of women upon the books at all, and in others put them on without filling the blanks stating whether or not they were qualified voters.

Dun's Mercantile review says the business is remarkably active and increasing in volume at the West, improving at the South, and distinctly less dull than it was a week ago at Eastern cities. Collections are improving in nearly all directions, as the liberal movement of crops enables the farmers to settle their accounts and to make purchases for the coming season. The money markets are nowhere stringent, at nearly all important points being quite easy, though with a noticeable improvement in the demand. These signs plainly promise a strong trade for the fall and winter unless disturbances which cannot now be foreseen should interrupt, and while there is a flurry of monetary excitement abroad, it is not likely at this season to disturb American trade or finances. This country on account of its heavy exports is largely a creditor of other nations, and far less than usual dependent upon them.

The Industrial Trust Company of Providence, of which ex-Attorney General Colt is president, and ex-Secretary of State Addeman is treasurer, is about to build a new, handsome and commodious seven story building in Providence. It will extend from Westminster street to Exchange Place, and be one of the finest buildings in Providence.

Steam ferry boat Jamestown, has gone on to the ways at Eddy's.

Strengthen Our Northern Border.

The arrangement which has just been made by England to transport her troops to and from India by way of the Canadian Pacific may be considered the acquisition of a proprietary interest in that great railroad by the British Government. It doubtless will have over it in time of war a control similar to that which it exercises in the case of the great ocean steamships, which at a few days' notice can be transformed into formidable cruisers. Although this new arrangement has primarily to do with the British possessions in India and Australia, it has considerable significance for the United States. It will serve as an object lesson which may result in good. It will show how easily this country can be invaded along the great length of its northern border should we at any time become involved in war with the mother country, and that it would serve to place us between two lines of attack, that by the powerful fleets of England on our unprotected coast, and that by vast armies of British regulars and Indian Sepoys along our northern boundary. What damage could be inflicted by sea and land under such circumstances and in our present state of defenselessness, it would be well for our people to consider. Hitherto they have been too prone to rely upon the innate strength of the nation and its undoubted courage to meet any emergency which may arise. But they have been accustomed to imagine that they would themselves be free from danger, separated as they are by a vast interval from the coasts which they have imagined would bear the brunt of the attack. The conversion of the Canadian Pacific, however, into a military highway will show them how easy it will be to bring an invading army right into their midst. Perhaps this fact may cause them to realize that their opposition to the appropriation of money to put this country in a position to defend itself is not so wise as they thought. At any rate, it will be a good subject for a little earnest thought.

The workmen on the new War College building on Coasters' Harbor Island have struck because of objections to certain men employed on the job.

Deputy Collector Hammett has just received a patent for a carpet sweeper, which it is thought will be found a great improvement on those now in use.

Mr. W. T. Stevens, the popular station agent at Bowenville, is recovering from a slow fever and hopes to be at his post again next week.

Minneapolis.

In order that our readers may see at a glance something of the character and scope of the Flour city of our continent, its phenomenal growth in population, its commercial and manufacturing enterprises, we present the latest vital statistics:

Population	1854	75
"	1855	250
"	1860	5,801
"	1870	13,806
"	1880	46,887
"	1885	129,000
"	1890	167,235
Vote cast Nov. 6, 1890		47,000
School enrollment, 1890		25,325
Number of buildings erected, 1890, 4,587 cost of same, over		$15,000,000
Number of churches 167, valued at over		$6,000,000
Bank clearings, 1891		$343,913,022
Value of flour output, 1890		$31,911,51
Feet of lumber sawed, 1890		343,673,702
Assessed value, 1890		$157,102,176
Wholesale trade, 1891		$200,000,00
Manufactured products, 1890		45,271,110
Consideration of real estate transfers		$31,573,653
Area park system 1,203 acres valued at over		$1,000,000
Number of banks Nov. 1, 1891		21
Banking capital		$7,735,00
Bank clearings		$249,22[illegible],061
Miles of streets		500
Miles of paving		30
Miles of sewer		81
Miles of water main		162
Number of bridges		31
Daily capacity of water works gallons		75,000,000
Newspapers and periodicals		84
Public library volumes		40,000

Worcester tells a strange weather story, when it describes the condition of things last Friday morning. The ground was covered with from two to four inches of damp snow. The leaves were still on the trees, scarcely turned to autumn colors, for there had been no killing frosts, and flowers in flower gardens were still in bloom. The trees were loaded with damp snow, and long branches bent to the ground, in some places nearly blocking highways. In the orchards unpicked red Baldwin apples peeped out from the snow-covered branches. It is the earliest snow in this vicinity since 1876, when there was a heavy fall on Oct. 15th

The Australian ballot system has made rapid progress since its first introduction in this country. It has been adopted, in a more or less modified form, by twenty-five of the forty-four States of the American Union.

TIVERTON.

Mrs. Henry T. Arnold of Plainfield, Conn., was in town Wednesday.

Mrs. Richmond Simmons, of Adamsville, is visiting Mrs. Isaac G. White.

The social held at White's Hall, Wednesday evening, was a very pleasant affair. There was a good attendance. Music for dancing was furnished by Messrs. Hind and Healy of New Bedford.

An Olneyville man came near losing his life on Thursday of last week, by drinking a solution of potash and ammonia by mistake for a home-brewed beer. The two fluids were kept in similar jugs.

WELL BOUGHT,

Half Sold, is an old adage from a wise man. Good whiskey ready at hand often breaks up a cold and wards off disease. G. O. Taylor Old Bourbon or G. O. Taylor Pure Rye can always be depended on for purity. In bottles bearing firm name of Chester H. Graves & Sons over cork and on label insures genuineness. Druggists and Grocers sell it. CHESTER H. GRAVES & SONS, Sole Proprietors, Boston, Mass.

WASHINGTON MATTERS.

The Chilian Affair—The President Mad—The Democratic Presidential Candidates—A Different Case—Secretary Blaine Back Again at His Desk—Ex-Speaker Reed in Washington—Ex-Senator Ingalls Calls Round Occasionally.

(From our regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 26, 1891.

The President is not a man whose wrath is easily stirred up, but it would have been difficult, if not impossible, to have found a more wrathful man than he was when he received official particulars of the deliberate insult to the American flag by a Chilian mob in attacking a number of inoffensive and unarmed sailors belonging to the U. S. S. Baltimore, on streets of Valparaiso, killing one man outright and wounding a number of others, several of whom it is thought will die. As if that were not enough the Chilian authorities arrested and threw into prison the sailors who escaped the fury of the mob. The President called a conference of the Cabinet, before which he read a dispatch he had prepared to be sent to Minister Egan instructing him to demand an immediate and full apology, and a punishment of the leaders of the mob. An attempt is being made here, by those who are always opposed to seeing this goverment display anything like stalwart Americanism, to make it appear that this case is similar to the New Orleans killing of the Italian members of the Mafia; but there is not the slightest resemblance. In that case the Italians left their own country and were voluntarily living in the United States upon the same footing as our citizens; in this case the men attacked are wearing the uniforms of United States sailors and were only temorarily absent from their ship which was laying in the harbor, near at hand, flying the flag of the United States. Our naval force at present in the vicinity of Chili is unfortunately small, but if necessary we can mass a sufficient force there to teach these upstarts a lesson that will not soon be forgotten. The administration is determined that the fullest reparation shall be made for this insult.

Senator Palmer, of Illinois, now in Washington, has a good deal to say about probable democratic Presidential candidates from other States, but for some reason he has not a word to say about the gentleman from his own State—Hon. W. R. ("Horizontal Bill") Morrison—who devotes that portion of the Interstate Commerce Commission to imagining that he is in the field as a democratic Presidential candidate. Perhaps Senator Palmer has not heard about this Illinois candidate.

Hon. George S. Batchell, of New York, U. S. Minister to Portugal and formerly Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, is in Washington conferring with the Department of State on the treaty which is being negotiated by him with Poatugal. He goes to New York this week to take part in the campaign, which he is confident will result in the election of Fassett.

Attorney-General Miller is just now puzzling his brain to answer a question asked by the U. S. Marshall at Perbina, North Dakota. Two Chinamen were ordered by U. S. Commissioner before whom they were tried, to be returned to Canada, the country whence they came; the Marshal took them to the Canadian border but the Canadian official declined to let the Chinamen in unless they paid the head tax of $50 each which Canadian law imposes upon Chinese immigrants. This the Chinamen refuse to pay, and the Marshal still has them in custody telegraphed to the Attorney General for instruction. The trouble seems to have risen from a diversity of decisions as to which is the country Chinamen should be sent back to, China or the last country they came from when they enter the United States.

Secretary Blaine, looking the very picture of manly vigor, entered his office at the State Department to-day for the first time in nearly six months. During the time he remained in the office he was given no opportunity to do anything else but receive the congratulations and good wishes of the stream of callers which embraced about all the prominent people in Washington. He called on the President within half an hour after his return to Washington and yesterday he spent several hours with Mr. Harrison. The relation between the two men being of the most cordial nature.

Ex-Speaker Reed stopped in Washington on his way to Ohio where he has gone to speak for McKinley. He reports the prospects for the republican success in Massachusetts, where he has been campaigning, to be excellent. He thinks it only a question of getting out the full vote for the republicans to carry the State by a handsome majority.

Ex Senator Ingalls passed through Washington on his way to deliver a lecture at Toledo, Ohio He says the recent reports of his illness were exaggerated. He had some trouble with his throat, owing to his overtaxing it by lecturing too often. J. B.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Use [illegible]'s Cocoa for Breakfast and Sup[illegible] healthful [illegible] their Family [illegible] cooking, cakes, [illegible] etc.

To enjoy sound digestion and vigorous health, use Adams' Tuttifrutti after meals. It never fails to aid digestion. 8-S-3m.

Nothing On Earth Will

MAKE HENS LAY

LIKE

Sheridan's Condition Powder!

It is absolutely pure. Highly concentrated. In quantity it costs less than a tenth of a cent a day. Strictly a medicine. Prevents and cures all diseases. Good for young chicks. Worth more than Gold when hens moult. If you can't get it send to us. Sample 25 cents, five $1.00. Sample Copy Best Poultry Paper sent free. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass.

EVERY MOTHER

Should Have It in The House.

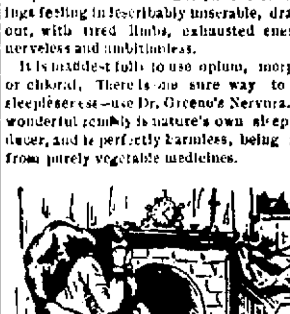
Dropped on Sugar, Children Love

Johnson's Anodyne Liniment

And take it for Croup, Colds, Sore Throat, Cramps, Pains. Stops Inflammation, in body or limb, like magic. Cures Coughs, Asthma, Catarrh, Colic, Cholera Morbus, Rheumatic Pains, Neuralgia, Lame Back, Stiff Joints, Strains. Illustrated Book free. Price, 35 cents; Six $2.00. Sold by druggists. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

YOUR MOST DANGEROUS FOE.

And How To Surely Overcome It.

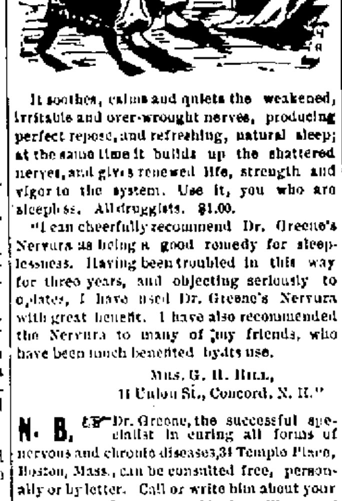


Sleeplessness is a rapid road to the insane asylum.

Men allow care, anxiety or business troubles to drive sleep from their eyelids, while women, with unstrung nerves and excitable temperaments, pass hours upon hours each night in sleepless, restless misery.

What wonder that there are so many shattered nerves, tired brains and debilitated bodies, when we consider the thousands who pass sleepless or disturbed nights, and rise mornings feeling indescribably miserable, dragged out, with tired limbs, exhausted energies, nerveless and ambitionless.

It is maddest folly to use opium, morphine or chloral. There is one sure way to cure sleeplessness—use Dr. Greene's Nervura. This wonderful remedy is nature's own sleep producer, and is perfectly harmless, being made from purely vegetable medicines.



It soothes, calms and quiets the weakened, irritable and over-wrought nerves, producing perfect repose, and refreshing, natural sleep; at the same time it builds up the shattered nerves, and gives renewed life, strength and vigor to the system. Use it, you who are sleepless. All druggists. $1.00.

"I can cheerfully recommend Dr. Greene's Nervura as being a good remedy for sleeplessness. Having been troubled in this way for three years, and objecting seriously to opiates, I have used Dr. Greene's Nervura with great benefit. I have also recommended the Nervura to many of my friends, who have been much benefited by its use.

MRS. G. H. HILL,
11 Union St., Concord, N. H."

N. B. Dr. Greene, the successful specialist in curing all forms of nervous and chronic diseases, 34 Temple Place, Boston, Mass., can be consulted free, personally or by letter. Call or write him about your case, or send for symptom blank to fill out, and a letter fully explaining your disease, giving advice, etc., will be returned free.

WEEKLY ALMANAC.

NOVEMBER 1891. STANDARD TIME.

	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon sets	High water Morn	Eve
31 Sat	6 28	4 58	5 13	5 37	6 12
2 Sun	6 30	4 57	6 13	6 06	6 40
2 Mon	6 31	4 56	sets	6 40	7 12
3 Tues	6 32	4 55	6 1	7 17	7 51
4 Wed	6 33	4 53	6 40	1 01	8 39
5 Thurs	6 35	4 52	7 25	8 50	9 38
6 Fri	6 36	4 51	8 23	9 48	10 51

New Moon 1st day, 1h. 33m., evening.
First Quarter, 9th day, 3h. 44m., morning.
Full Moon, 15th day, 7h. 16m., evening.
Last Quarter, 23d day, 3h. 24m., morning.

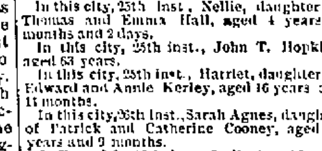
A.O'D. Taylor.

1— Mr. Taylor can at present procure tenants for two farms, dwelling house needed on each, one say about $200 a year, for poultry and vegetables, 5 to 12 acres. Another for vegetables at about same figure or $250. Farmers desirous to let can write or call.

2— Mr. Taylor has also a buyer for a desirable farm, with residence, not more than 4 miles from Newport, cost not to exceed $5,000.

3— Houses and tenements, and cottages for summer and winter. A number to select from.

Office 124 Bellevue Avenue,
NEWPORT, R. I.



In this city, 25th inst., Nellie, daughter of Thomas and Emma Hall, aged 4 years, 7 months and 2 days.

In this city, 25th inst., John T. Hopkins aged 63 years.

In this city, 25th inst., Harriet, daughter of Edward and Annie Kerley, aged 16 years and 11 months.

In this city, 26th inst., Sarah Agnes, daughter of Patrick and Catherine Cooney, aged 11 years and 9 months.

In Peacedale, 18th inst., Lydia A., widow of Peter Taylor, in the 76th year of her age, formerly of Portsmouth.

At Pomfret, Conn., 24th inst., Louise Clare, wife of the late Washington Hoppin, M. D., of Providence, and daughter of the late Major John Rogers Vinton, U. S. Army.

In Providence, 27th inst., John A. Spencer, 76; 25th, Poynton I. H., infant son of R. I. and E. A. H. Gammell; 25th, Charles A. Jones, 60.

In Bristol, 25th inst., David C. Morrill, in his 82d year.

In Arlington, 26th inst., Anthony Phillips, in his 74th year.

In Pawtucket, 25th inst., Mrs. Mary Carey, in her 79th year.

At Narragansett Pier, 26th inst., Julia A., widow of George H. Davis, in her 54th year.

In Glocester, 26th inst., Huldy, widow of William T. Steere, in her 90th year.

In Cumberland, 26th inst., Nathan Weatherhead, in his 72d year.

For that distress after eating try ADAMS' PEPSIN TUTTI-FRUTTI. Guaranteed a specific for indigestion.

FRAUDS

will be

Perpetrated for Gain.

Unscrupulous manufacturers of medicines are offering to supply the retail druggists with an article put up in RED wrapper, almost identical in general appearance, and closely assimulated in every detail to Carter's Little Liver Pills.

In this way they hope to profit by the merit of Carter's Little Liver Pills, and palm off an imitation on the unsuspecting sufferer and purchaser.

It is the source of wonder to honest people, that there are men ready and willing to perpetrate such frauds.

Let them beware; a day of reckoning will surely come, there are "upright judges" in the land who will punish such people.

When you go for a bottle of Carter's Little Liver Pills, ask for "CARTER'S" insist upon having "CARTER'S," and see that you get "C-A-R-T-E-R-'-S."

The proprietors of Carter's Little Liver Pills have spent hundreds of thousands of dollars to make their value known. True merit always wins with the people, CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS have won.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR SICK HEADACHE.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

WALL PAPER

We Sell More Wall Paper than All Other Dealers in New England

(Outside of Boston) so the Manufacturers say. The reasons are that we SELL at LOWEST PRICES; KEEP ONLY BEST GOODS, and let people know WHAT we keep and HOW CHEAP we sell.

LOOK AT SOME OF OUR PRICES.		OTHERS ASK FOR SAME GOODS.
PRETTY PAPERS WITHOUT GILT	3 to 5 cts. per Roll	5 to 15 cts. per Roll.
HANDSOME GILT PAPERS	5 to 12 cts. "	12 to 25 cts. "
ELEGANT EMBOSSED GOLDS	10 to 25 cts. "	25 to 50 cts. "
BORDERS, ABOUT 1-4 PRICE	1 ct. a Yard.	3 to 5 cts. per Yard.
BORDERS	3 cts. "	5 to 15 cts. "

SEND FOR SAMPLES OR CALL AT EITHER OF OUR THREE STORES;

F. H. CADY, 305 High Street, PROVIDENCE, R. I. 3 Irons Block, OLNEYVILLE, R. I. 369 Main Street, PAWTUCKET, R. I.

We will send Samples anywhere on Receipt of Card.

EGGS! EGGS! EGGS! At 30c. a doz. what can be more profitable, if you use Imperial Egg Food. Sheridan's or Haven's Condition Powders. Beef Scraps, Oyster Shells, Bone, Buckwheat, with Sulphur, Insect Powder, Tobacco Dust, and Stems, Nest Eggs, Chicken Fountains. Have these and use them and your hens will lay.

Clothe Your Horses Well and save the price in your feed. Your horses can't go far with a cold, either when in use or when in the stable. BLANKETS in all shapes, patterns and prices to meet all demands. Fine Lap Robes, Skins, Whips, Harnesses, etc.

BULBS to decorate your homes. Get a catalogue and make your selections early. Over 300 varieties just received from Holland. The largest importation ever made to this city.

WOODEN WARE, IRON-CLAD ENAMEL WARE,

the best of all makes. It wears better, costs less, and always keeps sweet and clean. Look no longer for tinware. This is the cheapest and best dish on the market.

LANTERNS all patterns from the Stable to the Pocket Bull's Eye.

PAINT with Prince's English Tinted Lead. This paint has had a most remarkable trade for the short time that it has been on the market. The price is low and it gives satisfaction everywhere.

HARDWARE Use the Lane's or Cronk Door Hangers. None equal, made of steel, never unhang, no track under foot.

PAPER ROOFING has proven to be the cheapest and best in all cases. I sell thousands of feet yearly and anyone can lay it. Paint the old roof with ROOF CEMENT and this will keep it tight.

Carts, Tricycles and Bicycles, H. & B. Pocket Knives. Every one warranted.

USE THE **NEW ERA CLOTHES WASHER.** It saves labor, soap, fuel and the clothes. Every household needs one.

GEORGE A. WEAVER,
19 & 23 Broadway

Did You Ever Stop and Think

That the grain bags you have borrowed and have not returned, what an important thing it is to the one who loaned them. I have lost in the last ten years bags enough to cover a

Driveway for a Team 3 1-4 Miles Long and 6 ft. 8 in. wide or Cover a Pathway 25 in. wide and 10 1-2 miles long.

Now the harvesting season is about to close, will you please

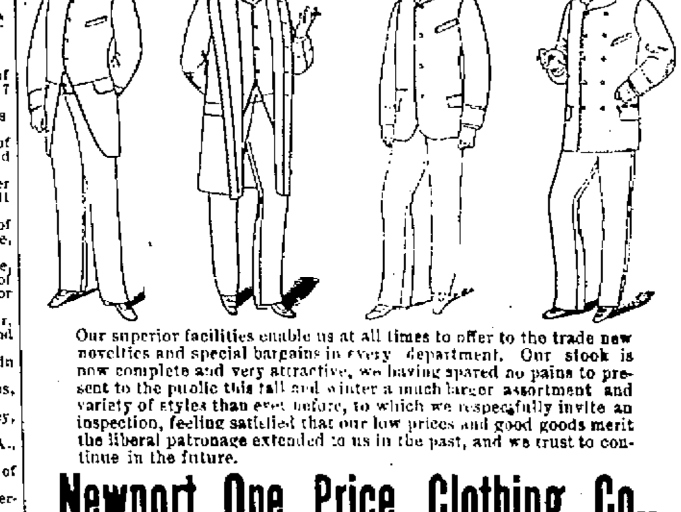
Pick Up My Bags and Return Them.

Bags with the Following Marks Belong to Me, viz.:

A. A. Barker, M. W. & Co., Marsh, White & Co., Baker, Hale & Co., and B. E. & M. Co.

A. A. BARKER,
162 & 164
BROADWAY.

Our Fall Stock is Now Complete.



Our superior facilities enable us at all times to offer to the trade new novelties and special bargains in every department. Our stock is now complete and very attractive, we having spared no pains to present to the public this fall and winter a much larger assortment and variety of styles than ever before, to which we respectfully invite an inspection, feeling satisfied that our low prices and good goods merit the liberal patronage extended to us in the past, and we trust to continue in the future.

Newport One Price Clothing Co.,
Leading Clothiers, Hatters and Men's, Boys' and Children's Outfitters,
208 THAMES STREET. 208

Schreier's
Queen Anne Millinery Establishment,
143 THAMES STREET.

Now ready,— TRIMMED HATS in every shape Beautiful Designs Low Price

Jet Coronets Edgings Aigrettes and Ornaments

All the New Shapes in Untrimmed Hats in Felt and Napped Beaver.	Children's Hats and Bonnets in Plush, Silk and Velvet.	Fancy Feathers, Ostrich Tips and Pompons.

A BAD HUMOR CURED.

$5,000 Expended on Doctors and Medicine without avail. Gave Himself up to Die.

Good Wife suggests Cuticura Remedies. Uses them 17 months, and is entirely Cured.

I was in the war during 1863-64, and took a heavy cold at Gettysburg, from which I never fully recovered. In 1875 I broke out in sores all over my chest and shoulder, which seemed impossible to cure. I tried all the famed doctors I could find, but to no avail. I expended some five thousand dollars trying to find a cure, but could not, and finally giving myself up to die, my good wife suggested to me one day to try the CUTICURA REMEDIES, which were so extensively advertised and used. I followed her suggestion, and am happy to say by diligent application of your CUTICURA REMEDIES for seven months, I was entirely cured, after spending five years of time and money without avail, and am a sound and well man today. You may refer to me if you wish, as I will tell anyone who may call on me my experience. C. L. PEARSALL, 1 Fulton Fish Market, New York.

April 13, 1890.

Cuticura Remedies.

These grateful testimonials tell the story of great physical suffering, of mental anguish, by reason of humiliating disfigurations, and of threatened dangers happily and speedily ended, by the CUTICURA REMEDIES, the greatest Skin Cures, Blood Purifiers and Humor Remedies the world has ever known.

CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood and Skin Purifier, internally (to cleanse the blood of all impurities and poisonous elements), and CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Purifier and Beautifier, externally, (to clear the skin and scalp and restore the hair), cure every disease and humor of the skin, scalp and blood, with loss of hair, from infancy to age, from pimples to scrofula, when the best physicians, hospitals, and all other remedies fail.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, $1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.

☞ Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, black-heads, red, rough, chapped, and oily skin cured by CUTICURA SOAP.

NO RHEUMATIZ ABOUT ME! In one minute the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster relieves rheumatic, sciatic, hip, kidney, muscular and chest pains. The first and only instantaneous pain killing strengthening plaster.

Macullar, Parker & Company.

CUSTOM TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

113 Westminster Street, Providence
398 Washington Street, Boston.

RETAIL CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

113 Westminster Street, Providence.
400 Washington Street, Boston.

BOYS' CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

112 Westminster Street, Providence
400 Washington Street, Boston.

FURNISHING GOODS DEPARTMENT

400 Washington Street, Boston.

WHOLESALE CLOTH DEPARTMENT.

31 Hawley Street, Boston.

LONDON OFFICE.

30 Golden Square, London.

10-18

Rubber Shoes unless worn uncomfortably tight generally slip off the feet.

THE "COLCHESTER" RUBBER CO

make all their shoes with inside of heel lined with rubber. This clings to the shoe and prevents the rubber from slipping off.

Call for the "Colchester"

"ADHESIVE COUNTERS."

SAGE & CO., Boston, Exclusive Wholesale Agents

At Retail by

C. H. BURDICK & CO
T. M. NORMAN.
G. H. POPPLE.
T. M. SEABURY.
JOHN M. SWAN 9-6

DRUNKENNESS—LIQUOR HABIT—In all the world there is but one cure, Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been cured who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and today believe that they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effect results from its administration. Cures guaranteed. Send for circular and full particulars. Address in confidence, GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race Street, Cincinnati, O. 2-16-1y

Christmas Talk.

What shall I make my family a present of this coming Christmas? I don't think I could please them all better than have a

LIFE SIZE CRAYON PORTRAIT.

It costs but

$12.00

for the very best at Holloway's, and it will last a life-time. It requires about three weeks' time to get one, so I'll send my order right in and give him a chance to finish it before the grand rush. The portraits made by

Holloway

are extra fine in quality and likeness and make superb Holiday gifts.

HIDDEN UNDER A ROCK.

Coy Goes Up a Mountain and Digs Up Whalen's Coat and Vest.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Oct. 28.—William Coy, the slayer of John Whalen, has revealed the hiding place of Whalen's coat and vest, which he had buried on the mountain near where the body was found on the 13th. Coy told Sheriff Crosby that so many lies had been told about Whalen's clothes that he would settle the matter by going with them and digging up the clothes. Accordingly Sheriff Crosby, Detective Pease and Coy drove to Washington.

Coy, handcuffed to Pease, led the way up the mountain road near which the body was found. He turned off on the opposite side from the grave and went to the bank of a small brook which flows down the mountain, stopping at a large shelving rock on the bank. He dug about a foot under the rock, reached in and pulled out the missing garments. The clothes were badly mildewed, and it will take a chemical analysis to determine if they are stained with blood. If so it is a point in corroboration of Coy's self-defense story. If not, it strengthens the evidence against him.

Mrs. Coy accompanied the party and when a stop was made at the house on the way back from the mountain she became greatly agitated as Coy again related the story of the crime and pointed out the position of himself and Whalen on the night of the killing.

The preliminary hearing of the case begins on Wednesday night.

LOVED THE LAND OF THE FREE.

Corean Prince Who Made Many Sacrifices Killed by a Train.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—Su Penn, a Corean prince, was killed by a train at College Station, Md., near this city. He came to the country with the commission sent out by Corea many years ago to investigate the progress of civilization in foreign countries, and decided to make his home here. His persistent refusals to return caused the confiscation of large estates owned by him. Becoming interested in agricultural advancement, he studied at the Maryland Agricultural college, and after being graduated last June obtained a position in the agricultural department, where he devoted himself to translating and compiling data concerning agriculture in China, Japan and Corea. Su Penn was 40 years of age. Recently he endeavored to obtain permission to return to his native country, but the request was refused.

PLENTIFUL SUPPLY OF APPLES

Has Induced Many Nutmeg State Folks to Manufacture Cider Brandy.

NEW HAVEN, Oct. 24.—United States Gauger Scott, who is detailed to look after the cider brandy distillers of the state, made a visit to the wholesale house of Edward McCarthy in this city yesterday, and made a seizure of five packages of the stuff. Complaint has been made to Revenue Collector Richardson. Gauger Scott says there is such a big crop of apples this year that all the brandy distilleries are running at their fullest capacity, and that many new ones have been established. A skating rink in Wallingford has been converted into a cider brandy distillery. Indeed, everybody in the rural districts of the state who can find the copper kettle seems to have gone into the business of making cider brandy. There is more cider brandy made in Connecticut than in any other state in the Union. New Jersey and southern New York rank next.

THE QUEBEC SCANDAL.

Contractor McGreevy and Boodler Murphy Found Guilty—Bonds Forfeited.

QUEBEC, Oct. 24.—O. E. Murphy, of New York "boodle" fame, and Robert McGreevy, the "crooked" public works contractor, did not answer to the charge of conspiracy preferred against them by Contractor Michael Connelly, who alleges that they attempted to extort $500,000 from him. The case was proceeded with, notwithstanding their absence. The jury rendered a verdict of guilty. Two valises containing valuable documents connected with the case, were carried from the court house. Judge Bosse declared Murphy and McGreevy's bonds forfeited. McGreevy's bondsman is J. I. Tarte, who exposed in parliament the crookedness of McGreevy, Murphy and Connolly.

Italy's Prosperous Condition.

ROME, Oct. 30.—Sig. A. Ercoles, under secretary of the agricultural department, says that the crops in Italy were all above the average yield. The yield of wheat is 15,150,000 quarters; of maize, 3,08,000; of oats, 2,050,000; of barley, 1,201,000, and of rice, 2,403,000. Eighty-five per cent of the wheat crop is of very good quality. The yield of wine is expected to be large in quantity and fine in quality, and the orange and lemon crops are most promising. Taken altogether, Italy, Sig. Arcoles declared, has not been in such a prosperous condition in many years.

BOSTON PRODUCE MARKET.

Thursday, Oct. 29.

FLOUR—The market is very little changed. There is a moderate demand for flour at prices a little under the features of a week ago, but quotations are nominally unchanged.

CORN—Firm. The quotations for shipping Chicago No. 2 yellow are at 70¼c, with No. 2 corn at 69¾c. The market here is firm, with sales of steamer yellow at 72c. The supply on hand is small. The quotations are firm at: High mixed, 72½c; steamer yellow, 71½@72c; steamer, 71@71½c.

MEAL—Cornmeal is still quoted at $2 75@2 80 for barrel meal, and at $1 34@1 36 for bag meal. Oatmeal is not changed.

PORK—Pork and lard are very little changed. Tierce lard is quoted at 7¼c. Fresh ribs are still quoted at 9c. Quotations are generally unchanged.

BEEF—Quiet, and it takes a very fancy steer to bring 9½c. Light beef is easy. The quotations are at: Prime steers, 9@9½c; good steers, 8@8½c; light, 5½@7c; extra heavy hinds, 12@13c; good hinds, 8@11c.

MUTTON AND LAMBS—The market is dull and easy. It takes a very good lamb to bring 8c ℔, though some sellers quote higher than that for fancy. Muttons are scarcely bringing above 7½c for the best.

POULTRY—Dull, with fair lots of northern chickens selling at 17c, and with good lots selling at 18c. There are few turkeys on the market.

BUTTER—Firm, and has probably gone about as high as it will go this time. Quotations are not changed.

POTATOES—Dull, with the tendency easy. Aroostook hebrons, 45@50c; rose, 45c; eastern New Hampshire rose and hebrons, 45c; Vermont and New York burbanks and white stars, 45@48c; Maine, barrels, $1 87½.

WATERTOWN CATTLE MARKET.

For the Week Ending Oct. 28.

AMOUNT OF LIVE STOCK IN MARKET.

	Cattle.	Sheep and Lambs.	Swine.
This week	2355	2,548	16,473
Last week	2340	5,759	8,885
One year ago, Oct. 29	4021	14,681	36,223

NUMBER FROM THE SEVERAL STATES.

	Cattle.	Sheep and Lambs.	Calves.	Swine.
Maine	..	466	2	....
N. Hampshire	105	14	161	....
Vermont	164	401	229	3
New York	12	263	67	....
Western States	2164	219	....	16,470
Canada	110	1179	....	....
Totals	2555	2568	504	16,473

M. COTTRELL,

Furnishing Undertaker

3 DOORS SOUTH OF POST OFFICE.

Residence, No. 19 Thames Street.

M. C. COTTRELL, Residence, 104 Mill-st

NEWPORT.

DIRECT BEATS HAL POINTER.

Beats the World's Record for Harness Horses on a Kite-Shaped Track.

COLUMBIA, Tenn., Oct. 27.—The great match race between Direct and Hal Pointer attracted an immense crowd to Columbia. The race was for harness horses for a purse of $5000 and an added $1000 if the world's record was broken. Direct won in three straight heats. Geers urged Pointer to his utmost and once the horse went under the wire off his feet.

The heats were almost identical. The two would get off together at a terrific pace to the stretch. There Geers would brace him off for the final effort and in the stretch would lap the leader, ever coming to Direct's throatlatch. Then Starr would let the wire out, and with a mighty burst the black stallion would go under the wire a winner. The time—2:06, 2:08, 2:07¾—was pronounced good for a new track, though it is a fast one and down hill all the way.

THE SEARLES WILL CASE.

Judge Harmon Decides in Favor of Mr. Searles—Notice of Appeal.

SALEM, Oct. 26.—The Hopkins-Searles will contest came to a very sudden, and to the uninitiated spectators abrupt, ending Saturday. Both sides rested at 11:30. Judge Endicott arose and said: May it please your honor, both sides having rested their case, it only remains for me to say that we submit our case for your decision in accordance with the customary procedure in such cases.

Colonel Lincoln assented, and Judge Harmon then said that but one course remained for him upon this very partial hearing of the case. The plaintiffs having resting upon the contestants, there was but one issue (that of undue influence, including the charges of fraud) here. Upon the evidence as submitted he should decide that issue was not maintained, and I therefore shall set up this will. An appeal is to be taken.

A MANIAC'S DEED.

Throws His Father from a Roof, Impaling him on a Picket Fence.

ROCKLAND, Me., Oct. 27.—Horace S. Hobbs, the widely-known labor and People's party man of this city, lies in a dangerous condition resulting from a terrible accident. Mr. Hobbs and son Lindley are slaters. They were at work on a housetop at Vinal Haven, when suddenly Lindley was seized with a fit of insanity, and threw his father from the roof.

The distance was about twenty feet, and the unfortunate man fell with great force upon a picket fence which surrounds the house. He was impaled upon the pickets, being pulled off a few minutes later in an unconscious condition.

In the meantime Lindley was placed under confinement and brought here a raving maniac. Later he was taken to the insane asylum at Augusta. Mr. Hobbs will live, but received fearful injuries.

STATE NEWS

An insane person in Kingston jail attempted suicide by cutting his throat Saturday night, but was saved by the interference of another prisoner.

A beggar with a "paralyzed" arm who was arrested in Providence for not "moving on" resisted valiantly with that arm, which was found to be painted with iodine.

After three weeks' search the Providence police have captured William McGarry for knocking down and breaking the jaw of Charles Burrows, who was then robbed of a ham, on Chalkstone avenue, that city, Oct. 7.

Elder Irving Bailey Potter died at his home in Danbury, Conn., Monday night, after a year's illness, aged sixty eight years. He was well known throughout New York and New England as an evangelist and missionary, in which work he was engaged about forty years. He was ordained as preacher in Westerly, R. I., September 23, 1862. For the last five years he was pastor of the Second Advent church, Mill Plain, Danbury, Conn.

At East Greenwich, last week, in the Supreme Court, Lewis Cady was found guilty of manslaughter, he having killed his brother, who lived in Warwick.

The officials of the Wood River Branch railroad are taking active measures to fit their passenger cars for heating, after December 1st, by some means other than the dreaded car stove.

PROPOSALS —FOR— Building

Proposals will be received by the Building Committee of the

First Presbyterian Church of Newport, R. I., until Nov. 1st.

For excavating and building foundation for mason work, carpenters work, and plastering. Bids will be entertained for the whole work, and for each part separately, according to plans and specifications, to be seen at the office of the Treasurer, rooms 5 and 6 Newton building.

The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids. 10-24-2w

NOTICE.

On and after Nov. 2nd, 1891, the cross town car will make but one trip an hour, leaving the P. O. on the even hour from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.

Returning, leave Cliff ave. 10 minutes past the hour, from 9.10 A. M. to 9.10 P. M.

Notice change on Broadway line, The through Broadway Car for the Beach or Cliff ave., will on and after Nov. 2nd, until further notice, leave the Mile Corner 20 minutes of the hour, instead of the even hour as heretofore.

Cars leave Morton Park 10 minutes of the hour and 20 minutes past the hour from 6.30 A. M. to 10.30 P. M.

F. E. JOHNSON, Supt.

10 24

Coddington Savings Bank.

NEWPORT, R. I., Oct. 20, 1891.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND at the rate of four per cent. per annum, will be paid on and after Wednesday, October 21, 1891.

NATH'L R. SWINBURNE, Treasurer.

10-24

Assignee's Notice.

HAMLIN F. MOTT, of the town of New Shoreham, has made an assignment of all his property to me for the equal benefit of all his creditors and I have accepted said trust. All persons having claims against the said Hamlin F. Mott are requested to present the same to me within six months from date of this notice. HERBERT S. MILLIKIN, Assignee.

Sept. 12, 1891 9-26

Use the ACME Spectacles and Eyeglasses, for sale by D. L. CUMMINGS.

New Advertisements.

FALL Announcement.

THE MAMMOUTH EMPORIUM full to overflowing with NEW and SEASONABLE GOODS for our fall trade.

Go everywhere and look

then come to

A. C. Titus & Co.'s

and see for yourselves that you can save

TEN PER CENT.

by purchasing

CARPETS, FURNITURE, STOVES —AND— Housefurnishing Goods

for cash or on our liberal system of credit, at the

MAMMOUTH EMPORIUM —OF— A. C. Titus & Co.

Now's the Time to BUY

Calf skin and Rubber Boots, Porpoise and Water Proof Bals for Winter wear, at

SEABURY'S

214 THAMES STREET.

Chrysanthemums.

Fine lot coming in bloom. Also Hyacinths, Chinese Sacred Lily, Primroses, Potting Soil

WILSON'S GREENHOUSES, 346 B'WAY.

UNION SAVINGS BANK.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

The fifth and final Dividend in liquidation, being sixteen (16) per cent. of the principal, is now payable to depositors at 37 South Main street, Room 2. Hours 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

J. C. JOHNSON, Treasurer.

Providence, R. I., Oct. 20, 1891. 10-24-1w

YOKES AND COLLARS.

Lady agents wanted to introduce the new patent Yoke and Collar Measure. This measure drafts yokes of all sizes and collars all shapes. Medici, roll, etc. Invaluable to all ladies. Sample measure, in metal, 50c. Send sizes of waist and neck, with 10c. We will send you patterns of yokes and collars our measure will draft. Address

CONICAL YOKE CO., 455 Third ave., N. Y. City.

10-24-4w

$500.00 REWARD

offered by the

TOWN OF MIDDLETOWN.

MIDDLETOWN, R. I., Oct. 10, A. D. 1891.

The Town Council of the Town of Middletown, R. I., hereby offer and will pay a reward of Five Hundred Dollars for such information as will secure the apprehension, detention and conviction of any person or persons concerned as principals or accessories, in the setting on fire of the station on the Old Colony Railroad at the westerly terminus of Greene's Lane in this town, on Sunday evening, the 4th day of October, instant, 1891. Said reward to be paid upon the conviction of any such person.

By order and in behalf of said Town Council,

ALBERT L. CHASE, Clerk.

10-17

FINE WATCH and FRENCH CLOCK REPAIRING a specialty, by D. L. CUMMINGS.

SEWING MACHINE NEEDLES and OIL for all machines, at 146 Thames Street.

ROSS & LOUDON,

CRAYON ARTISTS

STUDIO—WESTERLY, R. I.

Orders solicited for CRAYON PORTRAITS. Refer, by permission, to the following parties in Newport for whom they have done work:

Col. J. W. Horton,
Mr. Thomas P. Peckham,
Mr. B. B. H. Sherman,
Mr. John P. Sanborn,
Young Bros.,
Mr. Geo. F. Crandall,
Mr. H. Murray. 10-17

New Advertisements

H.W. LADD CO.

213-217 Westminster Street,

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Winter Garments

Everything in

FUR CAPES,

REEFER JACKETS

and

CHESTERFIELDS.

Every variety of cloth, plain or trimmed. Every fur.

NEWMARKETS

With Military Cape.

FEDORAS

All cloths and plush and every fur.

CHILDREN'S GARMENTS

A remarkable line in novelty cloths.

EXCLUSIVE MODELS
ELEGANT IN FIT
PERFECT IN MAKE

Special Attention Given to Mail Orders.

H. W. LADD CO.,

Providence, R.I.

Rhode Island Commission

WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

The building Committee of the Rhode Island Commission of the World's Columbian Exposition desiring to erect a suitable building in Chicago to be known as a State House or Rhode Island Home, for the comfort and convenience of the citizens during the Exposition, respectfully invite the ARCHITECTS of Rhode Island to submit competitive plans for the same on or before December 1, 1891.

The space assigned for this State is 75 feet front by 100 feet deep, cost of building ready for occupancy not to exceed $8,000.

Each plan should have a cipher affixed and a duplicate with name of the architect in a sealed envelope, (not to be opened till one of the plans has been adopted) should accompany it. A premium of $250 will be paid for the plan accepted.

For detailed information apply to the Executive Commissioner,

JOHN C. WYMAN, 17 Butler Exchange.

GARDINER C. SIMS, Chairman Building Committee.

10-17 3w

SEVERAL GOOD

Work Horses

For sale at reasonable figures or Exchange for Hay.

These horses are all in good order and are sold only to avoid keeping until spring.

H. A. Thorndike,

65 & 67 Bridge Street

A BLACK WALNUT, BLACK MARBLE or GILT CLOCK would make a nice present. For sale by D. L. CUMMINGS.

TO INVESTORS

We offer HUTCHINSON KANSAS WATER, LIGHT and POWER Company's 6% First Mortgage 20 year Gold Bonds, due June 2d, 1910. Interest payable June and December. Bond issue $375,000. No other debts. Also subject to prior sale, 50 SHARES 1ST NATIONAL BANK of HUTCHINSON, KANSAS. Paid 10% per annum since 1884.

For further particulars enquire of

JAMES H. BARNEY, Jr., & Co.

COMMISSION BROKERS and INSURANCE AGENTS.

National Bank of Rhode Island Building.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR HAY,

One second-hand low gear with pole and shafts.
One second-hand single harness.

Both in Good Order.

H. A. THORNDIKE,

65 & 67 Bridge Street

WESLEY HEIGHTS

WASHINGTON, D. C.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR AN INVESTMENT.

This property is a part of Northwest Washington, and is situated opposite the site recently purchased by Bishop Hurst for the erection of the new

American University

on which $10,000,000 will be expended in erecting superb buildings. It is but 20 minutes drive from the White House, and is situated on one of the highest points in the District of Columbia. The average size lots, 25x150, cost from $125 to $750, one-fifth cash, balance in 2, 3 and 4 years. No better or safer inducements have ever been offered purchasers to make a profitable investment. Values are rapidly increasing. Write for full particulars, reference, illustrated maps and full information.

JOHN F. WAGGAMAN,

700 14th St., N.W., WASHINGTON, D. C.

GOLD PENS, PENCILS, TOOTH-PICKS, &c., for sale by D. L. CUMMINGS,

Miscellaneous.

POLL TAX NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to POLL TAX PAYERS that I will be in my office, 196 Thames street, upstairs, from

OCTOBER 1, 1891,

to and including

OCTOBER 31, 1891,

each day, Sundays excepted, from

9.30 A. M. to 1 P. M., and Saturday evenings from 7 to 9 o'clock,

for the purpose of receiving the poll tax ordered by act of General Assembly of the State of Rhode Island, passed April 28, 1889, as provided in Chapter 736 of the Public Laws of said State. Poll tax payers are therefore respectfully requested to call and pay their said taxes during the time and at the place above mentioned.

Sec. 5 of said Act is as follows:

"If any person upon whom demand is made by the Collector of Taxes for the payment of said tax shall neglect or refuse to pay the tax assessed against him under the provisions of this act within five days after the date of such demand, then the Collector of Taxes shall, unless said tax has been remitted; as is herein provided, levy on the body of such person and commit him to the jail in the county of Providence, there to remain until he shall pay such tax and all legal costs, including cost of notice, provided the cost of said notice shall not exceed fifty cents, or to be discharged therefrom in due course of law."

T. A. SPENCER, Collector of Taxes.

Newport, R. I., September 21, 1891. 10-3

SAFE AND SOUND

INVESTMENTS

IN FIRST MORTGAGE LOANS

made on productive real estate, yearly increasing in value, on a conservative basis, and only after personal examination by us. Highest references. We invite correspondence.

WINNE & WINNE, INVESTMENT BANKERS, Hutchinson, Kan.

Cor. Ave. A & Main St. 9-19-6m

THE F. F. TEBBETTS Co

CLOAK STORE.

99 WESTMINSTER ST.

BUTLER EXCHANGE,

PROVIDENCE, R.I.

Our Vast Assortment of Ladies', Misses and Children's Cloaks for Fall and Winter is now ready for your inspection.

BEAUTIFUL IN QUALITY!

PERFECT IN FIT!

LOW IN PRICES for FINE GARMENTS!

Ladies' Plain Cloth Jackets,		$5 to 30
" Fur Trimmed "		7.50 to 50
" Cloth Capes for winter,		3.50 to 60.
Ladies' Overcoats, new styles,		15 to 50
" Fur Capes, all kinds of Fur,		5 to 75
" Cloth Newmarkets, deep capes,		5 to 35
" Rubber Mackintoshes,		5 to 25
Misses' Jackets, plain and fur trimmed		4 to 25
" Newmarkets, deep capes,		5 to 35
Children's Cloaks,		2.50 to 20

Full Assortment of London Dyed Alaska Seal Garments and Capes.

SIGN OF THE GREAT WHITE BEAR

Notice of Tax Collector.

The Collector of Taxes for the Town of Middletown will be at the National Exchange Bank in Newport, on

SATURDAY, SEPT. 19, 1891,

and every following Saturday, until December 1, 1891,

from 10 o'clock A. M. till 1 o'clock P. M.,

for the purpose of receiving the town and poll tax. All taxes not paid by December 1, 1891, will be charged interest at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum until paid.

9-12 JOEL PECKHAM, Collector.

Miscellaneous.

Building Lots For Sale

ON VERNON AVENUE.

The Newport Street Railway Company offer for sale their remaining lots on Vernon avenue. The price for the present is from 12½ to 16 cents per square foot. The terms of purchase will be made quite easy.

The situation and character of these lots make them especially desirable for houses.

Apply at office of the Company or to real estate agents.

J. TRUMAN BURDICK, Treasurer.

Newport, Sept. 15, 1891.

E. B. HARRINGTON

—HAVING—

Purchased Controlling Interest

—IN THE—

NEWPORT

Transfer Express Company,

Desires to call attention of the public to its unequalled facilities for local express business. This company has the

Exclusive Privilege

of collecting checks, for delivery of baggage, on all trains and steamers arriving in Newport.

—ALSO OF—

CHECKING BAGGAGE

—AT THE—

RESIDENCE to DESTINATION.

It has desirable storage warerooms at reasonable rates.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 30 Bellevue Ave.

Branch Offices, 272 Thames Street, N. Y. Freight Depot, F. R. Line.

Newport, R. I., June 1st, 1891. 6-6

A large stock of new and second-hand upright and square

PIANOS

at prices ranging from $50 to $350, sold for cash or on instalments. Also a fine lot of

STOOLS

From $2 to $8.

JOHN VARS,

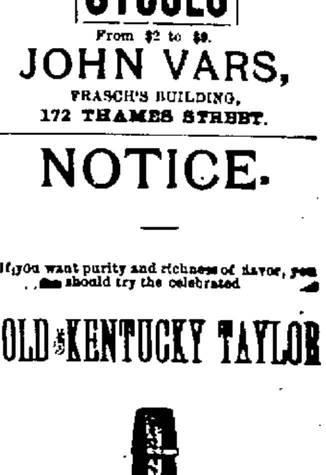
FRASCH'S BUILDING,

172 THAMES STREET.

NOTICE.

If you want purity and richness of flavor, you should try the celebrated

OLD KENTUCKY TAYLOR



For Consumption, Indigestion and all ailments requiring stimulants, the "Kentucky Taylor" has no superior, as thousands of physicians from Maine to Texas who have prescribed it for years have testified.

Price $1.25 per bottle—Full quart.

For sale by

SAYER BROS.,

SOLE AGENTS.

RHODE ISLAND

Hospital Trust Co

Office 60 South Main Street.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Open from 9:30 A. M. to 3 P. M.

CAPITAL $1,000,000.

PAYS *interest on* DEPOSITS, *subject to checks at sight.*

MONEYS loaned on REAL ESTATE or other satisfactory security.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE AND LETTERS OF CREDIT furnished available in all parts of the world.

All business transacted by Trust Companies attended to by this Company.

All information furnished at this Company's office.

The TRUST COMPANY is by law empowered to act as Executor, Administrator, Guardian, or Receiver, in *the settlement of estates* and Probate Courts are authorized to appoint it in these capacities.

Executors, Administrators, Guardians, Receivers, &c., who deposit their funds with this Company, *are exempt by law from all personal liability.*

Directors.

Amos C. Barstow,	Rowland Hazard,
Christopher Lippitt,	Edward D. Pearce,
Royal C. Taft,	Horatio N. Campbell
Robert H. I. Goddard,	Robert Knight,
George W.R. Matteson,	John W. Danielson,
Samuel S. Sprague,	Herbert J. Wells,
William D. Ely,	John C. Pegram,
Robert I. Gammell,	Lyman B. Goff,
William Binney,	Eugene W. Mason,
William B. Weeden,	George Gordon King.

HERBERT J. WELLS, President,
SAMUEL R. DORRANCE, Vice President,
EDWARD S. CLARK, Secretary.

12-13

Farm and Family

Farm Work for November.

BY D. T. MOORE.

THE CLOSING SEASON—FINISH BUILDINGS FOR WINTER—SECURING AND FEEDING ROOT CROPS—LATE FIELD WORK—LIVE STOCK NOTES—ABOUT MANURE—ORCHARD AND FRUIT GARDEN—FLOWER GARDEN AND LAWN—A JOYOUS THANKSGIVING—SHORT-STOP SUGGESTIONS.

November brings to a close most farm labors throughout the Eastern, Western and Middle States. This wide and fertile region will soon be visited by frosts and storms; yet bleak as may be the season, there is usually enough fair weather for soil-tillers to complete their field operations and make final preparations for winter. It is the imperative duty of every one having any tender crops still exposed to secure them as speedily as possible, lest a sudden change from mild to frigid temperature cause serious damage, if not an amount of loss that will counterbalance all the anticipated profits. Indeed, the very test "farmers' movement" that can be made at this juncture, is to gather and carefully store, or market, whatever late fruit, corn or other products may yet remain unharvested—for upon this largely depends the prosperity of both the people and the country.

FIXING BUILDINGS FOR WINTER.

After securing the late crops, the duty most incumbent upon farmers inhabiting the cold regions of the country—extending from bleak New England to the more frigid Northwestern States—is to put their dwellings and outbuildings in condition to withstand a long and inclement season. The dwelling demands the first attention. Make repairs wherever necessary, and add such conveniences as will enable the feminines of the family to discharge their domestic duties with greater ease and facility. Study comfort and convenience for they promote cheerfulness and contentment. Protect the house against penetrating frosts and blasts by banking if needed, the use of storm doors, and the repairing of shackly windows. See that the heating apparatus is all right, and remember that a good supply of well-seasoned fuel is a great promoter of domestic peace and comfort. But while doing these things for their physical well-being do not neglect to provide in a suitable manner for the mental entertainment and improvement of the various members of the household. Winter is a wearisome season to isolated families, even if occupying comfortable homes, without interesting and instructive books and periodicals.

Now also is the time to see that the quarters of all farm animals are put in order for comfortable occupancy. It pays to look after these things, for not only the comfort and thrift, but sometimes even the lives of valuable members of flocks and herds depend upon the condition of the barns, stables or sheds in which they are kept during inclement weather. Warmth saves forage. Though some ventilation is necessary, stables, cow-houses, etc., can hardly be made too warm in the cold regions of the North. All open sheds should be made as comfortable as possible; and no sensible farmer will undertake the wintering of tender animals on the sunny side of a barn or hay-stack.

SECURING AND FEEDING ROOTS.

With the exception of turnips and parsnips all root crops not already harvested should be secured at once. Turnips grow until they are frosted in most parts of the country, and parsnips may safely be left in the ground over winter. Cabbages should have the precedence in gathering, and those for family use are best kept in trenches. Beets, carrots and onions are too tender to be exposed to nipping frosts. Onions are worth caring for, and keep well spread out thin and covered with hay. Roots of most kinds keep better in pits than in cellars; but they should be well ventilated at first, and also made frost proof.

The feeding of roots is not profitable at this season, except to fattening stock. An authority avers that the special value of roots for breeding animals and milch cows comes later in the season, or in the spring, when nothing equals them to regulate the bowels and give tone to the system. Roots are best fed in this order: Small turnips not marketable, after snow falls or the ground freezes; next the largest soft turnips, to be followed by the small rutabagas; then the little mangels and beets, followed by the large rutabagas, keeping the mangel-wurzels and sugar beets for the spring. As a rule carrots are more valuable for horses than for other stock, and if the supply is greater than is needed for the equines, it is better to sell the surplus than to feed them. But waste no roots of any kind that can be either fed or marketed.

LATE FIELD WORK.

In addition to harvesting the staple crops already mentioned there are other outdoor labors of importance yet to be performed by many cultivators. Rye and winter wheat may still be sown in some northern localities, though this work should have been completed in October. But all who have occasion to sow winter grains this month are reminded that in most sections it is essential to put the ground in extra good tilth, and use fertilizers liberally. Fall plowing should be pushed diligently wherever the conditions are favorable, until the work is prohibited by the frost king. If the season is favorable attention may profitably be given to farm improvements. Not only underdraining, but also surface drainage, and the laying of water pipes or logs, may often be done advantageously in November. In putting down pipes for the conveyance of water, care should be taken to sink them low enough to avoid vexation and damage from freezing. Duties should also be exercised in making all other improvements that are intended to be valuable and permanent.

LIVE STOCK NOTES.

Farm animals will need watchful care and attention through late fall and winter to keep them in a healthy and thriving condition. To enhance their best interests, stockmen from Maine to the farthest Western range ought to now so provide for their flocks and herds that there may be no suffering for lack of either food or shelter. Barns, stables, sheds, etc., should not only be put in good condition for the protection and comfort of their dumb yet sensitive occupants, as already advised, but special pains taken to provide proper rations, and to feed and water with undeviating regularity. Both humanity and self-interest should induce farmers to be merciful and liberal in caring for their domestic animals. It is good economy to have plenty of feeding racks, that no fodder may be wasted by being thrown upon the ground.

Horses just over their heavy fall work need and are entitled to generous treatment, including good grooming and blanketing whenever necessary. Cows call for extra care, and their drinking water should be slightly warmed in cold weather. Fattening animals, especially swine, should now be pushed, as they gain flesh much faster in November than during the colder weather of winter. Provide for spring lambs by coupling breeding ewes. This month is also the time to breed sows for early pigs, except in very cold regions, though some prefer to have them served in December. Care well for all young stock, especially colts, calves, and lambs, to assure future profits. Poultry will soon be in demand for Thanksgiving and Christmas, so hasten the fattening of turkeys, ducks, and chickens, in order to sell the surplus before the market is overstocked.

MAKING AND SAVING MANURE.

Concerning this vital matter which is closely connected with wintering stock, let us here repeat what we published nearly forty years ago: Remember that to a considerable degree warm shelter for domestic animals is equivalent to food. If exposed to storms and severe cold they will need thirty per cent. more forage to carry them through till May than they will if properly housed and fed. In addition to this, their manure can be all saved and turned to a valuable account next season. By all means keep your manure under shelter, that nothing may be lost by leaching. Cattle, horses, hogs and sheep are most profitable when one is sure that he saves from the possibility of loss all the matter voided by them in the course of the fall and winter. The first thing is to make and save all the manure which one reasonably can, and then study to obtain the largest practical gain from this raw material applied to the soil. Not a year passes in which fertilizers worth several millions are not wasted in the United States. Think of these immense losses, and set a better example to your brother farmers.

ORCHARD AND FRUIT GARDEN.

Fruit trees may yet be planted in favorable localities and mild weather, where the ground is not frozen; but in cold and exposed situations it is advisable to heel in the trees and plant them early in the spring. Young trees should have a mound of earth a foot or more high drawn up around their trunks. This will prevent injury from heavy winds, and also keep away mice and other rodents. Clean all long grass and rubbish from around orchard fences, and it will materially aid in saving the trees from being girdled by vermin. Where rabbits are troublesome trap or shoot them while they are fat and fit for the table or market.

If blackberries and other fruit-bearing shrubs are planted now it will save time and labor in busy spring. Prune grape vines and currant bushes in mild weather. If cuttings are desired, make at once, tie in bundles, label, and bury in a dry place where they will not freeze. Bend down the canes of tender raspberries and cover with earth. Strawberry beds should be protected, when it begins to freeze, with a covering of straw, marsh hay, or corn-talks. Note that the longer apples can be kept this year of plenty (or any other), the higher will be the price obtainable when marketed. A good many extra dimes and dollars may be made by keeping choice varieties of fruit awhile.

KITCHEN AND MARKET GARDEN.

Gardening operations are usually limited this month, yet if the weather is mild, several items of work may be done to advantage. The first thing is to harvest and care for any tender vegetables remaining exposed, and the next to prepare ground for spring crops so far as practicable. All garden land should be well manured and plowed, but not harrowed, as it is better to leave the surface rough for the frost to act upon. The soil cannot be made too rich, or too well pulverized, and ground now laid out for gardening next season should be put in the best condition possible.

Root crops have been discussed in a preceding paragraph, but note that roots for table use should not be allowed to freeze, or to shrink from excessive drying. The supply for kitchen use may be packed in barrels or boxes, covered with dry earth, and placed in the cellar, but any surplus should be stored in trenches. Parsley for winter use should be taken up before the ground freezes; plant in a box of soil, keep in the kitchen or other light room where it will not freeze, and it can be had when wanted. Store celery in trenches a foot wide, and as deep as the plants are tall, covering lightly with straw at first, and adding earth as the cold increases. Plants in cold frames should not be covered with sashes until freezing weather, and then give plenty of ventilation daily.

FLOWER GARDEN AND LAWN.

November is not the time to push flower culture, yet those who have gardens and lawns can do much to prevent injury to their favorite and provide for displays next season. Avoid mowing the lawn very late, as a good length of grass serves as a protection from severe frost. Remove the leaves from roads and paths, where they are useless, and put them upon the borders of beds to protect perennial plants. A sprinkling of earth will keep the leaves in place. Pull up such perennial weeds as docks, plaintains, etc., while the soil is soft from late rains. Snow is a great nuisance on roads and paths, and it should be cleaned away, or wires stretched along the passage ways to guide people who might otherwise get "off the track" and do much damage. When damp snow lodges on the evergreen or other trees, it should be shaken off before freezing.

Deciduous trees of hardy kinds may be planted if the ground is in good condition. Hardy bulbs (such as hyacinths, tulips, crocuses, etc.,) can yet be planted and will bloom finely next spring, if protected with a littering of coarse manure or about six inches of straw or leaves. Bulbs for flowering indoors should be potted, and the pots set in a dark cellar or pit until wanted for blooming; and plants taken up from the border for forcing in winter may receive like treatment. Care well for house plants, being careful not to injure or kill them by over-watering.

A JOYOUS THANKSGIVING.

The husbandmen of Rural America have this year very cogent reasons for acknowledging the manifold blessings vouchsafed them by the Giver of all good, and should joyfully observe our National Thanksgiving. With the rare combination of abundant crops and advancing prices, the soil-tillers of this progressive and prosperous country are surely "blessed in basket and in store"—and therefore, of all classes, they have most occasion to thank God and take courage. Let all who have successfully cultivated the earth during the past season not only gratefully recognize their obligations for the bountiful manner in which their labors have been remunerated, but also for the health and happiness they have enjoyed and the bright hopes they entertain in regard to the future. And let them likewise be grateful for and appreciate the various institutions of an instructive and elevating character from which great benefits are derivable—including farmers' clubs, institutes, and similar associations designed especially to promote the progress and improvement of agricultural communities. As we have before urged, these institutions should be cordially sustained and their benefits participated in by all engaged in rural pursuits.

SHORT-STOP SUGGESTIONS.

Finish fall work and then "take a rest." Plan winter work carefully. Push the plowing in pleasant weather. Waste no grain in threshing or storing. Make the grain-bins and corn-cribs all right. Look after the storage houses and cellars. This is a good season to make all kinds of repairs. Clear the ice-house for filling, or build one if you have none. Leave no idle machines "lying around loose." Put animals in good condition for winter. Don't keep your stock afield too late. Feed pigs refuse fruits and vegetables. Fall harrowing of wheat is practiced by many farmers. Rolling winter wheat is now timely. Save surplus fruit by preserving in some way. Assort carefully and pack neatly for marketing. Watch the produce market reports. Wintering poor stock is poor business. Permit no cruelty to domestic animals. Trust stock to trusty help only. Use plenty of bedding in stables. Select small trees for transplanting. It pays to shelter all tools and implements. Ditch and drain as late as it is practicable. Strong lye cleans tainted pork barrels. Good season for apple parings and corn huskings. Watch the schools and their teachers. Keep the boys and girls at school regularly, and help them in their studies. Improve the long evenings by reading and study. Miss no discussion or lecture on any rural topic. Help organize a farmers' club if there is none in your vicinity, and then attend its meetings regularly.

Recipes for the Table.

OATMEAL ROLLS.—To a small vegetable dish of cold cooked oatmeal add one egg, one pint of warm milk, one tablespoonful of melted butter and flour to make it stiff, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Baked in gem iron.

ORANGES—If you get tired of pies and puddings for dessert, keep oranges in the house; peel and slice one layer, then sprinkle sugar over them, and another layer of fruit until you have enough. To make a change, sprinkle a layer of dessicated cocoanut between the layers of oranges after the sugar is sprinkled on.

DRIED SAGE—If you are not fortunate enough to raise your own sage, or know of some farmer's wife who will bring you some, ask your grocer to save you some fresh dried; put in the warming oven on a tin to dry, strip the leaves from the stalks and put in a paper bag; rub some through a sifter and have ready in a tin box or can, so when you prepare dressing for fowls you do not have to stop when you are in a hurry.

LEMON APPLE SAUCE—Look over a few dried apples, carefully trimming with a sharp knife any bit of core or peeling which has been left on them; wash in warm water, thoroughly, rubbing them between the hands; skim out of the water instead of pouring the water off, as there will be grit at the bottom; pour clean water over them and wash again; put to soak in cold water and soak over night. In the morning put over the stove in a porcelain kettle in same water they were soaked in: add more water and cook two or three hours. After they have been cooking an hour, slice two lemons in, taking out the seeds, and add a cupful of raisins. Fifteen minutes before taking off the stove, stir in two bowlfuls of light brown sugar, being careful not to break the quarters of apples.

APPLE PIES—If you have no green apples for pies, stew dried apples without the lemon and raisins. When cool, strain through a colander, grate in rind of one lemon and squeeze in the juice, sweeten and fill upper crust, and put strips of pastry on diagonally, crossing them to form diamonds.

COFFEE ICE CREAM—Have prepared half a pound of fresh ground Java coffee, mix it with whites of three eggs and cold water to moisten, stir well together. Put in a tin pail and pour over it a quart of boiling milk, put the cover on and let it stand ten or fifteen minutes, then strain into three or four quarts of sweet cream. Measure, and for every quart allow a coffee-cupful of coffee sugar. Freeze.

FRENCH TOAST—If you have a loaf of stale bread, cut it in slices, not as thin as you would for the table, beat two eggs and add a cupful of milk to them. Have the pancake griddle hot and grease with suet or butter; dip with fork enough slices of bread into egg batter to cover the griddle, have the griddle the same temperature you do for griddle cakes; toast a nice brown and then turn; when done remove to a warm plate in oven; dip more slices and toast. Serve immediately.

SNOW CAKE—Two teacupfuls of coffee sugar, two tablespoonfuls of melted butter, a coffeecupful of sweet cream; whites of eight eggs beaten to a stiff froth, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder mixed into two coffeecupfuls of sifted flour; stir in the flour slowly, and if not stiff enough add a little more flour. This will make two cakes or a large loaf. Put greased paper in the bottom of the tins and bake slowly.

JENNY LIND CAKE—Two cupfuls of sugar, one cup of butter, one cup of milk, three cups of flour, whites of six eggs, three teaspoonfuls of baking powder sifted into the flour. Bake about two-thirds of the batter in two long tins for layer cakes. To the remainder of the mixture add one-half cupful of chopped raisins, two tablespoonfuls of molasses, one teaspoonful of cinnamon, one-half teaspoonful of cloves, a little nutmeg and allspice and a little more of flour. Bake in a long tin same size as the others. Put the three layers together with frosting or boiled icing with the fruit cake in the centre.

CORNSTARCH CAKE—Half a teacupful of butter, one and a half teacupfuls of sugar, creamed together, half a cup of cornstarch, one and a half cups of flour, half a cup of sweet milk, three eggs beaten separately, the whites saved and put in last, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder mixed through the flour, two teaspoonfuls of lemon extract; if not stiff enough, add a little more flour. Very nice when fresh, but after two days old it dries up.

SALAD SANDWICHES—One cup cold chicken, one cup cold boiled tongue, one-half teaspoon celery salt, one saltspoon cayenne, Mayonnaise to moisten. Chop the meat very fine, then rub with a pestle till fine, like meal. Add the seasoning and enough cream or Mayonnaise dressing to make it moist enough to spread easily. Put it between thin rounds of bread. Roll soda biscuit dough thin as pastry, spread with butter, roll another layer and put on. Cut out and bake quickly. Pull apart and spread with the mixture.

BREAD AND BUTTER PUDDING—Cut a small loaf of bread in very thin slices; spread with butter. Pick over one teacupful of currants. Put a layer of bread in the bottom of the pudding mold; sprinkle thick with currants; put another layer of bread and currants till all are used. Beat three eggs and half a cupful of sugar together; add a pint of milk, flavor with nutmeg. Pour this custard over the bread and bake fifteen minutes. Serve cold with cream sauce.

HOW TO SET A TABLE.

Delmonico Tells How a Table Should be Set and Arranged.

"Learn first," says Delmonico in an article in the November Ladies' Home Journal, "how to set a table. A round table is better than a square table, if the dining-room is large enough to permit it, if not, then the ordinary oblong extension table is used. The round table is much more preferable and easier to seat people at, besides it gives a suggestion of the famous "King Arthur and the Knights of the Round Table." A few prominent society women still cling to the old-fashioned long narrow table. Mrs. Astor, for example, still uses that style of dining-table in order that her famous gold dinner set may be placed to the best advantage. Mrs. August Belmont, on the contrary, prefers an oblong table, and the decorations for an elaborate dinner are carried out to make the shape more pronounced. Flowers should never be absent from the dinner table. No matter how homely, they add to the picturesqueness of the feast.

Let us see how a table is set for a fashionable dinner party. On the table is first placed a thick flannel cloth, the thicker it is the better as it prevents noise of the dishes as they are placed upon it. Over this is spread a snowy-white damask tablecloth, bearing the family crest or coat-of-arms. Sometimes over this is placed still another, of elaborate embroidery and lace, lined with pink or yellow satin, as taste dictates, or whatever color is to predominate at the dinner. The plates are first placed upon the table. As these are to remain until after soup is served, they are always the handsomest in the gold or china sets, as the case may be. Don't crowd. Each guest should be allowed a space of two feet or twenty-six inches if the table will admit of it, and the plates placed at equal distances apart. Place two dinner forks to the left of each plate; also an oyster fork with prongs resting on the edge of the plate. On the right must be a dinner knife and a spoon for soup. The glasses are arranged at the right of each guest on a line with the inner edge of the plate. The water glass is set next to the plate. Then glasses for whatever other beverages are intended to be served. A glass, whether of water or any other liquid, should never be filled more than three-quarters full.

Mistakes of the Types.

Quite recently a leading London daily concluded its obituary notice of the late Baron Dowse as follows; "A great Irishman has passed away. God grant that many as great, and who as wisely shall love their country, may follow him." Not long ago an American paper gave a curious account of a Western millionaire. This concluded by observing that "He arrived from California about twenty years ago with only one shirt to his back; and since then he has contrived, by close application to business, to accumulate ten millions."

A Newcastle paper, again, had the following, the composition, no doubt, of the advertiser: "The Gleaner is one of the finest and fastest boats on the Tyne; her accommodation is in every respect good and comfortable, her crew skillful, steady and obliging, being newly painted and decorated for pleasure trips."

The leading paper in Queensland, a few months ago, in reviewing a book, remarked: "There need be demand no longer for Jules Verne's and other blackguard's works of imagination." But the next issue had the correction: "For other blackguard's, please read 'Rider Haggard's.'" A financial paper had: "I would ask Lord Salisbury, Mr. W. H. Smith, and Balfour, who are always telling lies, that by our agitations," etc. The correction afterward appeared—"are always telling us."

A ludicrous effect is sometimes produced by the intermingling of the matter belonging to different paragraphs. In a Lancashire evening paper this curious obituary notice was inserted not long since: "A large cast-iron wheel, revolving nine hundred times a minute, exploded in the city lately, after a long and painful illess. Deceased was a prominent member of the local temperance association." Another Lancashire print has the lines:

"A little knowledge is a dangerous thing;
Drink deep, or taste not the Pierian spring."

Reportorials.

Germany has 6,000,000 acres of forests.

Tacoma exhibits a 16,000-pound piece of coal.

Red silk stockings are rapidly coming into favor.

One of the notable scholars at Oxford Eng., is a Hindoo girl.

Uncle Sam's colored people have $264,000,000 in property.

If the women of to-day powdered their hair it would be easier to hang.

Monuments are not always erected to the men who are buried in thought.

Miss Braun, the organizer of the German barmaids, has been exiled.

Chicago will have an electric unicycle railroad to make forty miles an hour.

Larne is the first town in the north of Ireland that has been lighted with electricity.

Woolly effects as to surfaces will be fashionable for everyday wear for the winter.

The Constitution of the United States has been published in Hebrew for New Yorkers.

Make two cakes, one with Cleveland's baking powder; the second with any other. Note the difference.

The Cleveland cake is fine grained, keeps its natural flavor and moisture; "the other" is coarse grained, as if the sugar was too coarse, soon dries out and becomes husky.

Cleveland's leavens best because its strength is produced by cream of tartar and soda only, not by ammonia or alum.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

"August Flower"

Dyspepsia. There is a gentleman at Malden-on-the-Hudson, N. Y., named Captain A. G. Pareis, who has written us a letter in which it is evident that he has made up his mind concerning some things, and this is what he says:

"I have used your preparation called August Flower in my family for seven or eight years. It is constantly in my house, and we consider it the best remedy for Indigestion, and Constipation we have ever used or known. My wife is troubled with Dyspepsia, and at times suffers very much after eating. The August Flower, however, relieves the difficulty. My wife frequently says to me when I am going to town, 'We are out of August Flower, and I think you had better get another bottle.' I am also troubled with Indigestion, and whenever I am, I take one or two teaspoonfuls before eating, for a day or two, and all trouble is removed."

Indigestion.

Constipation

An Awful Dose.

Inquisitive Citizen—What are you taking that man for?

Policeman—For "that tired feeling."—[Puck.

First Burglar—Bill, wot ye lookin' over that paper for?

Second Burglar—I'm findin' out wot fam'lies has shut up their houses and gone to watein'-places to spend the summer. It's a mighty lucky thing for us, Jake, that some folks like to see their name in print.—[Wasp.

Didn't Know—A Chicago reporter, who had been sent out to interview a number of people on the death of James R. Lowell, called by mistake at the office of a real estate man whose name corresponded with the one on his list.

"Is this Mr. Dobbs?"

"Yes."

"I have come to get your opinion of James Russell Lowell—to ask your views as to how he stands in—"

"I don't know how he stands. Go to Dun's Agency."—[Arkansaw Traveler.

Beginning a Career—Aspiring Youth: I understand there is a vacancy on your local staff?

City Editor—Yes, there is; in fact, we are very short-handed. I can give you a job at once. I want some one to go around and interview Slugg Bulldozer, the eminent politician. This paper charges that he beats his wife and starves his children, and we want to know what he thinks about it.

"Um—er—haven't you a regular interviewer for that kind of work?"

"Oh, yes, several of them, but they are all in the hospital."—[Street & Smith's Good News.

Giving Him a Chance—Country Editor: You have done me many favors, Mr. Richmann, and I shall certainly be glad to assist that young man by giving him work on my paper, as you desire. But as you admit he has no literary talent, would it not be better to start him in some other business?

Mr. Richmann (a rural philanthropist)—Wall, you see, it's this way. I got interested in the young feller while visitin' at the jail, and felt I'd like ter help him ter start fresh and earn an honest livin'.

Country Editor—Of course.

Mr. Richmann—Yes. Give every man a chance, I say. Wall, I feel purty sure this young feller is a nat'ral born thief, an' I thought I'd better start him where there wouldn't be anything to steal.—[New York Weekly.

Lowell as Editor of the Atlantic.

The following paragraph appeared in the October number of the Atlantic Monthly, of which it will be remembered the late Mr. Lowell was for many years editor:—

The honors which attach to the name of James Russell Lowell do not obscure for the conductors of The Atlantic Monthly the memory of his close connection with this magazine. As its first editor he struck a note in literature which it had been the tradition of the Monthly to preserve, and both his signed and unsigned papers and poems, ending with a recent communication to The Contributors' Club attest his generous support. His published volumes contain the greater part of these contributions, for the inspiration and delight of other generations, but both the conductors and the readers of The Atlantic remember with special pride and pleasure the works of art in prose and verse, and the noble appeals to the higher political spirit, as they come fresh from the mind of this master and statesman. His death, falling as this number of the magazine goes to press, bring quick praise from more than English-speaking peoples, and his own countrymen will continue long to mourn his silence, but his service to American letters and American life remains full of speech in his books. It is the hope of The Atlantic to honor him by maintaing the scholarly and generous aims which marked his conduct of the magazine when he directed its early number.

SAFE AS Government Bonds.

Rentals earn the dividend of 6½ Per Cent per annum payable quarterly at the Traders National Bank, Boston, Mass.

The stock of the NORTHERN INVESTMENT CO. is not dependent upon the speculative growth of a prospective new town, but has a real substantial foundation, upon which it is being securely built.

Already the property of the Company has largely appreciated since its acquirement, and its prospective increase as instanced in all large commercial centres during the past 60 years, assures a handsome profit to the fortunate possessor of the Company's stock bought at the present low price, $103 per share. It is a reliable, income-bearing investment, of which there is not the slightest question concerning its reliability.

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1 "	" " " C. & J. Flinn,	750.00
1 "	" " " Young Bros.,	750.00
1 "	" " " R. F. Carter,	750.00
2 "	" " " Tug Aquidneck,	250.00
20 "	Newport St. R'way, preferred stock	110.00
10 "	" " " common "	110.00
1 "	National Bank of R. I., "	185.00
10 "	Arctic Ice Co., "	140.00

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Fine Imported Chocolate and other Confectionery from Mr. Frank Sobrick, supplier to the Imperial Court of Germany.

—ALSO—

Imported French and German Baskets

of the finest patterns are to be sold at very low prices at

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Before the People

WE SHALL

GIVE AWAY

THE HANDSOMEST

Pony Team

In the Country.

Value $1,000.00.

John B. DeBlois & Son.

5-24

S.S. Department.

Sunday School Lesson—Nov. 1st.

CHRIST THE TRUE VINE.

John 15:1-16.

Lesson Introduction.

The verses following the close of the last lesson further dwell on the necessity of going to the Father; allusion is made to the brief time our Lord would be with them, and the closing words of chapter 14, "Arise, let us go hence," indicate a break in the discourse. For this reason some suppose the remainder of the discourse was uttered on their way to Gethsemane; others, with perhaps greater probability, suppose that having arisen from the table they stood in the same room during the rest of the discourse and the intercessory prayer of chapter 17.

This was the last of our Lord's parables, and it is big with meaning. The essential ideas of it are: "Incorporated into Christ; abiding in Christ; bearing fruit in Christ."

The time was the same as in the last lesson.

Explanatory Notes.

1. I am the true vine, and my Father is the husbandman. 2. Every branch in me that beareth not fruit, he taketh it away: and every branch that beareth fruit, he cleanseth it, that it may bear more fruit.

"In the Old Testament the vine is the type of Israel, planted by the Almighty to adorn, refresh, and quicken the earth (Ps. 80; Isa. 5:1; Jer. 2:21; Ezek. 19:10; Hos. 10:1.) But Israel proved itself 'the degenerate plant of a strange vine.' Jesus, therefore, is here the 'true vine,' because he is the true Israel of God, in whom is fulfilled all that is demanded of the true vine, whether for beauty and blessing to the world, or for glory to the husbandman." He is the "true vine," including in himself all its parts. The husbandman is the vine-dresser, the one who tends and cultivates the vine. Taketh it away: Separates it from the vine by the pruning knife. Cleanseth it: Prunes it as does the vine-dresser in the case of fruitful branches. "The pruning or cleaning in the disciples' life is through experiences which tend to purify and perfect the character, to the end that the man may become more fruitful as a Christian disciple."

3. Already ye are clean because of the word which I have spoken unto you. 4. Abide in me, and I in you. As the branch cannot bear fruit of itself, except it abide in the vine; so neither can ye, except ye abide in me. 5. I am the vine, ye are the branches. He that abideth in me, and I in him, the same beareth much fruit: for apart from me ye can do nothing.

Jesus says of the disciples before him that they are cleansed and purified branches; but that there may be continuous fruit-bearing, there must be continuous connection with himself in the inmost life. If the branch does not abide in the vine, the living force which acts through it may be lost. I in you: I will abide in you. Apart from me: Separated from the life-giving force of Christ. "He who will not abide in Christ cannot have Christ to abide in him. How much is made dependent upon the human will!" Ye can do nothing: In the way of fruit-bearing. "The productive power of the Christian life is dependent on the life-principle. The life-principle is in Christ, and is imparted from him.

6. If a man abide not in me, he is cast forth as a branch, and is withered: and they gather them, and cast them into the fire, and they are burned. 7. If ye abide in me, and my words abide in you, ask whatsoever ye will, and it shall be done unto you.

The branches of the vine are dried, tied in bunches, and cast into the (ordinary) fire for fuel. They gather them: In its application, not men, but angels, Matt. 13:40, 50. The asking is of one bearing fruit in the Christian life, and the supposition is that the asking accords with the Divine will.

8. Herein is my Father glorified, that ye bear much fruit; and so shall ye be my disciples.

Herein: In this; in the necessary consequence of abiding in Christ. Is glorified: The Father is glorified with the realization of the believer's effectual union with Christ. "The purpose is union, communion, fellowship; and out of these flows an ever-increasing bearing of fruit, and an ever-growing conformity of the believer with his Lord, alike in privilege and in life."

9. Even as the Father hath loved me, I also have loved you: abide ye in my love. 10. If ye keep my commandments, ye shall abide in my love; even as I have kept my Father's commandments, and abide in his love. 11. These things have I spoken unto you, that my joy may be in you, and that your joy may be fulfilled.

The main element of communion with the Father and the son is love. The abiding in Jesus is an abiding in his love. These things: The things that have been said in the first ten verses. My joy: The joy which our Lord had. The joy of the disciples would become full and complete if the joy of Jesus should continually dwell in their hearts."

12. This is my commandment, that ye love one another, even as I have loved you. 13. Greater love hath no man than this, that a man lay down his life for his friends. 14. Ye are my friends, if ye do the things which I command you.

Our Lord had loved his disciples with a self-sacrificing love; and because he had so loved them, he charged them to live in a self sacrificing love for one another. How great his love which showed itself even unto death for them! Such love they must imitate. "The evidence that the disciples are Jesus' friends is to be found in their doing the things which he commands. The evidence that he looks upon them as friends is found in the fact that he has treated them with all openness and friendliness, making known to them all things that he has heard from the Father. It is the friend, not the servant, who is dealt with in this way."

15. No longer do I call you servants; for the servant knoweth not what his lord doeth: but I have called you friends; for all things that I have heard from my Father I have made known unto you. 16. Ye did not choose me, but I chose you, and appointed you, that ye should go and bear fruit, and that your fruit should abide: that whatsoever ye shall ask of the Father in my name, he may give it you.

Our Lord had spoken of his disciples as "servants," but after the lesson of foot-washing, the relation changes; they are called "friends." In one sense they would always be servants; nor are the two relationships inconsistent with one another. "Rather may we say that the livelier our sense of the privilege of friendship the deeper will be our humility, and the more truly we feel Jesus to be our 'Lord and Master' the more shall we be prepared to enter into the fullness of the privilege bestowed by him." Christ chooses his disciples that they may go out into the world and bring forth much fruit, and that they may ask also the Father in his name what they need, for a life of Christian activity and Christian devotion.

Adapted.

Jack—That coat doesn't seem to fit you about the chest; it is very loose.

Tom—I had it made that way; it is a lover's coat.

Jack—A lover's coat?

Tom—Yes: I had it made loose so that I would have room to sigh in it.

Her First Attempt to Swim.

With chattering teeth, a blue nose, covered with gooseflesh, and not much of anything else, I stood in "position," which, when translated, means with arms extended forward in a straight line, hands with palms together, fingers close, thumbs down. Then begins the monotonous count, o-n-e, t-w-o, t-h-r-e-e, just as if you were receiving a lesson in music, writes a young woman to the Philadelphia Times. "One," separate the hands by opening from the underside; make a circle or half circle by bringing the arms out to a straight line at the side from the shoulder. "Two," draw the elbows to the side and hands to the chest. "Three," shoot them from the chest to position again.

Next I was told to be seated and to extend my legs forward, heels together, toes out. While the arms are sweeping the circle at "one," the legs remain in position. At "two," while the elbows and hands go to the sides and chest, the heels, sticking close together, are drawn up to the body. At "three" the arms shoot forward to position. The legs must be straightened out sideways with a vigorous kick and cut a circle back to position. The knees are kept straight and the force of the movement all comes from the hips. By the time I had finished this movement lesson there was not a muscle in my body that had not been used, and the strain equally distributed; so you at once see why swimming develops muscular forces, gives agility and suppleness to the limbs, opens the chest, increases lung capacity, equalizes the circulation, and creates and preserves beauty of form and grace of outline and rhythmic movements; but if you think it is easy, just try it.

I was assured that the movements would come more naturally in the water; so to the water we went, and the harness or belt attached to the pulley rope was adjusted around my body, just under the arms, and I confess to you privately, that if it had been a hangman's noose and the kindly instructor a duty-bound sheriff, I could not have been more terrified. I thought I never had seen so much dependence placed on so slender a rope, or such an untrustworthy life-saving contrivance. I realized fully that this uncertain thing, which would not be still long enough for me to catch my lost breath, was all that stood between me and that historical country from which no one but a theosophist returns. How can I describe my horrible sensations when first swung off into that dark water? It could have held no greater terror for me if it had been bottomless. For further encouragement I was permitted to hold to one end of a pole, the other end being held by my instructor. Gasping and spluttering, I held on for dear life, until the wise one, seeing there was nothing to be accomplished by encouraging my timidity, gently forced me to give up the pole, and I was left lying face downward upon the water. At this juncture I tried, between gasps, to inquire if any one had ever been drowned here, but I could not make myself understood, and it didn't matter, for I felt sure some one would soon be drowned now.

The next instruction was to take position; instead, I took a header, and my feet took to the skies. Of course it was only momentary, for the pulley brought me back to a level, and, after much and desperate struggling to combine the arm-and-leg movement as taught on the carpet, I was more or less successful (rather less than more,) and began to have a dim idea of the fascination there must be in swimming, when there was no fear of an untimely introduction to the hereafter.

I was not thinking of my curtailed costume now nor of bangs that were no more, nor of powder washed off. Individuality was gone. Water has such a wonderfully equalizing effect. If there is any one who still believes in that pretty axiom, "Beauty unadorned is adorned the most," I wish he or she would make a visit to a natatorium. No cause for jealousy here. We are all ugly alike. But enviously and more enviously I watched the rest jumping fearlessly off springing boards, sliding down shoots, swinging out over the dark depths from gymnasium rings, or diving to come up on the opposite side of the tank. Right well I now understood the moral courage and intellectual confidence developed by the practice that led to such proficiency, and that a new and keen pleasure in existence had come with the attainment, and my teeth closed upon the resolve to learn to swim or drown in the attempt.

Bits of Fun.

AN EPISODE.

We met on the bluff.
She was dashing and slim
In a white flannel frock and a yachting-hat trim,
And her eyes looking under its tip-tilted brim
Were pretty enough.

In a few weeks—a huff,
She believed I was rich.
I had thought her an heiress—the pert, little witch;
But we both were mistaken, and there was the hitch—
We had met on the bluff.

Attorney (to witness)—"You know this man?" Witness—"Yes, sir." Attorney—"What is his reputation for truth and veracity?" Witness—"Well he writes obituary verses."

"The hardened-looking wretch in this cell, I presume," said the fair caller, with a shudder, "is some low thief," "No, miss," answered the turnkey, "he's the desperate villain who killed his grandmother." "Why, he is the man I'm looking for! Poor, dear man!" exclaimed the impulsive young woman, "I've brought you some nice roast turkey and a basket of fruit."

NO BRAIN TROUBLE.

Anxious Parent—"Doctor, he doesn't do a thing except mope around, smoke cigarettes and chew gum. Is it his brain that's affected?" Doctor—"No, madam. The trouble is in his head."

Poverty-stricken suitor—"Be mine, Amanda, and I will treat you like an angel!" Amanda—"I should think so! Nothing to eat and still less to wear. No me!"

She: "Jack, that man is staring at me dreadfully." He: "Shall I go over and thrash him?" She: "No; but do tell me if I look all right."

Visitor: "Good morning, Lehman! How is your sore foot?" Lehman (whispering): "Coming out all right, thanks; but speak softly. It's asleep now."

"Well, Bub, what is it?" "Pop told me to stop and ask how high you charge er bag for turkey corn; he hern you ko p't; 'spose its sumthin' fine for turkeys."

Wibble—"Did you ever notice wherein a strike of conductors differs from other strikes?" Wabble—"No. How does it?" Wibble—"Well, when they go out they don't go out. See?"

"I'll trouble you for the time," said the footpad to the gentleman with a gold watch in a dark street. "It's just striking one," said the gentleman, hitting the highwayman between the eyes. "Don't hit me with your second hand," said the footpad skipping off.

All Sorts.

The man who lost his watch in a crowd complained that he was "pressed for time."

The motto: "There's plenty of room at the top" must have originated with a bald-headed man.

Proud father—I believe the baby knows as much as I do.
Mother—Yes, poor little fellow.

Telegraph operator—You'll have to pay this in advance.
Simpson—Why, I thought you always sent telegraph messages "on tick."

Gaswell—The farmers of Kansas are holding their wheat, I notice by the papers.
Dukane—Yes; they expect to get big profits in this wheat by-and-by.

Ethel—Is Clara so very much in love?
Maud—I should say she is. I saw her writing a letter to him the other day, and she put "Dear Jack" on the envelope.

Teacher—This is a very good composition Johnny, but you ought to know better than to begin your name with small letters.
Johnny Smith—I thought you told us that all common names was to begin that way.

"There, young man," remarked the bishop, as the steamer made her way out of the harbor, "there is the kind of buoy to be—a whistling buoy, who keeps up on cold water."
"I see," replied the young man; "but your whistling buoy is a bartender for all that."

"Your husband," said the caller, sympathizingly, "was a man of many excellent qualities."
"Yes," sighed the widow, "he was a good man. Everybody says so. I wasn't much acquainted with him myself. He belonged to six lodges."

Foreman—Old Jones joined the church last night.
Editor—Good! Make out a bill for seven years' subscription, with interest at eight per cent. I guess he'll pay up now.
Foreman—You're off there. When I left he was singing at the top of his voice: "Religion's paid it all—all the debt I owe!"

Daggett—This comb has a history. It is an heirloom in our family. My grandfather found it on the floor of the emperor Napoleon's barouche after Waterloo.
Cutting—Jove! How interesting! I suppose you would hate to part with it?
Daggett—Not at all. I am very prosaic about such things. I part with it every day.

Old Gotrox—Now, young man, what do you want to marry my daughter for? Because you truly love her, or because you think she'll get some money some day?
Young Wantrox—Oh, I assure you, sir. I do not care for money. That thought never once occurred to me.
Old Gotrox—I am very glad to hear you say so. The hundred thousand I intended giving her I can now settle on her sister.

Reported Verbatim.

TO THE MANNER BORN.

Arthur—Where did you say the humorist Bilkins was from?
Dick—Yuma, Arizona.
Arthur—Ah, yes. That has the reputation of being the driest place in the United States.

A TESTIMONIAL FOR MATRIMONY.

Jaylawn—How long has that Mrs. Dodson's husband been dead?
Ireson—About six months.
Jaylawn—She was extravagant in her devotion to him, wasn't she?
Ireson—Very. She is going to marry again next month as a delicate compliment to his memory.

A REQUIREMENT.

Nell—I don't like weddings "at the house." When you get married, Mr. Patton, see to it that the wedding is in church.
Mr. Patton—It could not possibly be otherwise with me.
Nell—Really?
Mr. Patton—Yes. When I discover that a girl has made up her mind to marry me, I shall be found clinging to the horns of the altar.

PRUDENT MATRONS.

First Boston Mamma—I was horrified to find my little Bessie reading that demoralizing story of Cinderella yesterday.
Second Boston Mamma—Shocking! I won't let it go into my nursery. A glass slipper is only one remove from a diaphanous skirt.

A WINNING PRINCIPLE.

Primus—Is Governor Blank a free trader?
Secundus—Yes, very free—when a municipal, a State, and a federal election take place at the same time.

A POPULAR PARLOR VOCALIST.

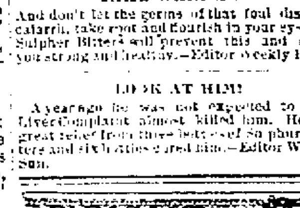
She—Ah, Miss Ashby is going to give us a solo, and she is the best parlor singer I know.
He—Yes. I'd rather hear her sing than anyone else. She sings so well—and then she never insists on interrupting the conversation.—[H. C. Ficklen.

TAKE WARNING

And don't let the germs of that foul disease, catarrh, take root and flourish in your system. Sulphur Bitters will prevent this and make you strong and healthy.—Editor Weekly Press.

LOOK AT HIM!

A year ago he was not expected to live. Liver Complaint almost killed him. He got great relief from three bottles of Sulphur Bitters and six bottles cured him.—Editor Weekly Sun.



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Pretty patterns at 2½c. roll, or 5c. double roll.
Handsome Gilt Papers, ... 5c. roll.
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YOUR FOOD DOES NOT NOURISH YOU OR PROPERLY DIGEST,
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YOU HAVE NEURALGIA AND RHEUMATIC PAINS,
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It gives Dr. Tutt pleasure to announce that he is now putting up a

TINY LIVER PILL

which is of exceedingly small size, yet retaining all the virtues of the larger ones. They are guaranteed purely vegetable. Both sizes of these pills are still issued. The exact size of TUTT'S TINY LIVER PILLS is shown in the border of this "ad."

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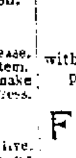

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Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

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ABOUT THE COUNTY

JAMESTOWN.

The Town Council held its regular monthly meeting Monday afternoon, with all the members present. The petition of Minnie S. Arnold, Joseph F. Plant, Samuel Irons and Almeda Armstrong, for remissions of taxes, were granted, the amounts remitted being $0.25, $1.65, $1 25 and 90 cents respectively. It was voted to accept Lincoln street as a public highway as soon as a satisfactory deed could be received from the several abutters. Mr. C. L. Champlin was appointed a committee to contract with Mr. Adolphus Clark for the painting of the Town Hall, and the town clerk was directed to have the ordinance relative to sewers posted up in proper places. The following were drawn as jurors for the November Term of the Court of Common Pleas: Grand—H. P. Brown; Petit—G. W. Watson and E. N. Hammond. The following bills were allowed and ordered paid:—

F. D. Wright	$ 20 25
C. L. Champlin	15 00
L. C. Hammond	25 00
C. E. B. Carr	22 60
Eben N. Tefft	4 00
Peleg P. Brown, jr.	150 00
Bliss R. Peckham	1 75
John W. Potter	15 00
E. N. Hammond	4 85
Alexander Champlin	16 10
Abbott Chandler	88 50
James Anderson	59 00
First Judicial Court	14 10
E. L. Freeman & Son	1 00
John Robinson	5 65
Thomas R. Clarke	50 00

In court of probate the inventory of the estate of the late Eugene Maloney was received and ordered recorded. Elijah Anthony, Nathaniel Littlefield, and Harry E. Nason were appointed appraisers on the estate of M. D. Fowler, under J. M. Douglass, guardian.

BLOCK ISLAND

Sixteen years ago last August President Grant visited the Island, at the invitation of Hon. Nicholas Ball, extended through Senators Anthony and Burnside.

THE NAMES BLOCK ISLAND HAS BORNE.—Its original name was "Manisses," signifying in the Indian tongue, "The Island of the Little God." Its first civilized name was Claudia, given it in 1524 by Verazzano, in honor of the mother of Francis I., King of France under whose flag he was sailing.

In the early part of the 17th century we find it represented on Dutch maps, as "Adrian's England." During the latter part of the century it got to be known as Block Island. In 1672, when the town received a charter, the cognomen of "New Shoreham" was given it, in memory of Shoreham in England, or as the people expressed it,—"As signs of our unity and likeness to many parts of our native country."

A barn on Block Island, belonging to Homer A. Sheffield, caught fire about 8:30 o'clock Saturday night. A pair of cattle, two cows, three calves and forty tons of hay were destroyed. The origin of the fire is unknown.

TIVERTON.

The assessors have completed their assessment of taxes, the following named persons are taxed for $10,000 and upwards, the rate of taxation being $7 on $1,000. Benjamin Barker, $18,000; Wm. Sidney Bateman, $10,000; Benjamin C. Borden, $22,050; Bourne Mills Machinery, $500,000; William J. Brightman & Co., $14,750; Daniel Church, $888,000; George L. Church, $17,200; Isaac L. Church, $16,000; Gideon H. Durfee and wife, $14,300; Job Durfee's heirs, $14,000; Charles A. Hambly, $14,950; John R. Hicks, $10,150; John Manchester's heirs, $10,400; John E. Manchester, guardian, $10,000; Old Colony Railroad Company, $16,000; Children of Charles Potter, $10,000; Nancy S. Reid, $110,000; Andrew Robeson estate, $16,000; Shove Mills Machinery, Mill No. 2, tenement and land, $165,000; John S. West, $38,130; Charles H. White, $11,450; Isaac G. White, $12,460; Thomas Whitridge estate, $20,000; Job Wordell, $11,153.

Mr. Ivan Panin, a Russian gentleman and member of the Evangelical Association of Boston, gave a very interesting lecture Sunday evening at the Congregational church; he is a very earnest Bible student, his subject, The inspiration of the Bible mathematically demonstrated gave proof of deep thought and much research.

E. R. Short, the embezzling station agent of the O. C. R. R. Co. at Tiverton, has settled the difficulties with the Company by paying the sum of $700. This is in addition to the $800 already paid over by his bondsmen.

LOST! SOMEWHERE ON THE ROAD OF LIFE, BY HARD WORK AND WEAR AND TEAR— A SOUND, HEALTHY, CONSTITUTION

NOTICE. OWNERS CAN PREVENT FURTHER LOSS BY USING — JAMES PYLE'S PEARLINE

Send it back Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you, "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, do the honest thing—*send it back*. 187 JAMES PYLE, New York.

TEA We are selling an EXTRA QUALITY Tea for 50c, a lb. TEA

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GRAPES, very nice.

BROOMS, 15, 20 and 25c. each. PAILS, 2 for 25c.

Coming Time for LANTERNS.

A Good One for 45c.

WING & THOMPSON, 172 & 176 B'way, Lake's Korner

A CARD.

Owing to the large number of letters that I receive every day from my Newport patients who are unaware of my removal to my Providence office, I am compelled to insert this formal notice, that the increasing volume of my Providence practice has compelled me to close my Newport office. I would be pleased to consult those that failed to improve the opportunity of visiting me, at my permanent office, 129 Friendship street, Providence, R. I. The same fair, liberal dealing that was the secret of the very extensive practice with which I was favored in Newport, will be assured to all sufferers who place their cases in my charge. Thanking my friends for past favors, I am very truly yours,

DR. C. J. LEWIS.

New Advertisements.

The State of Rhode Island, &c.

NEWPORT, SC. SUPREME COURT.

To Melville Bull, Stephen P. Congdon, William Bailey, Clarke Congdon, and Martha Congdon, wife of the said Clarke, David Coggeshall and Sarah Coggeshall, wife of the said David, and Charles E. Ward, Town Treasurer of the town of Middletown, all of the town of Middletown, in the county of Newport and State of Rhode Island; Thomas S. Peckham and Phebe Peckham, wife of the said Thomas S. Peckham, Anthony M. Kimber, and Edward Newton, Treasurer of the Island Savings Bank, a corporation created by law and located in the city of Newport, all of the city of Newport, in the County and State aforesaid; Thomas Barney and George Barney, of the city and County of Providence and State aforesaid; John Barney, of Johnston, in said County of Providence; Harold Metcalf and Mary A. Metcalf, wife of said Harold Metcalf, of North Kingstown, in the County of Washington in said State, and to all persons interested. Greeting:

WHEREAS, The Newport Water Works, a corporation in Newport, in said County of Newport, has filed in the office of the clerk of said Court, in said County, a plat and a certificate, under the provisions of Chapter 275 of the Public Laws of this State, entitled "An Act in relation to supplying towns with water," passed at the January Session, A. D. 1882, of the General Assembly of said State, for the taking of certain lands and property therein described to be used for the building, enlarging and maintaining the water supply of said city of Newport and for the erection of dams, waste ways, pumping stations, coal houses and reservoirs, to be used in connection with said supply, with the right to lay pipes and to construct conduits for the conducting of water from the said dam to be constructed on the south line of the parcel of land hereinafter described, and elsewhere in and along the water way as it now exists, from where the said dam is to be erected, southerly, through lands of Melville Bull to lands heretofore condemned for the use of the said Newport Water Works, thereby taking—

A parcel of land in Middletown, in said county of Newport, belonging to Melville Bull, of said Middletown, bounded, beginning at the South Easterly corner thereof at the Valley road, in a point in the Westerly line of said road, three hundred and thirteen (313) feet, S 8th Easterly from lands of Stephen P. Congdon and others, running Westerly, in the line of other lands of Melville Bull, eleven hundred and fifty-two (1152) feet, for an angle, thence North, twenty-five (25) feet, to lands of William Bailey, thence Easterly in the Southerly line of the lands of said Bailey, parallel with and twenty-five (25) feet distant from the last mentioned line, 214 feet for angle, and then Northerly in the East line of the lands of the said William Bailey three hundred and six and eight-tenths (306.8) feet, to lands of said Stephen P. Congdon and others, then Easterly in the Southerly line of the lands of the said Stephen P. Congdon and others, indicated on the plat herewith filed as "the Henry Batty Est." eight hundred and four and six-tenths (804.6) feet, to the said Valley Road, thence in the Westerly line of the said Valley Road, South Easterly three hundred and thirteen (313) feet, to the place of beginning, containing five and nine hundred and thirty-eight one thousandths (5 938-1,000) acres.

Also a parcel of land, adjoining the parcel last above described, situate in said Middletown, belonging to Stephen P. Congdon, Clarke Congdon, in which Martha Congdon, wife of said Clarke has an inchoate right of dower, all of said Middletown, Thomas S. Peckham, Phebe Peckham, his wife, of the City and County of Newport, in right of said Phebe, Thomas Barney and George Barney of the City and County of Providence in said State, John Barney of Johnston, in said County of Providence, Harold Metcalf and Mary A. Metcalf, his wife, of North Kingstown in the County of Washington in said State, in right of the said Mary A., bounded: beginning at the South Easterly corner, of the land to be described, adjoining the said Valley Road and the lot of land herein before described and sought to be taken hereunder and running Westerly in the Northerly line of said last above described land: eight hundred and four and six-tenths (804.6) feet to land of William Bailey, then an angle and Northerly in the Easterly line of said Bailey's land six hundred and sixty and six-tenths (660.6) feet to land of the Town of Middletown, thence Easterly in the line of lands of said Town of Middletown five hundred and two (502) feet, then an obtuse angle and S 8th Easterly four hundred and ninety (490) feet to the said Valley Road, thence South Easterly in the Westerly line of said Valley Road one hundred eighty-seven and four-tenths (187.4) feet to the point of beginning, containing nine and seven hundred and sixty thousandths (9 760-1,000) acres.

Also a parcel of land situate in said Middletown belonging to the same owners bounded beginning at the South East corner thereof in the West line of said Valley Road at the North Easterly corner of lands of said town of Middletown, then Westerly in the Northerly line of lands of the said Town of Middletown seven hundred and nine & five tenths (709.5) feet to lands of William Bailey, then North Westerly in different courses in the Eastern lines of lands of William Bailey, of David Coggeshall and Sarah Coggeshall, his wife, and of Anthony M. Kimber thirteen hundred fifty three & four tenths (1353.4) feet to lands of the Island Savings Bank, then an angle and easterly four hundred and twenty four (424) feet in the Southerly line of the land of said Island Savings Bank to a bound in said line; thence South Easterly by differing courses indicated on the Plat herewith filed by a line measuring on the first course two hundred & seventy five & two tenths (275.2) feet, on the second course two hundred & sixty one (261) feet, on the third, four hundred thirty three and eight-tenths (433.8) feet, on the fourth course which extends to said Valley Road, one hundred twenty seven and five tenths (127.5) feet, and on the last course to said Valley Road four hundred sixty-three and three tenths (463.3) feet to the place of beginning, containing nineteen and thirty five hundredths (19 35-100) acres both of which last described parcels of land are indicated on the plat referred to as "Henry Batty Est."

Also a parcel of land of said Middletown situate within said town, and located partly between the two parcels of land last above described, bounded East on the said Valley Road, South on the parcel of land secondly above described and partly on lands of William Bailey, Westerly on said Bailey's land, and Northerly on the lot of land last above described and partly on lands of said William Bailey, containing one and four hundred thirty five thousandths (1 435-1000) acres of land, and is indicated on the Platt herewith filed as "Town of Middletown"

Also a lot of land in said Middletown belonging to William Bailey of said Middletown, bounded Southerly on lands of Melville Bull two hundred fourty four (244) feet, Easterly on the lots of land hereinbefore described, Northerly four hundred and thirty two and five-tenths (432.5) feet on lands of David Coggeshall and wife, the Westerly line of said lot extends Southerly by six different courses to lands of Melville Bull and bounds said lot of land, Westerly on other land of the said Bailey which said parcel of land is delineated on the plat herewith filed within the lines and marked by the name "William Bailey," and contains nine and three hundred and eighty-one thousandths (9 381-1000) acres.

Also a lot or parcel of land adjoining the last described parcel of land on the North, belonging to David Coggeshall and his wife, Sarah Coggeshall, both of said Middletown, and held by them in the right of the said Sarah, and being in said Middletown bounded Easterly seven hundred seventy-five and six-tenths (775.6) feet on the third lot herein described, North on land of Anthony M. Kimber four hundred seven and two-tenths (407.2) feet, West five hundred twenty and seven-tenths (520.7) feet in two courses on other lands of said David and Sarah Coggeshall, and Southerly on the lot of land last above described four hundred thirty-two and five-tenths (432.5) feet, containing five and sixty-five thousandths (5 65-1000) acres and is indicated on the Plat herein referred to by the name of "David Coggeshall."

Also another lot of land adjoining the said last described parcel of land on the North, in said Middletown, belonging to Anthony M. Kimber, of Newport, aforesaid, bounded South four hundred seven and two-tenths (407.2) feet on the said last described parcel of land, East on the parcel of land thirdly described herein seven hundred fifty three and eight-tenths (753.8) feet, Northerly on the parcel of land next hereinafter described, three hundred eighty-six and eight-tenths (386.8) feet, and Westerly in four different courses on other lands of the said Anthony M. Kimber, which parcel of land is indicated on said Plat by the name "A. M. Kimber" and contains six and six hundred eighty-three thousandths (6 683-1000) acres.

Also another parcel of land in said Middletown, belonging to the Island Savings Bank, a corporation created by law and established in the City of Newport aforesaid, containing ten and thirty-three thousandths (10 33-1000) acres, and is a part of what is known as "The Thomas Huffum Farm," which tract embraces parcels thereof on each side of the stream of water passing through the same and as indicated as being within the lines on the Plat herein referred to and by the courses and distances marked on said Plat by said lines, it being the parcel of land on said Plat within said lines and the line separating the same from the last described tract of land and from the tract thirdly herein described and has upon it on said Plat the name "The Island Savings Bank."

The entire parcels of land to be condemned are the parcels comprised in the description indicated within the lines on the East and West sides on said Plat and extending North to a point in the land of said Island Savings Bank, all of which said lands and rights are particularly described in said Plat and said Certificate.

Now, therefore, you are hereby severally notified that you may, if you see fit, appear before our said Supreme Court at a Term thereof to be holden at Newport within and for the County of Newport, on Monday, the 30th day of November, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, then and there to be heard as to the necessity for the taking of said property, and any part thereof, and also as to the appointment of Commissioners to appraise the damages due to you and each of you by reason of the taking of any of your property as aforesaid.

Witness my hand and the seal of said Supreme Court at Newport, this twenty-ninth day of October, A. D. 1891. (L. S.)

CHARLES E. HARVEY, Clerk.

10-31-4w

Newport County Creamery Meeting

THERE will be an important meeting of the stockholders of the Newport County Creamery Company, Tuesday afternoon, Nov. 3, at 1 o'clock, at the Creamery in Portsmouth.

PHIL. STEVENS, Manager.

10-31

Land At Auction.

Will be sold at public auction on the premises

THURSDAY, Nov. 5, 1891.

at 12 o'clock noon.

If fair, if not the next fair day, the lot of land on Holland street belonging to the city of Newport and known as the Fountain or Bell Tower lot, containing about 2411 square feet. Conditions at time and place of sale.

F. W. GREENE, Auctioneer.

10-31.

BE SURE and SEE THE

NEWPORT Horticultural Society GRAND Chrysanthemum SHOW

which will be held at

MASONIC HALL

—ON—

TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 11 and 12.

SPECIAL PRIZES OFFERED. ALL THE PRIZES TO BE COMPETED FOR. GRANDEST DISPLAY of CHRYSANTHEMUMS ever seen in Rhode Island.

COME ONE! COME ALL!

Tickets Morning & Afternoons 15c. Evenings, 25c. Children under 12, at all times 10c.

Opens at 12 o'clock noon Tuesday, closes 10 P. M. Thursday, Wednesday and Thursday morning, doors open at 8 A. M.

10-31

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

BY VIRTUE of a power of sale to me granted by the Court of Probate of the Town of Middletown, in the state of Rhode Island, etc., by decree bearing date October 19, A. D. 1891, and duly entered in the Records of said Court, the undersigned as Administrator on the estate of William Henry Smith, late of said Middletown, deceased, will sell at public auction on the premises hereinafter described, on TUESDAY, the first day of December next, A. D. 1891, at 11 o'clock A. M., all the right, title and interest whatever, which the said William Henry Smith had at the time of his death, in and to a certain farm or tract of land, situated in said Middletown, has a dwelling house and other buildings and improvements thereon, contains by measurement nine 8960-1000 acres, be the same more or less, and is bounded thus, to wit: Northerly by land of James T. Peckham, easterly by land of Orrin P. Barker, southerly by Wapping Road, and westerly by a private way or court, or however bounded. Conditions made known at the time and place of sale.

WILLIAM SMITH, Administrator.

October 31, 1891

At the Court of Probate of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, holden on Monday, the 26th day of October, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M.

MARY MAHER, Administratrix on the estate of

JOHN MAHER,

late of Newport, deceased, presents her first and final account of administration on said estate, and prays that the same may be examined, allowed and recorded.

It is ordered that the consideration of said account be referred to Monday, the 16th day of November, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the *Newport Mercury*, once a week at least, for fourteen days.

EDWIN S. BURDICK, Probate Clerk

10-31

At the Court of Probate of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, holden on Monday, October 26th, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M.

MARY MAHER, Guardian of the persons and estates of

Mary A., Margaret L., Katy E. and Lillie A. Maher,

of Newport, minors, presents her first and final accounts with the estates of said minors, containing proceeds of sale and mortgage of real estate, and prays that the same may be examined, allowed and recorded.

It is ordered that the consideration of said accounts be referred to Monday, the 16th day of November, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by advertisement in the *Newport Mercury* once a week, at least, for fourteen days.

EDWIN S. BURDICK, Probate Clerk.

10-31

Evening Schools

The Elementary Evening Schools

WILL OPEN AT THE

CLARKE ST. SCHOOLHOUSE,

MONDAY, OCT. 26.

and will continue

MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, from 7.30 to 9.30 o'clock,

for a term of ten weeks.

Application for admission may be made at the Superintendent's office that day and at the school thereafter. The evening schools are designed for persons over fifteen years of age who cannot attend the day schools, and no others will be admitted. A deposit of fifty cents from men and twenty-five cents from women will be required in advance, but it will be refunded at the close of the term to each pupil whose attendance amounts to twenty-five of the thirty evenings. 10-24

Society Badge Pins and Charms, for sale by D. L. CUMMINGS.

New Advertisements.

AUCTION.

Will be sold at public auction on

TUESDAY, November 10, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M.,

If fair, if not, the next fair day, at the

O. K. Poultry Farm, the residence of Wm. M. Hughes, in Portsmouth.

about 24 tons of first class hay, lot of corn and corn fodder, about 20 bushels of fine rye, 4 light horses, 1 cow and pigs, 1 honey box hen-yard but little, in perfect order; 1 milk pung, in good condition; about 150 head fowl and chickens 1 hand cart, clover cutter, 1 covered wagon, 1 Eureka hot water brooder, in perfect order, top and bottom heat, made to order, cost $35, never been used.

J. A. BIBSON, Auctioneer.

10-31-2w

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

BY VIRTUE of the authority contained in the last will and testament of Sarah D. Spooner, late of the City of Newport, Rhode Island, deceased, the undersigned as Administrator with the will annexed on the estate of said deceased, will sell at public auction on SATURDAY, November 14th 1891, at 12 o'clock noon, on the premises hereinafter described, all the right, title and interest which the said Sarah D. Spooner at the time of her death had in and to that parcel of land with all the buildings and improvements thereon, situate in said Newport and bounded westerly on Third street, southerly on Elm street, easterly on land now or late of David S. Mayberry, and northerly on land late of the late Anthony Manuel.

HENRY D. SPOONEY, Administrator with will annexed.

10-31-3w

Sheriff's Sale

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

NEWPORT, SC. SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Newport, August 31, A. D. 1891.

BY VIRTUE and in pursuance of an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court of the City of Newport, within and for the County of Newport, on the 7th day of July, A. D. 1891, and returnable to the September term of said Court, A. D. 1891, upon a judgment rendered by said Court on the 21 day of April, A. D. 1891, in favor of Nathaniel G. Stanton and Abiram F. Squire, both of the City and County of Newport, State aforesaid, plaintiffs, and against Henry J. Smith, of the aforesaid City, County and State, defendant, I have this day at 30 minutes past 9 o'clock A. M., levied the said Execution on all the right, title and interest which the said defendant, Henry J. Smith, had on the 3d day of August, A. D. 1891, at 30 minutes past 9 o'clock A. M., (the time of the levy), in and to a certain lot, or parcel of land, with all the buildings and improvements thereupon, and the appurtenances thereof, situated in said City of Newport, in said County of Newport, in the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, and bounded Southerly by Bellevue Court, Westerly by land of George F. Tyler, Northerly partly by land of Clara F. Lewis and partly by land of the heirs of Alfred Smith, deceased, Easterly by land of the Emmanuel Church. (The above described parcel of land being the same which was conveyed to Eliza G. Smith by Horace Fassett, by deed dated March 25th, 1864, and recorded in Volume 37 of the Land Evidence of said Newport, on pages 43 and 438. And

Notice is hereby given that I will sell the said levied on estate at a Public Auction to be held in front of the State House in said City of Newport in said county on the 3d day of November, A. D. 1891, at 12 o'clock noon, for the satisfaction of said execution, debt, interest on the same, costs of suit, my own fees and all contingent expenses, if sufficient.

WM. LOVIE TILLEY, Deputy Sheriff.

10-10

Sheriff's Sale

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

NEWPORT, SC. SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Newport, July 18, A. D. 1891.

BY VIRTUE, and in pursuance of an Execution issued out of the District Court of the First Judicial District, within and for the County of Newport, on the 24 day of June, A. D. 1891, and returnable to the said Court, September 26, A. D. 1891, upon a judgment rendered by said Court on the 24 day of June, A. D. 1891, in favor of Hamilton A. Mott, of New Shoreham, County of Newport, State of Rhode Island, &c., plaintiff, and against Abram Millikin of said town of New Shoreham, County and state aforesaid, defendant, I have this day at 30 minutes past 6 o'clock P. M., levied the said Execution on all the right, title and interest, which the said defendant, Abram Millikin, had on the fourth day of May, A. D. 1891, at 30 minutes past 12 o'clock P. M., (the time of the attachment on the original writ) in and to a certain lot, or parcel of land, with all the buildings, and improvements thereupon, situated in said town of New Shoreham, in said County of Newport, in the state of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, and bounded and described as follows: Northerly on land of Marden & Ball; Easterly on highway; Southerly on Noah Dodge's water privilege; Westerly on Continental pond, or however otherwise the same may be bounded and described, and,

Notice is hereby given that I will sell the said attached and levied on estate at a Public Auction to be held in front of the Postoffice in said town of New Shoreham in said county on the 20th day of October A. D. 1891, at 4 o'clock P. M., for the satisfaction of said execution, debt, interest on the same, costs of suit, my own fees and all contingent expenses, if sufficient.

WM. LOVIE TILLEY, Deputy Sheriff.

9-26-4w.

NEWPORT, SC. NEW SHOREHAM, October 17, A. D. 1891.

The above advertised sale is hereby adjourned to TUESDAY, the 3d day of November, A. D. 1891, at the same hour and place of sale above named.

WM. LOVIE TILLEY, Deputy Sheriff.

10-17

NEWPORT, SC. NEW SHOREHAM, October 31, A. D. 1891.

The above advertised sale is hereby adjourned to TUESDAY, the 22d day of December, A. D. 1891, at the same hour and place of sale above named.

WM. LOVIE TILLEY, Deputy Sheriff.

10-31

Sheriff's Sale.

REMOVED WITHOUT

PAIN OR USE OF KNIFE.

1-4

Sheriff's Sale.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

NEWPORT, SC. DEPUTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE, New Shoreham, July 18, A. D. 1891.

BY VIRTUE, and in pursuance of an Execution issued out of the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District, within and for the County of Providence on the 6th day of June A. D. 1891, and returnable to the said Court, Sept. 6, A. D. 1891, upon a judgment rendered by said Court on the 14th day of May, A. D. 1891, in favor of Charles F. Perry, of the city of Brooklyn, Kings County and State of New York plaintiff, and against Abram Millikin of the town of New Shoreham county of Newport and state of Rhode Island defendant, I have this day at 30 minutes past 6 o'clock P. M., levied the said Execution on all the right, title and interest, which the said defendant Abram Millikin had on the 4th day of May, A. D., 1891, at 30 minutes past 12 o'clock P. M., (the time of the attachment on the original writ,) in and to a certain lot, or parcel of land, with all the buildings, and improvements thereupon, situated in said Town of New Shoreham, in said County of Newport, in the state of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, and bounded and described as follows: Northerly on land of Grantor or of Marden & Ball; Easterly on Highway; Southerly on Noah Dodge's water privilege; Westerly on Continental pond, or however otherwise the same may be bounded and described and

Notice is hereby given that I will sell the said attached and levied on estate at a Public Auction to be held in front of the Postoffice in said Town of New Shoreham, in said county on the 20th day of October A. D. 1891, at 5 o'clock P. M., for the satisfaction of said execution, debt, interest on the same, costs of suit, my own fees and all contingent expenses, if sufficient

HAMILTON A. MOTT, Deputy Sheriff.

9-26-4w.

NEWPORT, SC. NEW SHOREHAM, October 17, A. D. 1891.

The above advertised sale is hereby adjourned to TUESDAY, the 3d day of November, A. D. 1891, at the same hour and place of sale above named.

HAMILTON A. MOTT, Deputy Sheriff.

10-17

NEWPORT, SC. NEW SHOREHAM, October 31, A. D. 1891.

The above advertised sale is hereby adjourned to TUESDAY, the 22d day of December, A. D. 1891, at the same hour and place of sale above named.

HAMILTON A. MOTT, Deputy Sheriff.

10-31

Miscellaneous.

Auction Sale of Cows, etc.

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, November 4, 1891, at 12 o'clock noon,

will be sold six cows, one horse, one stack hay, twenty five stacks corn fodder, etc., etc., at the

Farm of Mr. Wm. H. Underwood, opposite the Paulin corner in Middletown, R. I.

If stormy, next fair day.

JAMES ANTHONY,

F. W. GREENE, Auctioneer. 10-31

Miscellaneous.

—BY—

THOS. BURLINGHAM,

Aquidneck Hall, 83 Mill Street

AUCTIONEER.

Storage for furniture, pianos, oil paintings, etc., household furniture. Packing stocks and jobbers of merchandise bought for cash. Sale every Thursday at 10 A. M. 11-13-1y

Dr. Wm. B. Solomon

Specialist in Chronic Diseases.

Dr. Solomon has removed his office to

BARLOW BUILDING,

145 THAMES STREET,

Where he will be every

MONDAY AND TUESDAY

of each week throughout the year, the rest of the time in

FALL RIVER.

OFFICE HOURS: 9 a. m. to 12 m., 2 to 6 and 7 to 9 p. m.

CONSULTATION FREE.

Do not class this with ordinary medical advertisements. Three physicians have been long before the public as experts in their profession, the father having practiced fifty years, the son twenty, and have a reputation in the New England states second to none. All cases treated on a strictly scientific basis.

He treats successfully chronic and long-standing diseases, such as Diseases of the Head, Throat and Lungs, Liver, Kidney and Heart Complaint, Inveterate Diseases of the Stomach (that have defied all other methods), those fearful diseases of the Nervous System (arising from whatever cause), Scrofula, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, Fever Sores, Contracted Cords, Enlarged and Diseased Bone Deformities, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scald Head, Ill-conditioned Ulcers, Syphilis, Nasal Polypus, Asthma, Hay Fever, Rose Cold, Winter Coughs, Chronic Diarrhœa and Diabetes. All may be cured by this wonderful system if not too far advanced. Some diseases cured when all other methods have failed.

LADIES who are suffering with complaints peculiar to their sex can consult the doctor with every assurance of speedy relief and permanent cure, without being subjected to the embarrassing proceedings of an examination, which in most cases is unnecessary.

CANCERS AND TUMORS

At the Court of Probate of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, holden on Monday, the 19th, day of October, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M.

ON THE PETITION in writing of Harriet T. Langley, Guardian of the person and estate of

SARAH EDITH LANGLEY,

of said Newport, minor, presented this day, praying for leave to sell at private sale the interest of her said ward in certain real estate situated in said Newport and particularly described in said petition, for a better and more advantageous investment.

It is ordered that the consideration of said petition be referred to Monday, the 9th day of November, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the *Newport Mercury*, once a week at least, for fourteen days.

EDWIN S. BURDICK, Probate Clerk.

10-24

Office of the Probate Clerk of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, October 21st, A. D. 1891.

WILLIAM G. KERR, having this day filed in this office his petition in writing to the Court of Probate of said Newport, praying that a certain instrument in writing presented with said petition, purporting to be the last will and testament of

ANNE CASWELL,

late of said Newport, deceased, may be proved, approved, allowed and recorded, and that letters testamentary on the estate of said deceased may be granted to him, the Executor named therein, and said petitioner having applied to me to give notice thereof by advertising in the *Newport Mercury*:

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested, that said petition will be considered at the Court of Probate to be holden on Monday, the 9th day of November, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall in said Newport.

EDWIN S. BURDICK, Probate Clerk.

10-24

Office of the Probate Clerk of the City of Newport in Rhode Island, October 13th, A. D. 1891.

CORNELIA S. DAVIS, Executrix of the last will and testament of

PHEBE BATEMAN,

late of Newport, deceased, having this day filed in this office her first account with the estate of said deceased, and praying that the same may be examined, allowed and recorded, and said petitioner having applied to me to give notice thereof by advertising in the *Newport Mercury*:

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested that said account will be considered at the Court of Probate to be holden on Monday, the 30 day of November, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall in said Newport.

EDWIN S. BURDICK, Probate Clerk.

10-17

Office of the Probate Clerk of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, October 14, A. D. 1891.

MARY A. FITZMAURICE and others, having this day filed in this office their petition in writing to the Court of Probate of said Newport, praying that letters of administration on the estate of their mother,

MARY SHEA,

late of said Newport, deceased, intestate, may be granted to Charles Acton Ives, or some other suitable person, and said petitioners having applied to me to give notice thereof by advertising in the *Newport Mercury*:

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested, that said petition will be considered at the Court of Probate to be holden on Monday, the 5th day of November, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office, in the City Hall in said Newport.

EDWIN S. BURDICK, Probate Clerk.

10-17

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed Executor of the last will and testament of the late THOMAS BRIGHTMAN, deceased, and having given bonds as the law directs, requests all persons having bills against the estate of the same to present them for payment, and all persons indebted to the same to make payment to

CHARLES BRIGHTMAN, Executor.

Little Compton, R. I., Oct. 14, 1891.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

DARWIN W. ESMOND, of Newburgh, New York, hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Court of Probate, of Newport, R. I., Administrator on the estate in Rhode Island of MARY A. WHITE, late of Cornwall, New York, deceased, and that he is qualified to act as such Administrator.

Newport, Oct. 24, 1891.

GUARDIAN'S NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been duly appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of the city of Newport, guardian of the person and estate of HARRIET W. JAMES, minor, of Newport, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estate to present them within six months from the date hereof, and those indebted to make payment to him.

WILLIAM P. CARR, Guardian.

Newport, October 24, 1891.

AMUSING, SCIENTIFIC and INSTRUCTIVE.

"OUIJA" The Wonderful Talking Board.

The Ouija furnishes juvenile amusement and recreation for all classes, answering as it does questions concerning the past, present and future with marvelous accuracy. At

MYSTERIOUS and ENTERTAINING.

A. C. LANGELL'S BLOCK.

187 THAMES STREET, COVELL'S BLOCK.

HEADQUARTERS FOR PARLOR GAMES.